Results of COVID-19 Vaccine Effectiveness Studies: An Ongoing Systematic Review

Duration of Protection Weekly Summary Table

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Duration of Protection Studies

These are studies that assess duration of protection criteria as outlined above along with those studies that do not meet aforementioned criteria that are relevant to evaluating duration of protection. Some of these studies are also in the above table but duplicated here for ease. As of April 28, 2022, those studies that provide VE estimates at least 4 months after the primary series or at least 2 months after the booster series are included below.

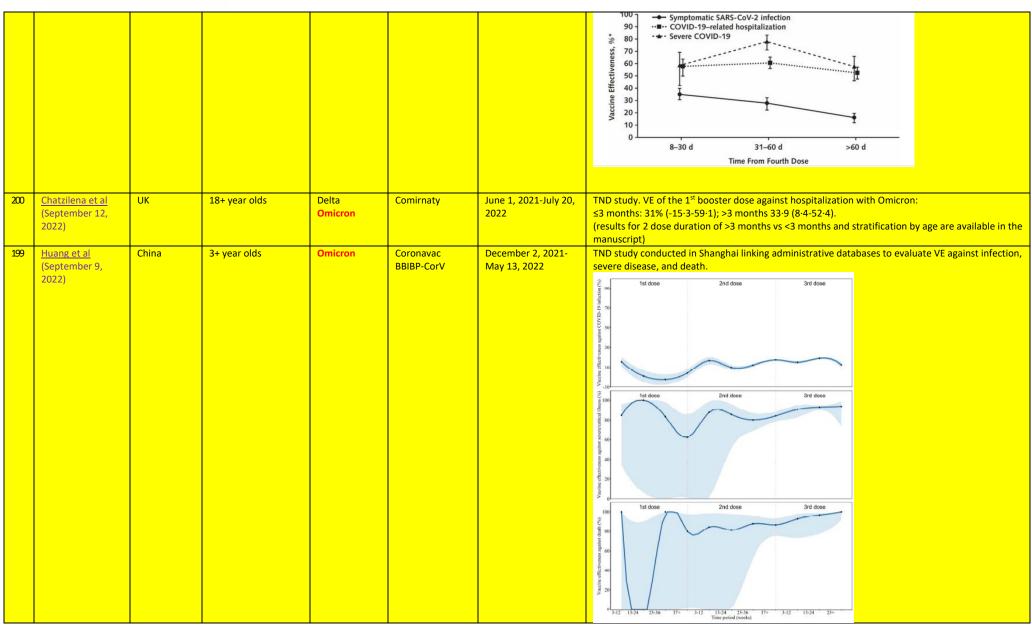
We would like to highlight:

- Countries have implemented different dose intervals and vaccination strategies that can make comparisons across studies challenging.
- Persons who are vaccinated early in a program are different than those who are vaccinated later. For example, many who were vaccinated early were those at highest risk, and this could confound the results. Some of the older individuals also might have some degree of immunosenescence.

#	Reference (date)	Country	Population	Dominant Variants	Vaccine product	Study Period	Descriptive Findings				
202	Collie et al (September 14,	South Africa	18+ year olds	Omicron (BA4/5 vs	Comirnaty	November 15, 2021- June 24, 2022	TND study among private	ely insured patients	conducted by link	ing adminsitrative	databases.
	2022)			BA1/2)			Table 1. BNT162b2 Vaccine Ef Omicron Sublineage.*	fectiveness against Hos	spitalization for Covid-1	9 in South Africa, Accor	ding to the Dominant
							Time since Most Recent Vaccine Dose	VE of	Dose 2	VE of	Dose 3
							·	BA.1–BA.2 Omicron Wave	BA.4-BA.5 Omicron Wave	BA.1-BA.2 Omicron Wave	BA.4–BA.5 Omicron Wave
									percent	(95% CI)	
							0–13 days	66.7 (38.3–82.0)	_	_	_
							14–27 days	80.3 (62.8–89.5)	_	81.6 (68.1–89.4)	_
							1–2 mo	61.3 (54.7–66.9)	_	66.4 (53.7–75.6)	68.8 (59.5–76.0)
							3–4 mo	56.3 (51.6–60.5)	47.4 (19.9–65.5)	50.0 (4.4–73.9)	46.8 (35.3–56.2)
							5–6 mo	45.6 (39.3–51.3)	26.3 (7.1–41.6)	_	<u> </u>
							7–8 mo	38.4 (16.9–54.4)	23.6 (11.1–34.3)	_	_
							≥9 mo	_	19.3 (6.3–30.5)	_	_
201	Tan et al (September 13, 2022)	Singapore	80+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	April 6-July 21, 2022	Cohort study evaluating r	elative VE of the 4	th dose compared t	o a 3 rd dose >5 mo	nths ago.











198	Barraza et al (August 5, 2022)	Chile	18+ year olds	Gamma, Lambda Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty Coronavac AZD1222 Cansino Ad26.COV2.S Sputnik V	January 1, 2021-July 20, 2022	SARI TND study. Figura 7: Evaluación de la efectividad según tiempo transcurrido entre última inmunización y fecha de inicio de síntomas por días. Personas con esquema completo sin dosís de refuerzo. Evaluación de la efectividad de las vacunas contra COVID-19, Chile, SE 1 2021 a SE 28 2022 100 90 80 27,3 30 30 60 90 120 150 180 210 240 270 300 330 30 60 90 120 150 180 210 240 270 300 330 30 30 420 450 480 510 540 DÍAS DESDE ÚLTIMA VACUNACIÓN HASTA FIS Figura 8: Evaluación de la efectividad según tiempo transcurrido entre última inmunización y fecha de inicio de síntomas por días. Personas con esquema completo con una dosis de refuerzo. Evaluación de la efectividad de las vacunas contra COVID-19, Chile, SE 1 2021 a SE 28 2022
197	Chico-Sánchez et al (September 3, 2022)	Spain	HCWs	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	January 1-May 29, 2021	TND study conducted by linking administrative databases to evaluate VE against infection.

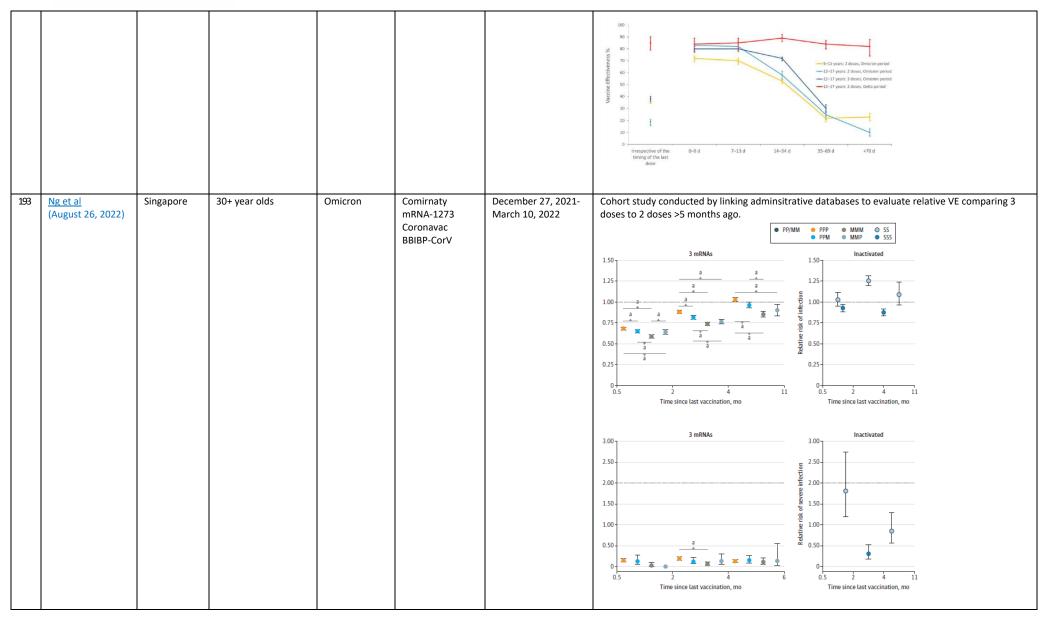




								Pfizer Complete 12–120 days VEa* (95% CI)	Pfizer Complete > 120 days VEa ^a (95% CI)	Moderna Complete 12–120 days VEaª (95% CI)	Moderna Complete > 120 days VEa² (95% CI)
							Total	, ,	, ,	95.2% (88.3%–98.1%)	, ,
196	UKHSA (September 1, 2022)	England	75+ year olds and those at risk	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD1222	March 2022-?July 2022	TND study to evaluate re Table 2. Vaccine effe those 25 to 39 weeks	ctiveness against h	ospitalisation fo	r fourth doses, e	
							Dose	Interval (weeks)	Vaccine effe	ctiveness (95% (CI)
							3	25 to 39 weeks		Baseli	ne
								40+ weeks		16.8 (-90.8 to 63	8)
							4	0 to 6 days		47.9 (38.7 to 55	7)
								7 to 13 days		47.2 (37.6 to 55	3)
								2 to 4 weeks		58.6 (53.3 to 63	2)
								5 to 9 weeks		50 (44.3 to 55.	1)
								10 to 14 weeks		35.8 (27.1 to 43.	4)
								15 + weeks		19.2 (0.1 to 34.	7)
195	Kirsebom et al (September 1, 2022)	England	18+ year olds	Omicron BA.2, BA.4, BA.5	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD1222	April 18-July 17, 2022	TND study evaluating relations in the incremental and the incremen	vaccine effectiveness agains:	thospitalisation for BA.		5-24 wks 25+ wks
194	Cocchio et al (August 20, 2022)	Italy	5-17 year olds	Delta Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	August 1-October 25, 2021 February 1-April 27, 2022	Cohort study evaluating	VE against infection b	y linking database	S.	







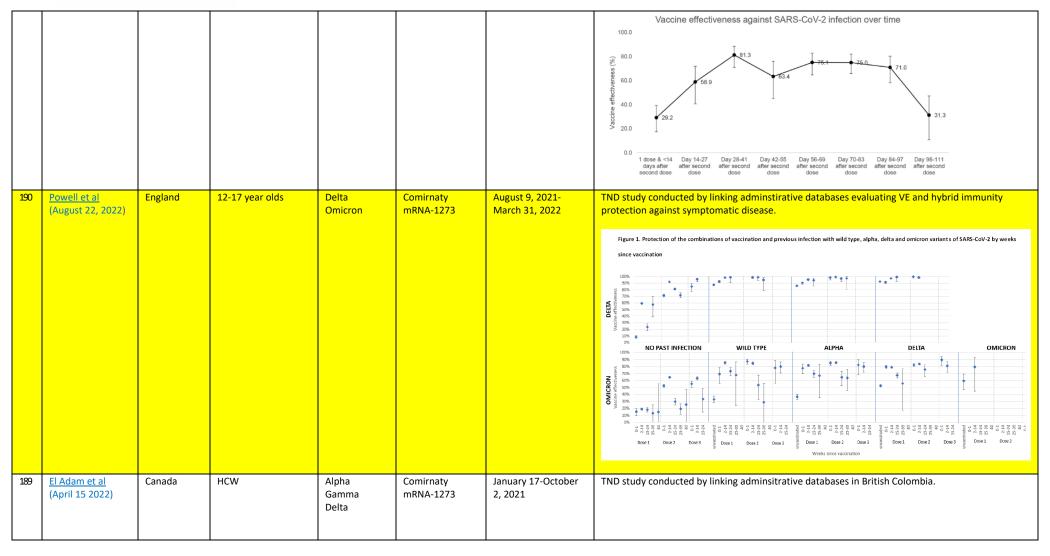




192	Lind et al (August 26, 2022)	USA	16+ year olds	Alpha vs Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	April 1-August 24, 2021	TND study with whole ger							
	(* 108001 = 0) = 0 = 0						A. Vaccine Effectiveness Ag	ainst S	ARS-	CoV-2 Ir	rfection			
							SARS-CoV-2 vaccination status	Variant	Ceses	Controls		Vaccine Effectiveness (95% CI)	Alpha Pralue*	Delta Pvalue*
							Unvaccinated	Alpha	340	171109				
							Unwaccinated	Detta	873	171149				
							Unvectoraled	Other	223	171149				
							Primary Scries: *14 days after final dose	Alpha	41 59	47505		69.15% (57.13, 77.79%)	0.137	
							Primary Series: <14 days after final dose. Primary Series: <14 days after final dose.			47505 47505		57,40% (44,42, 67,34%) 62,62% (44,54, 75,08%)	0.137	0.56
							Primary Series: 14-85 days after final dose			65298	100	84.40% (75.55, 50.04%)		
							Primary Series: 14-59 days after final dose			63296	-8-	68.94% (57.96, 77.05%)	0.013	4
							Primary Series: 14-86 days after final dose		14	63299	H-	83.81% (70.96, 90.40%)	0.853	0.066
							Primary Series: 90-149 days after final close		. 1	44475	10-1		Sto	
							Primary Series: 90-149 stays after final class			44475		49.15% (40.41, 58.61%)	0.008	00.000 m
							Primary Series: 90-149 days after final dass		10	44475		73,57% (48,75, 86,37%)	0.057	0.061
							Primary Series: 2150 days after final dose Primary Series: 2150 days after final dose		5	17302 17302		37.16% (29.97, 48.06%) 56.72% (-9.66, 82.92%)		0.443
							Frimary Series, 2 (50 days strar shall 056)	OFFIC	9		1 1 1 1 1 1 20 40 60 80 1			0.779
							B. Verrier Effectiveness Am	- la -t 6				no to a construction of the		
							B. Vaccine Effectiveness Age SARS-CoV-2 vaccination status			Controls	3AN3-C0V-2	Vaccine Effectiveness (96% Ct)	Alaba Pealua*	Date Dost of
												Contract Contract Contract (ACL St. Ct.)	white a regree	TYPE CYCLE
		1					Univaccinated Univaccinated	Apha	188 515	40730				
							Univaccinated	Other	124	40730				
		1					Primary Series: <14 days after final dose	Alpha	24	12069	- 0	87.06% (49.22, 79.49%)		
							Primary Series: <14 days after final dose	Delta		12059	-	88.30% (52.07, 78.31%)	0.902	
							Primary Series: <14 days attentinal dose		14	12069	-	67.81% (43.61, 61,62%)	0.940	0.863
							Primary Series: 14-86 days after final dose		12	2060B	9 🖷	96.61% (75.45, 92.70%)		
							Primary Series: 14-58 days after final dose			2050B	1 =1	74.79% (62.94, 82.85%)	0.086	*
							Primary Series: 14-89 days after final dose		10	2080B		83.69% (68.29, 91.61%)	0.888	0.269
							Primary Series: 90-146 days after final close Primary Series: 90-146 days after final close		1	14552 14582		93.75% (55.02, 59.15%) 56.83% (46.42, 66.22%)	0.058	
							Primary Series: 90-149 days after final close			14 08 2		74.14% (38.65, 89.11%)	0.199	0.268
							Primary Series: e150 days after final dose			5484		45 44% (32.87, 50.40%)	0.100	0.000
							Primary Series: 2/150 days: after final dose			5484		85 83% (-46 90, 92 05%)	4	0.588
							1000 PER BOOK SECON CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER				1 20 40 60 80 1	The second transfer of the second sec		
							C. Vaccine Effectiveness Ag	ainst C	OVID	-19 Ass	ociated Hose	oitalization		
							SARS-CoV-2 vaccination status			Controls		Vaccine Effectiveness (90% CI)	Alpha Poliue	Delta Pvalue*
							Unvaccinated	Alpha	67	14843				
		1					Unwacinated	Delta	133	14 54 3				
		1					Unvaccinated	Other	32	14643				
		1					Primary Series: <14 days after final dose		7	3567	-	70.07% (34.05, 86.41%)		
		1					Primary Series: <14 days after final dose			3557	-	83.64% (58.80, 93.34%)	0.325	
		İ					Primary Series: <14 days after final dose	Other	4	3557	-	60.37% (-13.96, 85.22%)	0.677	0.213
1		İ					Primary Series: 14-56 days after final dose			6638		85.52% (66.54, 93.91%)		
		İ					Primary Series: 14-89 days after final dose			6638		85.39% (60.24, 94.63%)	0.989	
		İ					Primary Series: 14-59 days after final dose			9838 4968		88.96% (52.89, 97.41%)	0.754	0.756
		1					Primary Series: 90-149 days after final close. Primary Series: 90-149 days after final close.					82.21% (-34.50, 97.68%) 77.88% (63.20, 86.83%)	0.842	
		1					Primary Series: 90-149 days after final close Primary Series: 90-149 days after final close			4966 4968			0.807	0.506
		İ					Primary Series: a150 days after final dose			1772		66.15% (42.53, 80.06%)	0.007	
											0 20 40 60 80 1	1		
191	<u>Lim et al</u>	Malaysia	18+ year olds	Alpha	Comirnaty	March 1-October 31,	TND study conducted by I	inking	adm	instrat	ive databas	es evaluating VE ag	ainst infe	ction, ICU
	(August 24, 2022)			Delta		2021	admission and death.							

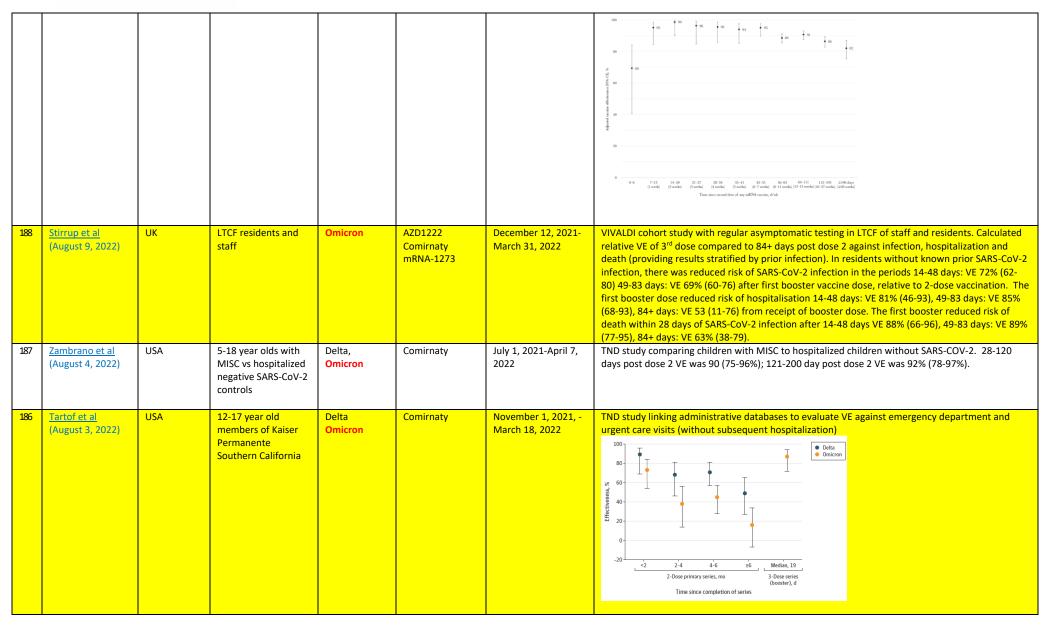






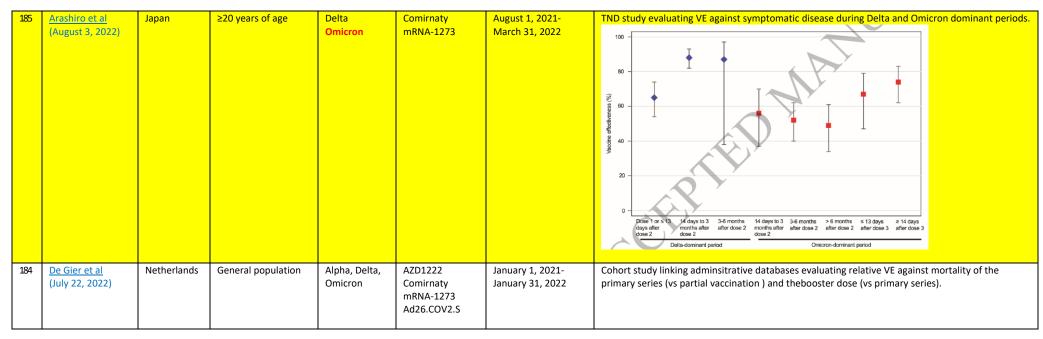






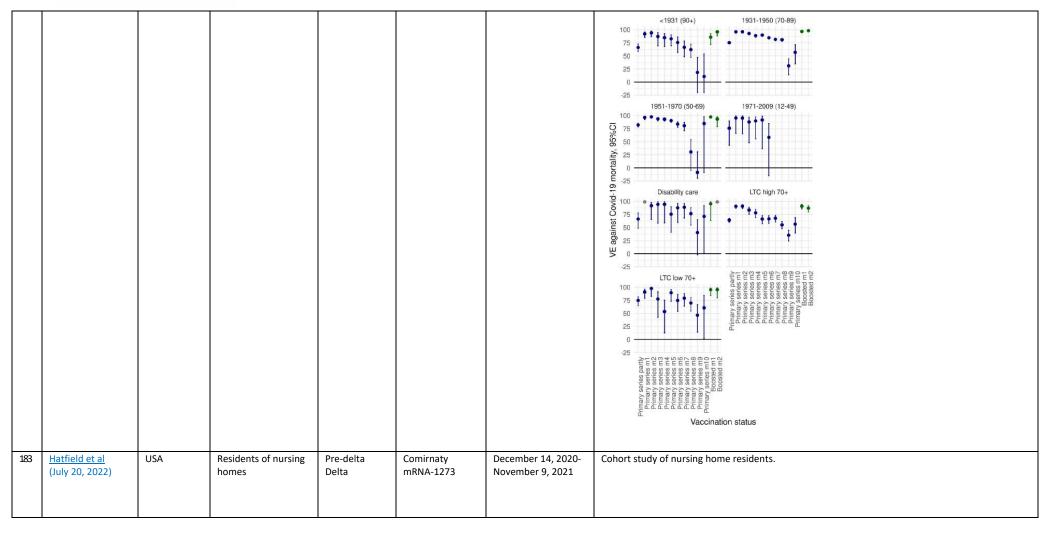
















							Unvaccinated Completed Pfizer-BioNTech, within past 150 days Completed Moderna, within past 150 days	871 1,196 466	57,871 103,668 35,290	Median days contributed per resident (IQR) minance (Dec 14, 2020 51 (21, 122) 95 (87, 104) 86 (73, 89) mance (Jun 21, 2021 141 (60, 141) 11 (5, 14) 126 (84, 135) 21 (14, 32) 109 (30, 122)	109 22 6	Vaccine Effectiveness % (95% CI)) REF 67% (40%, 82%) 75% (32%, 91%) REF Not Estimated ^b 33% (-2%, 56%) Not Estimated ^b 77% (48%, 91%)
182	Cerqueria-Silva et al (July 18, 2022)	Brazil	≥18 year olds	Omicron	Coronavac followed by Comirnaty booster	January 1-April 17, 2022	First dose ≥ 14 Second dose 14-180 > 180 Booster with BNT162b2 0-13 14-30 31-60 61-90 91-120	Outcornptomatic and Severe adjusted vaccing gainst symptomatic	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	60-79 years 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0	10 10 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 1	≥ 80 years D

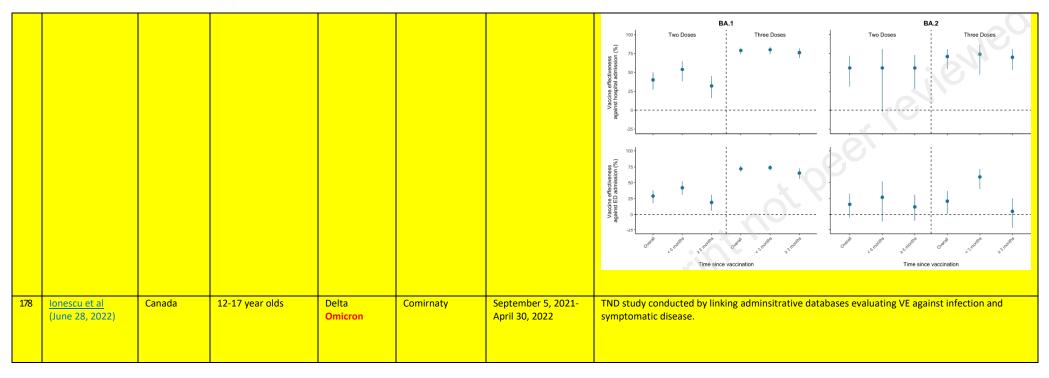




181	Link-Gelles et al	USA	≥18 year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty	December 18, 2021-	TND study in the VISIO	N netw	ork eval	uating	g VE aga	inst ED	/urgent	care visit	and hospit	alizaiton.
	(July 15, 2022)			(BA1, BA2 /	mRNA-1273	June 10, 2022			Omicron BA.1-	-predomin	nant period¶			Omicron BA.2/BA	.2.12.1-predomina	nt period**
	, , , , ,			BA2.12.1)		·		No	(%) of positive	since	an interval last dose,	VE		No. (%) of pos	Median inte	ose, VE
									test results†	da	ıys (IQR)	%* (95% C	l) Total	test result	t days (IQ)	R) %* (95% CI)
							ED or UC, age group (days since last dose All ages, yrs)								
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 5	1,359	23,175 (45.1)		_	-	27,907	3,501 (12.0)	
								7,286 2,740	2,377 (32.6) 11,365 (34.7)		7 (76–129) (232–306)	47 (44-50 39 (37-41) 1,774) 20,883			
							3 doses (7–119) 2	9,333	3,667 (12.5)	6	56 (41-89)	84 (83-85	9,142	441 (4.8	94 (72-1	08) 56 (51-61)
								3,315	217 (6.5)	132 ((125–142)	73 (68–77	26,654	3,186 (11.9) 166 (145–1	90) 26 (21–30)
							18–49 yrs Unvaccinated (Ref) 3.	3,003	14,236 (43.1)		_	_	- 18,429	2,269 (12.)	
							2 doses (14–149)	4,909	1,621 (33.0)		5 (76-129)	40 (36-44) 1,192	75 (6.3) 105 (72–1	
								6,313 8,755	5,918 (36.3) 1,259 (14.4)		(220–288) 55 (33–79)	24 (21-28 76 (75-78		1,427 (12.) 207 (5.)		
								426	39 (9.2)		(124–141)	29 (-1-50	7,613	1,096 (14.4		
							≥50 yrs									
								8,356 2,377	8,939 (48.7) 756 (31.8)	100	9 (77–129)	59 (54–63	- 9,478) 582	1,232 (13.0 35 (6.0		
							2 doses (≥150) 1	6,427	5,447 (33.2)		(248–316)	52 (50-54	9,680	1,157 (11.9	376 (319-4	14) 18 (10-26)
								0,578	2,408 (11.7)		71 (46–93)	87 (86-88				
								2,889 N/A	178 (6.2)	133 ((125–143)	81 (77-84) 19,041 - 4,094	2,090 (11.0 355 (8.1		
							Hospitalization, age group (days since las	t dose)								
							All ages, yrs	(0030)								
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 1-	4,742	6,829 (46.3)	992			6,682	494 (7.4		T
								1,236 8,850	297 (24.0) 2,542 (28.7)		(73–129) (252–322)	68 (63-73) 61 (58-63)		12 (3.5 393 (7.7		
							3 doses (7–119)	9,146	786 (8.6)	7	72 (47-93)	92 (91-93)	2,350	72 (3.1	94 (74-1	08) 69 (58–76)
								1,425	80 (5.6)	132 ((125-142)	85 (81-89)	7,686	519 (6.8	168 (146-1	91) 52 (44–59)
							18–49 yrs ⁹⁵ Unvaccinated (Ref)	4,057	1,515 (37.3)		-	_		_		- :-:
							2 doses (14–149)	392	83 (21.2)		(67-127)	64 (52-73		-		
							2 doses (≥150) 3 doses (7–119)	1,304 812	329 (25.2) 53 (6.5)		(226–294) 57 (36–81)	52 (43-59 91 (87-94		_		
							3 doses (≥120)	56	1 (1.8)		(126-142)	94 (62-99		_		
							≥50 yrs ⁹⁹	0,685	5,314 (49.7)				4 505	393 (8.6		
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 10 2 doses (14–149)	844	214 (25.4)	108	3 (76–129)	71 (65-75)	4,595	393 (8.6		= =
							2 doses (≥150) 3 doses (7–119)	7,546 8,334	2,213 (29.3) 733 (8.8)		(259–325) 73 (49–94)	63 (60-66 92 (91-93		352 (8.5 57 (2.9		
								1,369	79 (5.8)		(125–142)	86 (82-89	7,113	480 (6.8		91) 55 (46–62)
							4 doses (≥7) ^{††}	N/A			_	-	1,204	74 (6.2	27 (17-	81) 80 (71–85)
180	Tonnaro et al	San Marino	≥18 year old	Alpha, Delta	Sputnik V	February 21-October	Cohort study of entire	country	/.		Any vacci	ne			Gam-COVID-\	ac.
	(July 4, 2022)					1, 2021		Period	Cases*	C	Crude		usted ^a	C*	Crude	Adjusted ^a
									Cases	VE	95% CI	VE	95% CI	Cases* VE	95% CI	VE 95% CI
							SARS-CoV-2 infections	≠CO do	10 DE	00.0	94.9-97.8	00.7	92 9 02 6	16 07.1	05 2 09 2	01.0 00.3.05.1
		ĺ						<60 da 60-11		96.6 84.7	94.9-97.8 81.0-87.7		82.8-92.6 40.3-60.7	16 97.1 117 81.1		91.8 86.3-95.1 47.0 34.3-57.2
		ĺ						120+	70		81.1-88.9		36.7-63.8	53 85.8		57.8 42.2-69.2
		ĺ						Total			87.2-91.0		61.8-72.5		87.7-91.6	68.5 62.5-73.6
							COVID-19 related Hospitalizations						· O ·			
		ĺ						<60 da		94.5	84.9-98.0		74.9-96.5	2 97.5		95.2 79.1-98.9
		ĺ						60-11		96.2	88.4-98.7		73.4-96.6	4 95.5		87.8 66.0-95.6
								120+ Total	6 15	89.3 94.0	71.5-95.9 88.1-97.0		35.1-91.2 77.4-93.5	2 96.2 8 96.4		89.7 52.7-97.7 91.6 81.5-96.2
179	Tartof et al	USA	≥18 year old	Omicron (BA1	Comirnaty	December 27, 2021-	TND study evaluating V			_						
	(June 30, 2022)		members of Kaiser	and BA2)	,	June 4, 2022	, 2.2.2.2	9=11	22,01				, ,,	,	, ,	
	(34110 30, 2022)			Silv Ditej		Julie 1, 2022										
			Permanente													
			southern California													

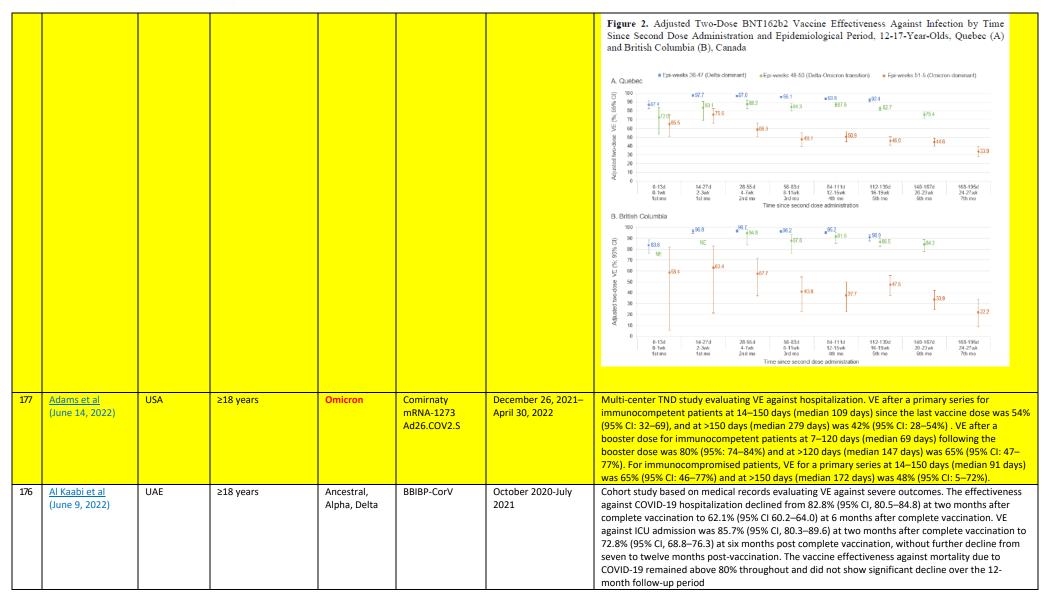






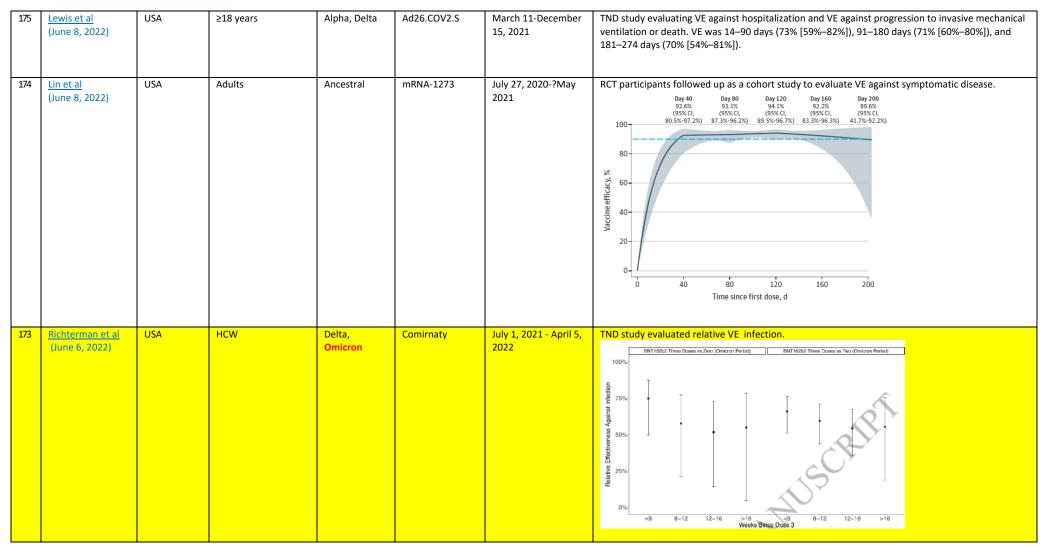






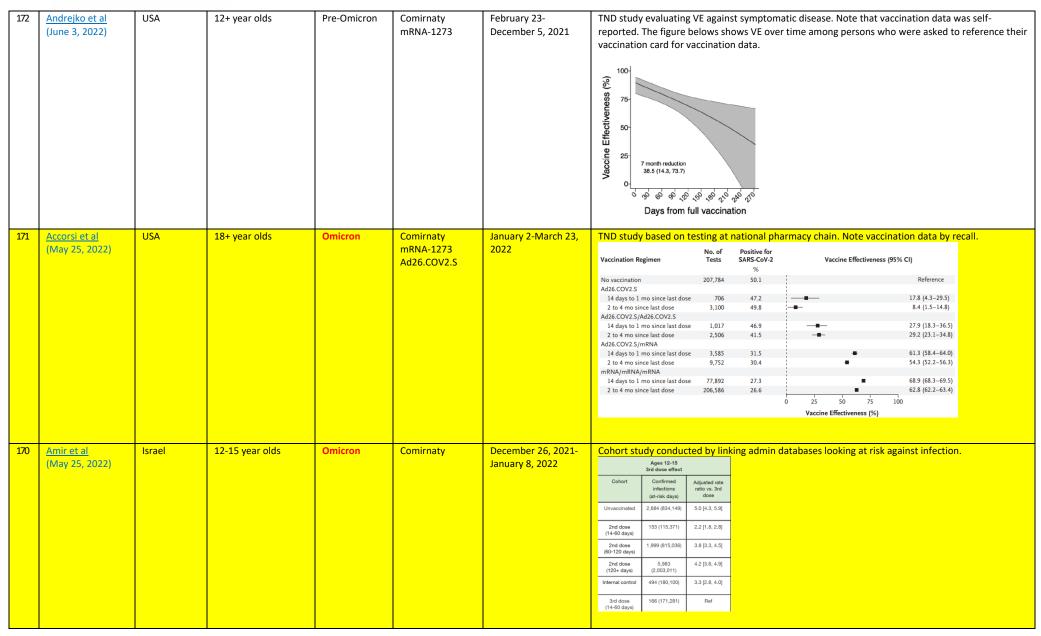
















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169	Lee et al	UK	Persons with cancer	Alpha, Delta	ChAdOx1	December 8, 2020-	Two TND studies conducted in different populations with comparison of VE against infection,
	(May 23, 2022)		and general		Comirnaty	October 15, 2021	hospitazliation, and death among the two groups.
			population				100- 90- 80- 70- 60- 10- 20- Cancer cohort —Control population 0-8 to -1 0 to 8 9 to 16 17 to 24 25 to 32 33 to 40 Weeks after second COVID-19 vaccine dose
							Post-second dose (overall) 3-6 months post-second dose
							Vaccine Exposed (PCR-positive) Not exposed (PCR-negative) Effectivenes Outcome Post-2 ^{1/2} Unvaccinate Post-2 ^{1/2} Unvaccinate Post-2 ^{1/2} Unvaccinate Post-2 ^{1/2} Unvaccinate S(%) Vaccine Exposed (PCR-positive) Exposed (PCR-positive) Not exposed (PCR-negative) Effectivenes Unvaccinate Post-2 ^{1/2} Unvaccinate S(%)
							Outcome Post 2 One-clinic Post 2 One-clinic S (78) Post 2 One-clinic S (78) Post 2 One-clinic S (78) Post 2 One-clinic S (78) Post 2 One-clinic S (78) One (n) d(N) dose
							17.076 18292 31649 780054 465982 (65.1-65.9) 12513 31649 347414 465982 (46.3-47.6) Coronavirus 84.5% 74.6%
							Hospitalisation 837 3227 780054 465982 (83.6-85.4) 611 3227 347414 465982 (72.8-76.3)
							Coronavirus 93.5% 90.3% Death 560 5139 780054 465982 (93.0-94.0) 373 5139 347414 465982 (89.3-91.2)
168	Paranthaman et al	England	≥65 years living in	Alpha, Delta	ChAdOx1	December 8, 2020-	Cohort study conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against infection and
	(May 5, 2022)		LTCF		Comirnaty	September 30, 2021	death.
							Table 2. Adjusted HRs for infection by vaccination status for LTCF residents, England
							Vaccination Time since Any ChAdOs-1 BNT162b2
							status dose Person-time in days Events Adjusted HR ^b Person-time in days Events Adjusted HR ^b Person-time in days Events Adjusted HR ^b
							(unique individuals)* (unique individuals)* (unique individuals)*
							Unvaccinated 6,958.732 (190,202) 26,765 6,958.732 (190,202) 26,765 6,958.732 (190,202) 26,765
							First dose 1-2 wis 2,070,258 (153,383) 8,190 0,68 (0.62-0.76) 1,427,012 (105,580) 5,256 0,67 (0.6-0.75) 643,246 (47,803) 2,954 0,68 (0.6-0.78) 3 wis 990,274 (143,432) 2,762 0,64 (0.57-0.73) 644,527 (99,045) 1,731 0,73 (0.63-0.86) 305,747 (44,387) 1,031 0,56 (0.48-0.67)
							3 wks 990,274 (143,432) 2,762 0.64 (0.57-0.73) 684.527 (99,045) 1,751 0.73 (0.63-0.86) 395,747 (44,347) 1,031 0.56 (0.48-0.67) 4 wks 965,091 (159,327) 1,554 0.5 (0.43-0.59) 671,379 (96,744) 921 0.58 (0.48-0.7) 293,712 (42,583) 633 0.48 (0.39-0.59)
							5 wks 948.533 (156.661) 1.057 0.47 (0.4-0.56) 660.612 (95.140) 654 0.59 (0.47-0.73) 287.921 (41.521) 403 0.44 (0.36-0.55)
		1					6-7 wks 185,2109 (134,595) 1,190 0.46 (0.38-0.56) 129,0208 (93,718) 642 0.5 (0.4-0.62) 561,901 (40,877) 548 0.52 (0.41-0.66) 8-10 wks 2,672,998 (130,173) 815 0.64 (0.5-0.82) 1,715,549 (90,634) 347 0.51 (0.38-0.68) 757,449 (19,539) 468 0.79 (0.59-1.06)
		1					11+ whs 1,112,436 (86,592) 254 0.83 (0.62-1.11) 768,455 (57.784) 181 0.94 (0.67-1.33) 343,981 (28.718) 73 0.63 (0.44-0.9)
							Second dose 1-4 w/s 3.432.288 (124.173) 239 0.4 (0.29-0.55) 2.401.640 (86.845) 119 0.39 (0.26-0.6) 1.030.648 (37.328) 120 0.38 (0.27-0.54)
		1					5-10 wks 5,037 822 (122,400) 179 0.47 (0.34-0.64) 3.521,278 (85.615) 134 0.54 (0.37-0.78) 1.516,544 (56.785) 45 0.54 (0.21-0.55) 11-15 wks 4,015,312 (117,409) 384 0.45 (0.34-0.59) 2.810,444 (81.979) 327 0.48 (0.36-0.64) 1.224,868 (35.430) 57 0.31 (0.2-0.48)
		1					16-20 wls 3,757,167 (111,858) 1384 0.66 (0.54-0.81) 2,599,430 (77764) 1090 0.72 (0.58-0.9) 1,157,737 (34,094) 294 0.55 (0.39-0.78)
							21+ wks 3,381,529 (99,696) 2,104 0.6 (0.49-0.74) 2,070,748 (68,221) 1,474 0,71 (0.57-0.9) 1,310,781 (31,475) 630 0,53 (0.42-0.68)
							*Number of unique individuals at risk for any duration of time within each time period. *Adjusted for gender, age group, case rate in local authority and deprivation, along with a cluster term for care home postcode. See Supplementary Figure S4, Supplementary Tables S1 and S2 in Supplementary data.

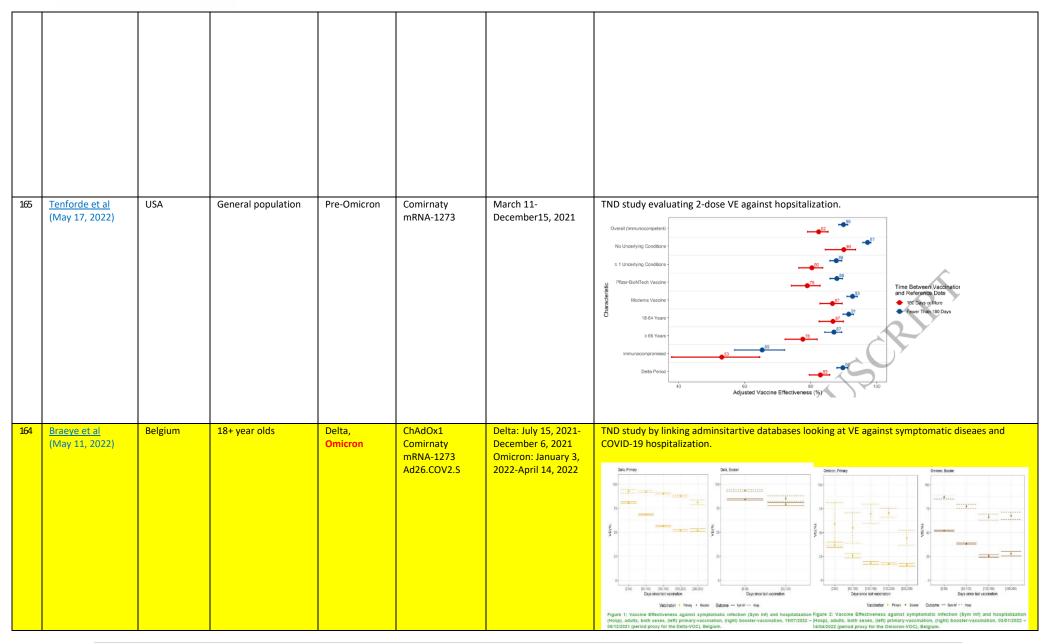




							Table 3	. Adjusto	ed HRs for CO	VID-rel	ated death by	y vaccination st	atus amo	ng LTCF re	sidents, Englar	nd	
							Vaccination	Time since	Any			ChAdOx-1			BNT162b2		
							status	dose	Person-time in days (unique individuals) ²	Events	Adjusted HR ^b	Person-time in days (unique individuals) ²	Events	,	Person-time in days (unique individuals) ^a	Events	Adjusted HRb
							Unvaccinated First dose Second dose "Number o	1-2 wks 3-4 wks 5-8 wks 9+ wks 1-4 wks 5-10 wks 11-15 wks 16-20 wks 21+ wks	6,931,978 (190,109) 2,070,228 (153,379) 1,955,365 (143,880) 3,697,628 (137,419) 2,668,668 (124,523) 343,2248 (124,168) 5,037,675 (122394)	7,425 2,125 812 347 71 18 15 43 193 280 ny duration	0.59 (0.52–0.66) 0.41 (0.35–0.48) 0.33 (0.26–0.41) 0.44 (0.3–0.63) 0.15 (0.07–0.3) 0.19 (0.09–0.41) 0.21 (0.13–0.34) 0.35 (0.24–0.52) 0.37 (0.25–0.53) 10 of time within o	6,931,978 (190,109) 1,426,998 (195,578) 1,355,906 (99,344) 2,575,162 (95,636) 1,844,561 (86,556) 240,1617 (86,843) 3,521,162 (85,610) 2,810,271 (81,971) 2,598,423 (77,717) 1,916,225 (64,662) each time period. ⁵ A	7,425 1,364 485 178 36 9 10 39 155 196	0.58 (0.5-0.66) 0.49 (0.4-0.61) 0.37 (0.27-0.5) 0.43 (0.26-0.71) 0.17 (0.06-0.42) 0.18 (0.07-0.47) 0.22 (0.13-0.38) 0.39 (0.26-0.58) 0.44 (0.3-0.67) gender, age grou	6,931,978 (190,109) 643,230 (47,801) 599,459 (44,556) 1,122,466 (41,783) 824,107 (57,967) 1,030,631 (37,325) 1,516,513 (36,784) 1,224,835 (35,428) 1,157,582 (34,087) 1,230,371 (30,054) p, case rate in local	7,425 761 327 169 35 9 5 4 38 84 authority :	0.6 (0.51-0.7) 0.35 (0.29-0.43) 0.34 (0.26-0.45) 0.5 (0.33-0.78) 0.14 (0.06-0.33) 0.19 (0.05-0.27) 0.09 (0.03-0.25) 0.27 (0.16-0.46) 0.31 (0.2-0.49) und deprivation,
167	Martellucci et al (April 22, 2022)	Italy	General population	Alpha, Delta, Omicron	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 2, 2021- December 18, 2021		-	onducted by , and death.	linkin	C	OVID-19		valuating	COVID-	19-Re	
												oitalization	A			eath	
							-		luration ^B		Ol	R (95% CI)			OR (9	95% C	(1)
								nths of nvacci 2 dos				(Ref. cat.) (0.02–0.03)	*		1 (Re 0.01 (0.	ef. cat	/
							>6 ma	3 dos				(0.15–0.23)			0.15 (0.		
								nvacci 2 dos	nated			(Ref. cat.) (0.26–0.37)	*		1 (Re 0.25 (0.		
166	<u>Fano et al</u> (May 18, 2022)	Italy	12+ year olds	Alpha, Delta, Omicron	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 1, 2021- January 10, 2022	Figure 2 - Adj times after th unvaccinated 100 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80	ested' vaccine administratio	onducted by effectiveness (VE) against on of the second dose	at SARS-CoV	2 infection at difference described in the state of the s	ent					on.











163	Butt et al (May 3, 2022)	USA	Veterans	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	January 1-February 20, 2022	their booster v [35-44%] for B negligible for b	BNT-162b2; RVE=30% both vaccines for pati	s of the sta [23-36%] fo ents with 4	rt of the period or mRNA-1273 For more mont	d of omicron pr), and protectic ths since receiv	edominance (RVE=40% on against infection was
162	Amir et al (May 5, 2022)	Israel	60+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty	January 16, 2022, to March 12, 2022	Cohort study k	oy linking adminsitrat	ive databas	ses evaluating i	relative VE agai	nst severe disease.
	(May 3, 2022)					10101112, 2022			VE	LCI	UCI	
							2nd dose	4+ months		ref		
								0-1 month	57%	38%	71%	
								1-2 months	66%	44%	79%	
							3rd dose	2-3 months	68%	55%	78%	
							p p	3-4 months	67%	58%	73%	
							Ē	4-5 months 5-6 months	64% 64%	60% 60%	70% 69%	
								6-7 months	68%	58%	76%	
							4th dose	0-2 months	89%	87%	91%	





16	31	Gray et al	South Africa	HCW	Omicron	Comirnaty	November 15, 2021-	TND study cor	nducted as r	art of Sisonk	e study. Note	that they ex	valuated VF	of 2 doses of	
) <u> </u>	(May 4, 2022)	South Amed	Tiew	Gillicion	Ad26.COV2.S	January 14, 2022	Comirnaty and				. that they c	raidated VL	01 2 00303 01	
								0-1	3 Days	14–27 Days	1-	-2 Mo	3–4 Mo	2	≥5 Mo
								100 - 90 - 80 - 90 - 90 - 90 - 90 - 90 -	81	[74] ss [69]		70 82 70	₹71	1 73 T6	7 T 71
								126-COVIEST GENERAL	Production Well	Brileps 126 CONTS	aba Mecona Bulleya	PCOAUZ BALIESDS BE	TIGID'S BHTIGID	BMIEDD	BHT162b2
								Adde Co Brut Adde	PGC BLALL WATER	BALL AGIOCO BALL	AND CO BENT AND	P.C. Phy. Ph	BHI	BELL	8kg,
									gh Care Hosp				Hospital High dmission or I		
								Trainibular 5			ramosion			7,411110010	0.100
16	50	Castillo et al	France	18+ year olds	Delta,	Comirnaty	December 13, 2021 –	TND study link	king adminsi	trative datab	ases to asses	s VE against	symptomat	ic disease, wi	th a
		(April 21, 2022)			Omicron	mRNA-1273	January 31, 2021	cohort study o	done among		alized cases.				
										Omicron ²	Protection		Delta*	Protection	
								Immune status: time	Risk redu	ction ^c against	1-OR×HR	Risk reduct	ion ^c against	1-OR×HR	
								since named vaccine dose ^b	Symptomatic Infection	Hospital admission among symptomatic cases	Protection(95%CI)	Symptomatic Infection	Hospital admission among symptomatic cases	Protection (95%CI)	
									OR4 (95%CI)	HR*(95%CI)	Protection(95 &ct)	OR4(95%CI)	HR*(95%CI)	Protection (95 %Ci)	
								Vaccinated (ref.: unva		lor infection evidence					
								D1: 0 day = 28 days D2: 0 days = 30 days	0.88 (0.86 to 0.91)	0.99 (0.75 to 1.23) 0.72 (0.50 to 0.95)	0.12 (-0.09 to 0.34) 0.59 (0.46 to 0.72)	0.62 (0.59 to 0.66) 0.22 (0.20 to 0.23)	0.66 (0.50 to 0.81) 0.40 (0.23 to 0.57)	0.59 (0.49 to 0.69) 0.91 (0.87 to 0.95)	
								D2:1month-2months	0.68 (0.66 to 0.70)	0.40 (0.27 to 0.53)	0.73 (0.64 to 0.82)	0.30 (0.28t0 0.31)	0.41 (0.25 to 0.57)	0.88 (0.83 to 0.93)	
								D2: 2 months – 3 months	0.73 (0.71t0 0.74)	0.56 (0.41t0 0.71)	0.59 (0.49 to 0.70)	0.32 (0.31t0 0.33)	0.36 (0.25 to 0.47)	0.88 (0.85t00.92)	
								D2: 3 months-4 months D2: 4 months-5 months	0.74 (0.73 to 0.76) 0.84 (0.83 to 0.85)	0.58 (0.48 to 0.68) 0.43 (0.36 to 0.49)	0.57 (0.49 to 0.65) 0.64 (0.59 to 0.70)	0.32 (0.32 to 0.33) 0.35 (0.34 to 0.36)	0.29 (0.23 to 0.35) 0.21 (0.17 to 0.24)	0.91 (0.89 to 0.92) 0.93 (0.91 to 0.94)	
								D2:5 months-6 months	0.97 (0.96 to 0.98)	0.30 (0.24 to 0.35)	0.71 (0.66 to 0.76)	0.40 (0.39 to 0.41)	0.14 (0.12 to 0.16)	0.94 (0.94 to 0.95)	
								D2:>6 months	0.89 (0.87t00.90)	0.50 (0.43t00.56)	0.56 (0.51t00.62)	0.37 (0.36to 0.38)	0.26 (0.23t0 0.29)	0.90 (0.89 to 0.91)	
								DB:1day -7 days	0.65 (0.64 to 0.66)	0.35 (0.27t0 0.43)	0.77 (0.72 to 0.83)	0.29 (0.28 to 0.30)	0.14 (0.10t0 0.17)	0.96 (0.95 to 0.97)	
								DB: 8 days—14 days DB: 15 days—30 days	0.36 (0.36 to 0.37) 0.33 (0.32 to 0.33)	0.28 (0.21 to 0.36) 0.18 (0.14 to 0.22)	0.90 (0.87 to 0.92) 0.94 (0.93 to 0.95)	0.09 (0.09 to 0.10) 0.04 (0.04 to 0.05)	0.16 (0.12 to 0.21) 0.16 (0.11 to 0.21)	0.98 (0.98 to 0.99) 0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
								DB:1month-2months	0.41 (0.40t0 0.41)	0.16 (0.13 to 0.18)	0.94 (0.93 to 0.95)	0.05 (0.05 to 0.06)	0.14 (0.10t0 0.17)	0.99 (0.99 to 0.99)	
								DB: 2 months -3 months	0.42 (0.41t0 0.43)		0.92 (0.91t0 0.94)	0.06 (0.05 to 0.07)	0.10 (0.06 to 0.14)	0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
								DB>3 months Naturally-acquired an	0.50 (0.49 to 0.52)		0.93 (0.92 to 0.94)	0.06 (0.05 to 0.07)	0.10 (0.06t0 0.15)	0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
								Unvaccinated: NA	0.49 (0.48100.50)	0.45 (0.30 to 0.60)	0.78 (0.70 to 0.85)	0.11 (0.11 to 0.12)	0.43(0.22t00.64)	0.95(0.93100.98)	
								D1 or D2: NA	0.33 (0.32 to 0.34)	0.51 (0.36 to 0.66)	0.83 (0.78to 0.88)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.09)	0.56 (0.34 to 0.77)	0.95 (0.94t00.97)	
								DB: NA	0.19 (0.19 to 0.20)					0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
								Cl: confidence interval NA: not applicable; Delta (respective Om Omicron) variant [14] Duration since recelve Risk reductions are re Odds ratios of sympt prior infection. Hazard ratios of hosp according to eviden 'Naturally-acquired im	OR: odds ratlo; ref.: ilcron): laboratory-c i]. ilng the COVID-19 va elative to symptoms comatic infections, a pitalisations after sy ce of prior infection	reference; RT-PCR: ro onfirmed (RT-PCR) SA accine dose in questlo s attributable respect according to the time ymptomatic infections	everse-transcription NRS-CoV-2 infection von, at presentation to lively to the Delta or to elapsed since each Cos, according to the tile	PCR; SARS-COV-2: se vith mutation screen the screening centr he Omicron variant. OVID-19 vaccine dos ne elapsed since eac	were acute respirating indicative of Del c. e reception or accor h COVID-19 vaccine	ory coronavirus 2. Ita (respective rding to evidence of dose reception or	





									Omicron ^a			Delta	
							Immune status: time since named	Hospital admission	ICU admission	Death	Hospital admission	ICU admission	Death
							vaccine doseb	HR°(95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)	HR° (95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)
							Vaccinated (ref.: unv	accinated without pr	ior infection evidend	e)			
							D1: 0-28 days	0.99 (0.75 to 1.23)	1.09 (0.49 to 1.69)	1.09 (0.53 to 1.65)	0.66 (0.50 to 0.81)	0.43 (0.21t0 0.65)	0.93 (0.48t01.37)
							D2: 0-30 days	0.72 (0.50t0 0.95)	0.54 (0.06 to 1.02)	0.71 (0.14 to 1.29)	0.40 (0.23t00.57)	0.32 (0.04 to 0.60)	0.44 (0.01t00.87)
							D2: 1-2 months	0.40 (0.27 to 0.53)	0.32 (0.06 to 0.59)	0.38 (0.10 to 0.67)	0.41 (0.25 to 0.57)	0.52 (0.21t0 0.84)	0.14 (-0.13 to 0.42)
							D2: 2-3 months	0.56 (0.41t0 0.71)	0.22 (0.00 to 0.43)	0.12 (-0.05 to 0.29)	0.36 (0.25 to 0.47)	0.35 (0.16t0 0.54)	0.11 (-0.04 to 0.26)
							D2: 3-4 months	0.58 (0.48t00.68)	0.25 (0.09 to 0.42)	0.43 (0.22 to 0.65)	0.29 (0.23 to 0.35)	0.18 (0.10 to 0.26)	0.31 (0.12 to 0.49)
							D2: 4-5 months	0.43 (0.36 to 0.49)	0.15 (0.07 to 0.24)	0.30 (0.14 to 0.45)	0.21 (0.17 to 0.24)	0.17 (0.12 to 0.23)	0.37 (0.20t0 0.53)
							D2:5-6 months	0.30 (0.24 to 0.35)	0.19 (0.11t0 0.28)	0.32 (0.15 to 0.48)	0.14 (0.12t00.16)	0.10 (0.07 to 0.13)	0.20 (0.11 to 0.28)
							D2:>6 months	0.50 (0.43t00.56)		0.51 (0.36 to 0.65)			0.35 (0.25 to 0.44)
							DB: 1–7 days	0.35 (0.27 to 0.43)		0.29 (0.07 to 0.50)		0.06 (0.03 to 0.10)	0.29 (0.15 to 0.43)
							DB: 8-14 days	0.28 (0.21t00.36)	0.12 (0.02 to 0.21)	0.14 (0.00t00.28)	0.16 (0.12 to 0.21)		0.24 (0.09 to 0.39)
							DB: 15-30 days	0.18 (0.14 to 0.22)		0.18 (0.08 to 0.28)	0.16 (0.11t0 0.21)	0.15 (0.07 to 0.23)	0.15 (0.02 to 0.29)
							DB: 1-2 months	0.16 (0.13 to 0.18)			0.14 (0.10t00.17)		0.16 (0.06t00.25)
							DB: 2-3 months	0.18 (0.15 to 0.21)	0.08 (0.04 to 0.13)	0.14 (0.08 to 0.20)	0.10 (0.06 to 0.14)	0.08 (0.00t0 0.15)	0.09 (0.01t00.16)
							DB>3 months	0.14 (0.11t0 0.16)	0.05 (0.01t0 0.09)	0.13 (0.08 to 0.17)	0.10 (0.06 to 0.15)	0.03 (-0.03t00.09)	0.10 (0.01t0 0.19)
							Naturally-acquired o	r hybrid immunityd(r	ef.: unvaccinated wit	hout prior infection	evidence)		
							Unvaccinated: NA	0.45 (0.30 to 0.60)	0.14 (-0.05 to 0.33)	0.24 (-0.09t00.58)	0.43 (0.22 to 0.64)	0.54 (0.10t00.97)	1.06 (0.02 to 2.10)
							D1 or D2: NA	0.51 (0.36 to 0.66)	0.42 (0.12 to 0.72)	0.34 (0.07 to 0.61)	0.56 (0.34 to 0.77)	0.39 (0.08 to 0.71)	0.90 (0.17 to 1.62)
							DB: NA	0.29 (0.22 to 0.36)	0.16 (0.05 to 0.28)	0.19 (0.06 to 0.32)	0.29 (0.13 to 0.44)	0.13 (-0.05t0 0.30)	0.11 (-0.11 to 0.33)
159	Kirsebom et al (April 28, 2022)	England	General population	Omicron Delta	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 followed by ChAdOx1 booster	September 13, 2021- February 17, 2022	TND study linki	ng adminsitra	tive databases	to assess VE a	against sympto	matic disease	





							Age		Booster	Interval		
							(years)		Manufacturer	(days)	Controls Cases OR*	VE (95% CI)
								Unvaccinated	1		27,361 51265 Baseline	Baseline
								Dose 2**	n/a	175+	85175 89230 0.92 (0.9-	8 (6 to 9.9)
								Booster			0.8 (0.77-	20.3 (17.2 to
									Any***	0-1	11,879 7715 0.83)	23.3) 25.8 (23.7 to
									Any***	2-6	27430 21422 0.76)	27.8)
									BNT162b2	7-13	28,809 17658 0.42 (0.41	58.2 (57.0 to 59.4)
							4				0.36 (0.35	- 63.8 (63.0 to
							40-6		BNT162b2	14-34	86719 66406 0.37)	64.5)
							1		BNT162b2	35-69	87592 90787 0.43 (0.42 0.44)	57.3 (56.4 to 58.2)
											0.54 (0.52	46.4 (45.0 to
									BNT162b2	70-104	22504 29379 0.55)	47.8) 30.6 (26.8 to
									BNT162b2	105+	2758 4278 0.73)	30.6 (26.8 to 34.3)
										7.40	0.39 (0.25	61.2 (40.9 to
									ChAdOx1-S	7-13	70 40 0.59)	74.6) 51.7 (38.9 to
									ChAdOx1-S	14-34	193 159 0.61)	61.8)
									ChAdOx1-S	35-69	216 215 0.57)	- 53.0 (42.6 to 61.6)
											0.59 (0.43	- 40.8 (18.6 to
									ChAdOx1-S	70-104	69 97 0.81)	56.9) - 37.2 (-44.1 to
									ChAdOx1-S	105+	10 14 1.44)	- 37.2 (-44.1 to 72.6)
								Unvaccinated			1,701 2361 Baseline	Baseline
								Dose 2**	n/a	175+	4466 3053 0.88) 0.81 (0.73	- 19.5 (11.7 to 26.6)
								Booster		1/5+		34.6 (14.8 to
									Any***	0-1	428 110 0.85)	49.8)
									Any***	2-6	1140 370 0.84)	- 28.6 (16.0 to 39.3)
									-	-	0.42 (0.36	- 58.1 (51.6 to
							+		BNT162b2	7-13	1,883 433 0.48)	63.8)
							9		BNT162b2	14-34	14311 3010 0.34)	- 68.5 (65.7 to 71.2)
											0.46 (0.42	- 54.1 (50.5 to
									BNT162b2	35-69	36300 25240 0.49)	57.5) 40.1 (35.2 to
									BNT162b2	70-104	14210 18317 0.65)	44.5)
									BNT18252	105+	1970 2789 0.85	23.1 (15.1 to 30.5)
									BNT162b2	105+	1970 2789 0.85) 0.34 (0.14	- 66.1 (16.6 to
									ChAdOx1-S	7-13	23 8 0.83)	86.3)
									ChAdOx1-S	14-34	53 32 0.79)	51.6 (20.8 to 70.4)
											0.56 (0.4	44.5 (22.4 to
									ChAdOx1-S	35-69	88 81 0.78)	60.2) 27.2 (-131.6 to
									ChAdOx1-S	70-104	16 40 2.32)	30.1)
									ChAdOx1-S		3 5 0.98 (0.2 4.28)	3-
							_		ChAdOx1-S	105+	3 5 4.28)	N too low
158	Sheikh et al	Scotland	Conoral population	Omicron	ChAdOx1	November 1-	TND	ctudy li	nking ad	minci	trativo database	s to assess
128		Scotland	General population	Omicron			לואט	study II	irking ad	HIIIISI	trative database	is to assess
	(April 22, 2022)				Comirnaty	December 19, 2021						
					mRNA-1273							
					IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII							

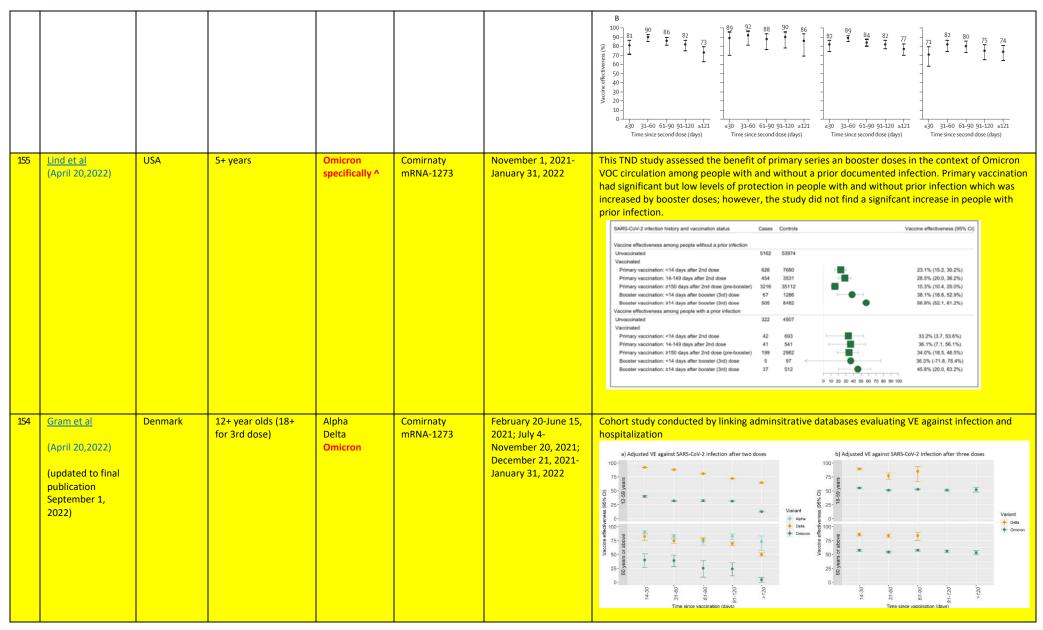




			the state of the s				c	S-gene-negative infe	ections	S.gene-posit	tive infections		
							_	Tested, n Positive, n		Tested, n Po		accine	
							"	reseat, II Fusidive, II	effectiveness, %	ested ii Fi	effective	ness, %	
									(95% CI)		(95% CI)		
							16-49 years	10 302 1003	228 (4.1. 20)	14500	204	004- 971	
							Unvaccinated 1 First dose	10 302 1003	22% (14 to 29)	14 583 5	284 –98% (-:	09 to -87)	
								550 36	47% (24 to 63)	676	162 –24% (-	(0 to -3)	
								6570 581	30% (21 to 38)	8339 2		19 to –30)	
							Second dose						
								732 46	58% (42 to 70)		119 31% (1		
								4248 256 12581 814	53% (46 to 60)		266 73% (6		
								12581 814 29209 3503	33% (26 to 40) 15% (9 to 21)	13559 1 31963 6	792 50% (4 257 32% (2		
							140-174 days 1		3% (-5 to 11)		829 9% (4		
								13 183 1435	Reference	15 462 3			
							Third dose						
								3773 515	26% (16 to 34)		745 33% (Z		
								2185 143 12887 783	62% (54to 68) 56% (51 to 60)		113 84% (8 694 83% (8		
							≥50 years	1200/ /03	30% (3110 00)	12/90	094 0370(0	1004)	
								716 48	33% (7 to 52)	1158	490 -45% (-1	i5to-28)	
							First dose						
							0-27 days	27 4	0 (-230 to 70)			34 to 42)	
							≥28 days	256 13	48% (7 to 72)	343	100 10% (-:	5 to 30)	
							Second dose 0-13 days	23 1	62% (-207 to 95)	22	1 90% (2	(An 00)	
							0-13 days 14-69 days	120 9	5% (-20/ to 95) 5% (-98 to 54)		20 62% (3		
								128 12	8% (-76 to 52)		33 40% (1		
							105–139 days	463 17	35% (-10 to 62)		188 20% (4	to 33)	
								5513 265	4% (-13 to 19)	8205 2			
								8007 799	Reference	10 856 3	648 Reference	2	
							Third dose 0–6 days	3522 420	0 (-15 to 13)	4352 1	250 20% (1)	to 26)	
								3006 180	54% (46 to 62)		320 77% (7-		
								17 572 1045	57% (52 to 62)		977 88% (8		
457	Communication City		ļ										
157			40	0	Chado 4	1	TND	10 - 10 - 10	Access to the Control		a la caración		
	<u>Cerqueria-Silva et</u>	Brazil,	18+ year olds	Omicron	ChAdOx1	January 1-March 7,	TND study	y linking a	<mark>dministra</mark>	tive dat	abases.		
	al	Brazil, Scotland	18+ year olds	Omicron	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty	January 1-March 7, 2022	TND study		<mark>dministra</mark> ARS-CoV-2 Infe		abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty						abases.	Severe COVID-19	
			18+ year olds	Omicron			TND study				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty						abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty						abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100 • 80 • (%) \$58				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100 • 80 • (%)				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100 • 80 • (%)				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100 • 80 • (%) \$58				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100 • 80 • (%)				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccine Effectiveness (%)				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccine Effectiveness (%)				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccine Effectiveness (%)				abases.	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccino Effectiveness (%) 80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Symptomatic S	ARS-CoV-2 Infec		20%		
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccino Effectiveness (%) 80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		ARS-CoV-2 Infec	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0-1	Severe COVID-19	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccino Effectiveness (%) 80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Symptomatic S	ARS-CoV-2 Infee		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ≥13	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccino Effectiveness (%) 80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Symptomatic S	ARS-CoV-2 Infee		0-1	-4 5-8 9-12 ≥13	
	<u>al</u>		18+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty		Vaccino Effectiveness (%) 80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Symptomatic S	ARS-CoV-2 Infee		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ≥13	
156	<u>al</u> (April 14, 2022)	Scotland			Comirnaty mRNA-1273	2022	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	rinfection
156	al (April 14, 2022) Widdifield et al		Patients with	Omicron Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ≥13	: infection
156	<u>al</u> (April 14, 2022)	Scotland			Comirnaty mRNA-1273	2022	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	t infection
156	al (April 14, 2022) Widdifield et al	Scotland	Patients with rheumatoid arthritis,		Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	tinfection
156	al (April 14, 2022) Widdifield et al	Scotland	Patients with rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing		Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	tinfection
156	al (April 14, 2022) Widdifield et al	Scotland	Patients with rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis,		Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	t infection
156	al (April 14, 2022) Widdifield et al	Scotland	Patients with rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing		Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	tinfection
156	al (April 14, 2022) Widdifield et al	Scotland	Patients with rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis,		Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November	Vaccine Effectiveness (%) Vaccine Effectiveness (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Symptomatic S	5-8 9-12 v		0-1 ; booster dose	-4 5-8 9-12 ±13	t infection

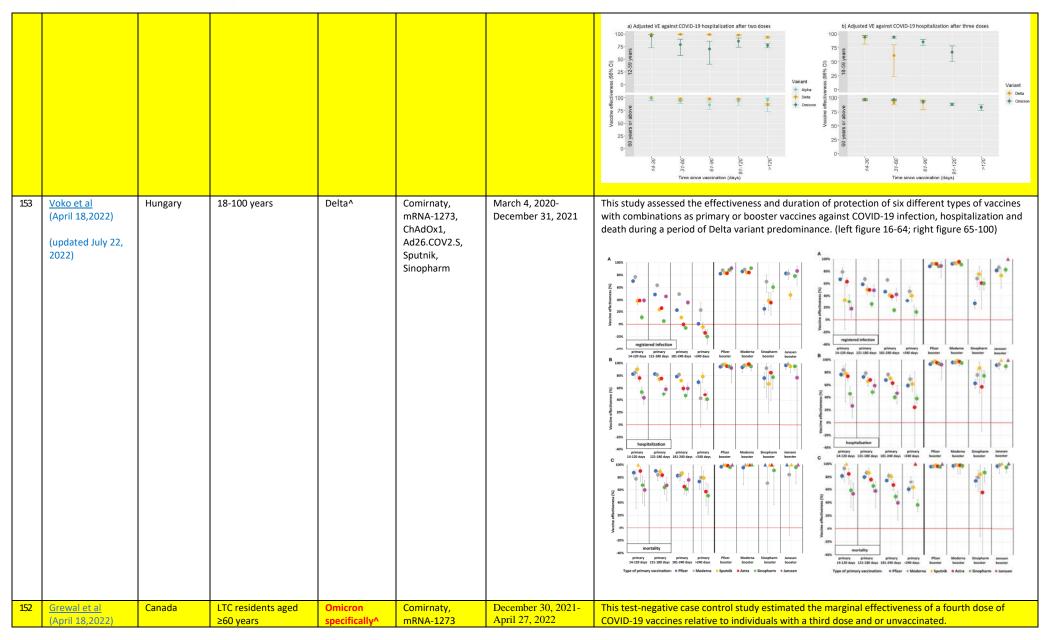












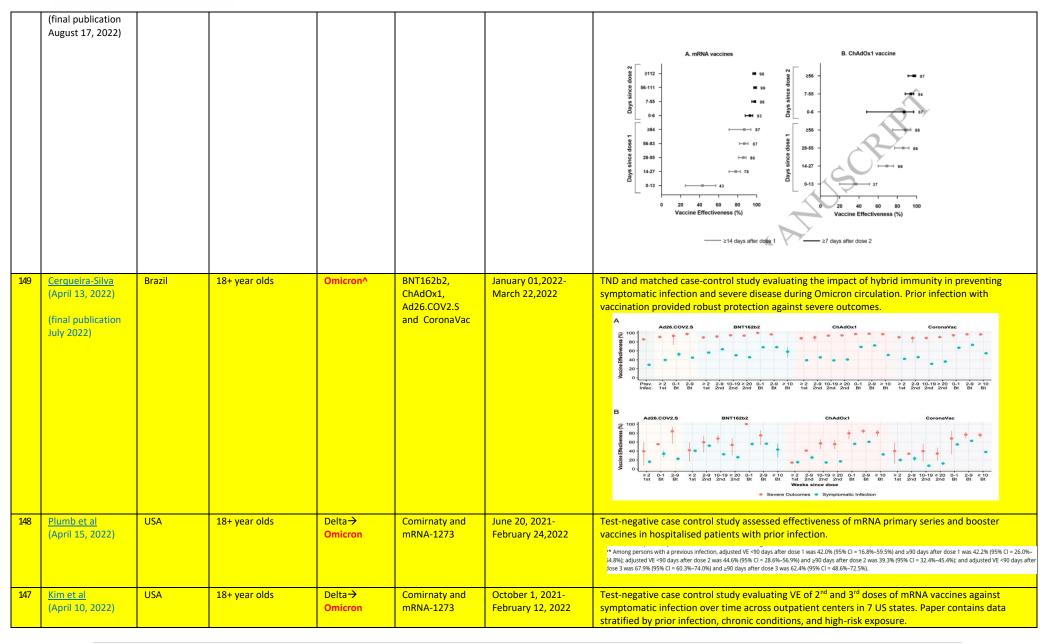




	(updated June 1, 2022) (final publication July 6, 2022)						Severe outcomes October 197 O
151	Richardson et al (April 17,2022) (updated June 20, 2022)	Mexico	Childcare workers aged ≥18 years	Non-VOC, Alpha, Gamma and Delta^	CanSino	March 30, 2021- December 31, 2021	Prospective cohort study evaluating the VE of Cansino against laboratory-confirmed illness, hospitalisation and death associated with COVID-19. Vaccination with Cansino provided moderate protection against infection, and robust protection against hospitalization and death up to 4 months, with declines in VE seen after 120 days. Vaccination status Contributing Person days Laboratory VE estimate (95% CI) Mospitalists VE estimate (95% CI) Deaths VE estimate
150	Nasreen et al (April 13,2022)	Canada	18+ year olds	Non-VOC, Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta^	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	December 14, 2020- September 30, 2021	Test-negative case control study conducted across 4 canadian provinces to evaluate the effectiveness of heterologous and homologous regimen of COVID-19 vaccines in preventing hospitalization or death.







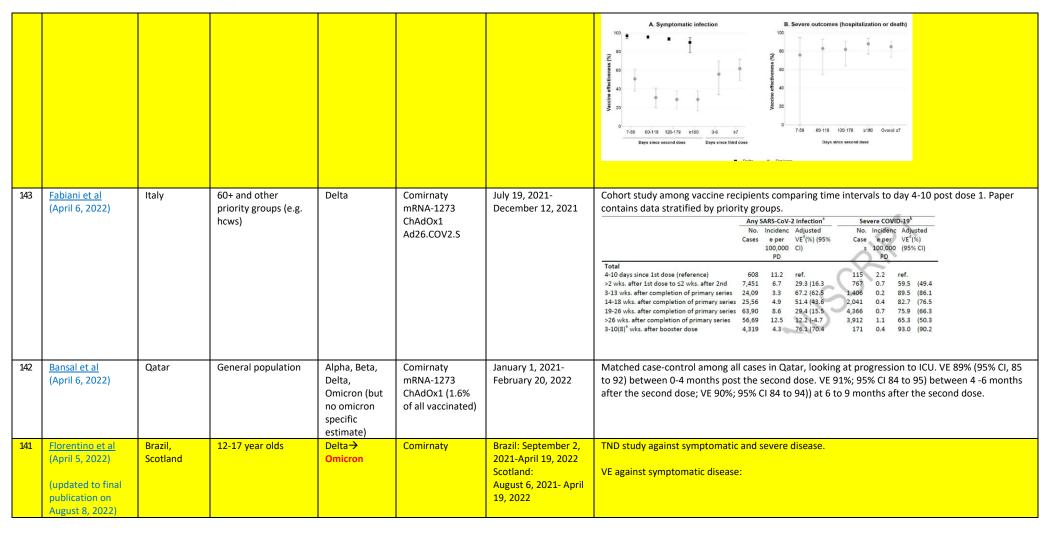




14	6 Menni et al*	UK	General population	Delta^	Comirnaty	May 23, 2021-	Delta ^b 2-Dose 327/552 (59) 763/942 (81) 66 (57 to 73) 63 (51 to 72) 14-149 Days 14/239 (6) 106/285 (37) 89 (81 to 94) 89 (78 to 94) ≥150 Days 313/538 (58) 657/836 (79) 62 (52 to 70) 58 (44 to 68) 3-Dose 22/247 (9) 259/438 (59) 93 (89 to 96) 96 (93 to 98) Omicron ^b 2-Dose 464/684 (68) 257/380 (68) 0 (-32 to 23) 21 (-6 to 41) 14-149 Days 69/289 (24) 531/176 (30) 27 (-11 to 52) 45 (14 to 66) ≥150 Days 395/615 (64) 204/327 (62) -8 (-43 to 18) 11 (-21 to 35) 3-Dose 322/542 (59) 408/531 (77) 56 (43 to 66) 62 (48 to 72) Prospective cohort study analysed sel-r
	(April 08,2022)				mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	November 23, 2021	in the UK among adults, 5-8 months after receiving primary dose and an mRNA booster. VE showed a gradual decline after the second dose. Primary vaccination Booster dose Primary vaccination Booster dose Waccine effectiveness (95% 0) BNT162b2 B
14	Freedman et al (March 31, 2022)	Israel	16+ year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	September 6, 2021- January 1, 2022	Cohort study by linking administrative databases evaluate VE of 3 rd dose versus 0 doses against infection over time. A=16-59 year olds. A 300
14	Buchan et al (April 7, 2022)	Canada	12-17 year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	November 22, 2021- March 6, 2022	TND conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against symptomatic infection and severe disease.

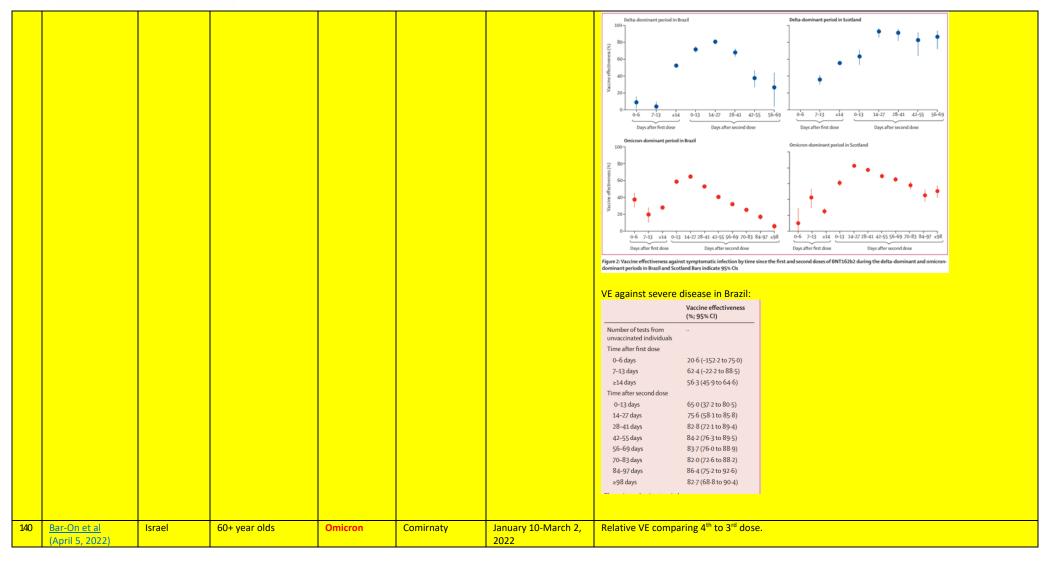












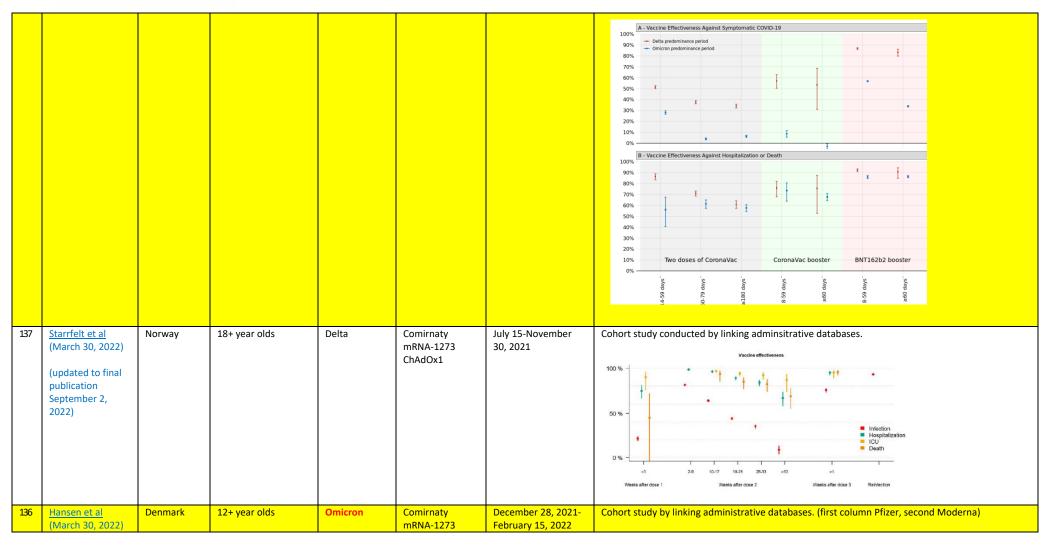




							7.5 7.0 6.5 6.5 6.0 5.5 6.0 98 99 14 40 98 95 10- 1.5 1.0 Internal (days 5-7) Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 Week 8 control (days 5-7) Time Since Dose 4
139	Perumal et al (April 1, 2022)	Germany	12+ year olds	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	November 8, 2021- February 13, 2022	Analysis of surveillance data with comparison to aggregate vaccination data to calculate the VE against symptomatic disease, hospitalization, and severe disease. (Note unable to adjust for many confounders). Table 3: Effectiveness of booster vaccination against symptomatic SARS-CoV-2 infection and COVID-19-associated hospitalizations and severe illness during dominant circulation of the Omicron variant in Germany, CW52/2021-06/2022, by age group and time interval.
138	Ranzani et al (April 1, 2022) (updated August 16, 2022)	Brazil	18+ year olds	Delta, Omicron	Coronavac Comirnaty	September 6, 2021- April 22, 2022	TND study linking adminsitrative databases. Note booster dose VE is a relative VE (compared to primary series recipients) while primary series VE is compared to unvaccianted.











							Days since
							91:20 36:5 (14.8, 36.9) 36:5 (17.7, 39.5) 36:5 (
135	Price et al (March 30, 2022)	USA	5-18 year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	July 1, 2021-February 17, 2022	Subgroup
134	Veneti et al (March 25, 2022)	Norway	12-17 year olds	Delta-> Omicron	Comirnaty	August 24, 2021- January 16, 2022	Cohort study of 12-17 year olds evaluating VE against infection based on linking administrative databases. Age 12-15 years 16-17 years b) Delta infections, 25 August 2021 to 16 January 2022 C) Omicron infections, 26 November 2021 to 16 January 2022 Omicron infections, 26 November 2021 to 16 January 2022 Days after dose 1 Days after dose 2 Days after dose 2
133	Wang et al (March 25, 2022)	USA	General population	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	October 1, 2021- January 31, 2022	TND study at Cleveland Clinic evaluating risk against infection (top table, note this can be converted to VE by subtracting the OR from 1) and death (bottom table, not this is among cases only and thus is VE against progression of infection to death).

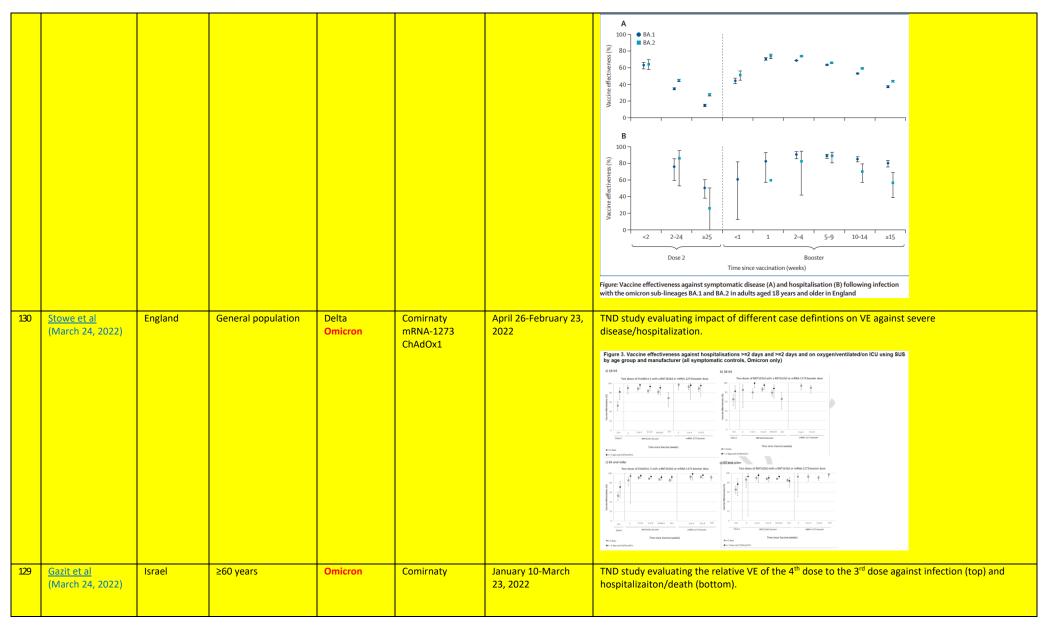




							Patients Positive Odds Ratio (95% CI) Delta Period Unvaccinated 61,198 15,185 (26%) 16,185 (26%) Dose 2 ≥ 180 days 53,931 6,737 (19%) 0.47 (0.45 to 0.48) < 180 days 15,028 1,5028 11,054 (11%) 0.30 (0.28 to 0.32) 20 to 0.28 to 0.29 (0.28 to 0.23) 0.29 to 0.23 (0.28 to 0.33) < 180 days 11,070 25 (15%) 0.99 (0.08 to 0.10) 21 to 0.49 (0.28 to 0.29) 0.28 to 0.29 (0.28 to 0.29) ✓ 180 days 11,170 25 (15%) 0.95 (0.55 to 0.59) Prior infection 8,386 565 (14%) 0.23 (0.21 to 0.25) 0.52 (0.55 to 0.59) 0.99 (0.08 to 0.10) Omicron Period Unvaccinated 38,585 17,614 (46%) Dose 2 ≥ 180 days 7,857 3,179 (40%) 0.74 (0.70 to 0.78) 0.04 to 0.55 (0.48 to 0.55) < 180 days 7,857 3,179 (40%) 0.74 (0.70 to 0.78) 0.04 to 0.55 (0.48 to 0.55) < 180 days 14,47 7,482 (24%) 0.35 (0.34 to 0.37) 0.04 to 0.75 (0.58 to 0.64) 0.74 (0.70 to 0.75) Prior infection 9,618 3,117 (62%) 0.58 (0.64) 0.58 (0.64) 0.58 (0.58 to 0.64) 0.64 (0.58 to 0.64) Variable Variable Reference Dose 2 ≥ 180 days 0.43 (0.29 to 0.64) 0.43 (0.29 to 0.64) 0.43 (0.25 to 0.74) Dose 3 ≥ 180 days 0.42 (0.34 to 0.51) 0.40 (0.32 to 0.51) 0.40 (0.32 to 0.51) 0.56 (0.34 to 0.51) 0.56 (0.34 to 0.51) 0.56 (0.04 to 0.40) 0.56 (0.34 to 0.54) 0.55 (0.64 to 1.19) 0.74 (0.53 to 1.04)
132	Ng et al (March 24, 2022)	Singapore	Contacts of cases	Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-August 31, 2021	Cohort study looking at transmission in households of cases. 1.2
131	Kirsebom et al (March 24, 2022) (updated to final publication May 24, 2022)	England	General population	Omicron (BA.1 vs BA.2)	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	January 17-February 17, 2022	TND study comparing VE against symptomatic disease with BA.1 vs BA.2

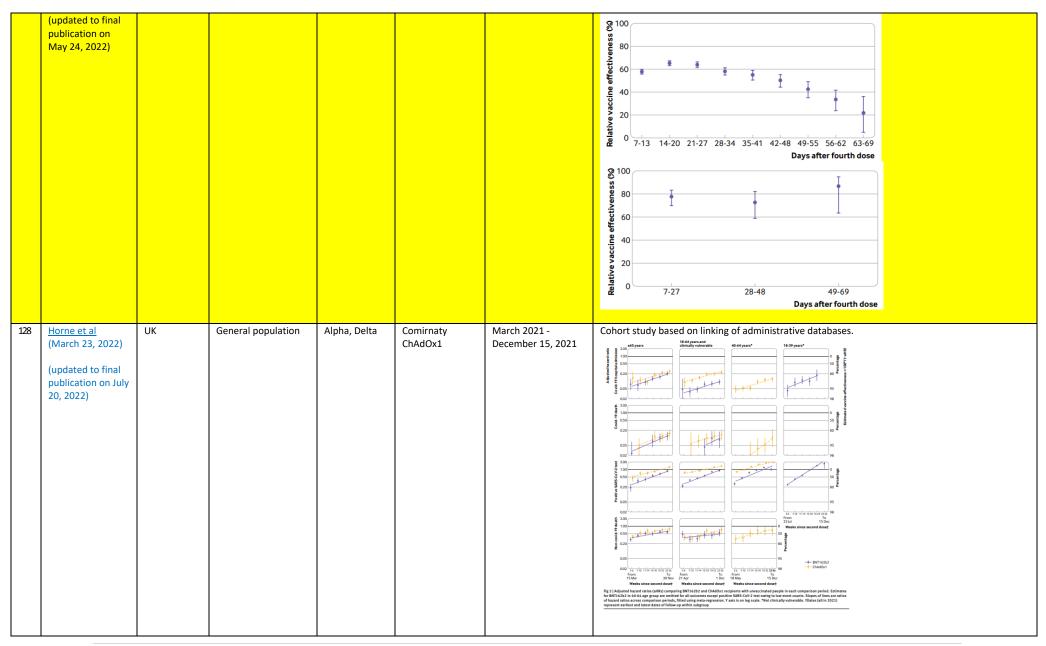






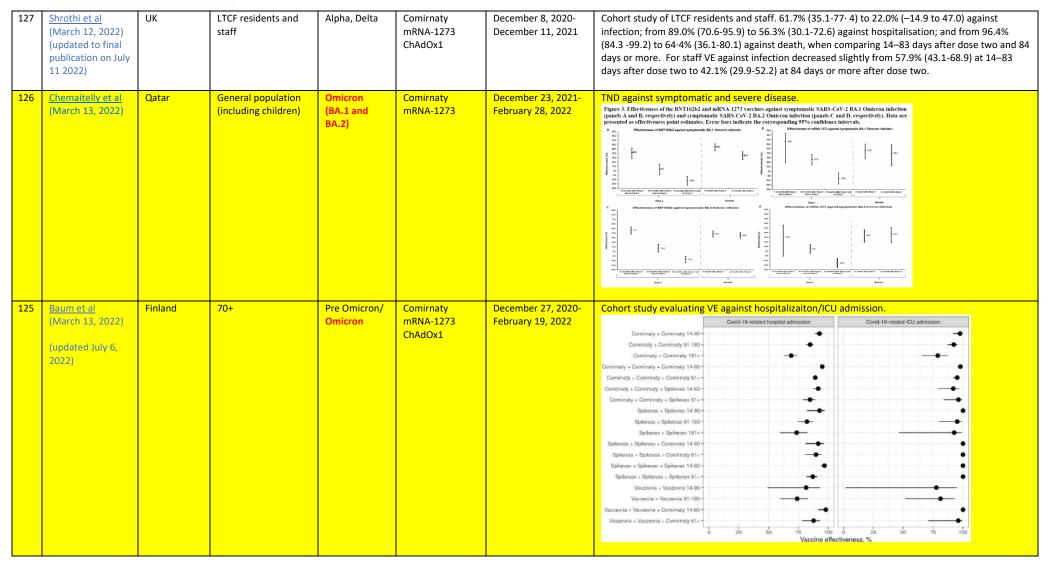












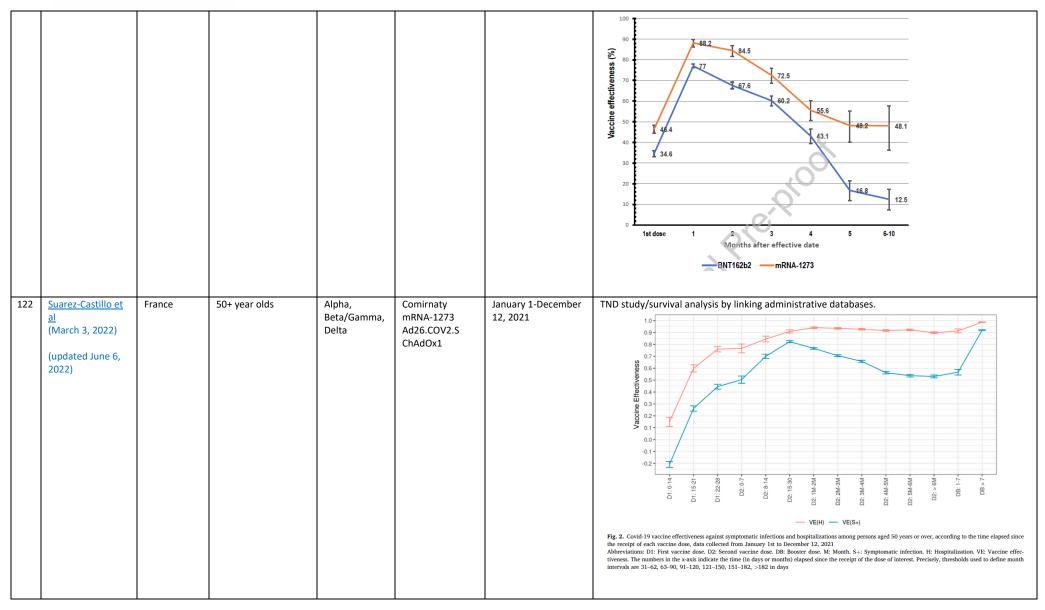




							Supplementary Table 11: VE against Covid-19-related hospital admission in 2022 Q1, i.e., between January 01 and Pebruary 19. Vaccine effectiveness (in %) quantified as 1 minus the hazard ratio adjusted for age, see, region of residence, residence in a long-term care facility, influenza vaccination in 2019-2020, number of nights hospitalized between 2015 and 2019 and presence of preciseosing comorbidities. Common
124	Fowlkes et al (March 11, 2022)	USA	5-15 year olds	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty	July 25, 2021— February 12, 2022	Cohort study finding the adjusted VE at 14–149 days after receipt of dose 2 was 87% (95% CI = 49%–97%) against Delta infection and 59% (95% CI = 22%–79%) against Omicron infection. Adjusted VE ≥150 days after dose 2 was 60% against Delta infection and 62% against Omicron, with wide CIs that included zero.
123	Syed et al (March 2, 2022)	Qatar	12+	Alpha, Beta/Gamma, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	December 16, 2020- October 31, 2021	Cohort study linking adminsitrative databases. VEs are unadjusted











121	Klein et al	USA	5-17 year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty	April 2021-January	TND study evaluating VE again	ost emergency dona	rtment/urgo	nt care visits and hospitalizations.
121	(March 1, 2022)	USA	3-17 year olus	Delta	Committaty	2022	TWO Study evaluating ve again			The care visits and nospitalizations.
	(101011111, 2022)			Delta		2022	Encounter type/Vaccination status	SARS-CoV-2 test-positive, Total no. (%)		
							ED or UC encounters during Delta or	Omicron predominance	e, by age group	
							5–11 yrs Unvaccinated (Ref)	8,599 2,652 (30.8)	_	
								582 124 (21.3)	46 (24-61)	
							12–15 yrs Unvaccinated (Ref) 1	12,064 3,238 (26.8)	_	
								4,547 254 (5.6)	83 (80-85)	
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier)	1,517 378 (24.9) 10 3 (30)	38 (28–48) NC	
							16-17 yrs	10 3 (30)	INC	
								7,421 2,068 (27.9)		
								2,692 193 (7.2) 1,721 329 (19.1)	76 (71-80) 46 (36-54)	
							3 doses (≥7 days earlier)	64 13 (20.3)	86 (73-93)	
							ED or UC encounters, by age group a	and predominant varia	nt	
							5-11 yrs** Omicron predominant ^{††}			
								5,938 2,409 (40.6) 486 118 (24.3)	51 (30-65)	
							12–15 yrs	110 (24.3)	31 (30 03)	
							Delta predominant ⁺⁺	0.633 1.039 (30.5)	_	
								9,633 1,978 (20.5) 4,060 80 (2.0)	92 (89–94)	
								798 32 (4.0)	79 (68-86)	
							Omicron predominant ⁺⁺ Unvaccinated (Ref)	2,336 1,254 (53.7)	_	
							2 doses (14–149 days earlier)	472 174 (36.9)	45 (30-57)	
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier)	719 346 (48.1) 10 3 (30.0)	−2 (−25−17) NC	
							16-17 yrs			
							Delta predominant ^{+†} Unvaccinated (Ref)	5,302 1,191 (22.5)	_	
							2 doses (14–149 days earlier)	2,340 78 (3.3)	85 (81-89)	
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier)	1,156 47 (4.1) 2 0 (—)	77 (67–84) NC	
							Omicron predominant++			
								1,363 771 (56.6) 263 114 (43.4)	34 (8-53)	
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier)	565 282 (49.9)	-3 (-30-18)	
							3 doses (≥7 days earlier) Hospitalizations during Delta or Om	62 13 (21.0)	81 (59–91) v age group	
							5–11 yrs	action predominance, b	, age group	
							Unvaccinated (Ref)	262 59 (22.5) 23 2 (8.7)	747.35.00	
							2 doses (14–67 days earlier) 12–15 yrs	23 2 (8.7)	74 (-35-95)	
							Unvaccinated (Ref)	496 149 (30)		
							2 doses (14–149 days earlier) 2 doses (≥150 days earlier)	182 7 (3.8) 63 13 (20.6)	92 (79–97) 73 (43–88)	
							16–17 yrs			
								437 136 (31.1) 150 7 (4.7)	94 (87–97)	
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier)	82 14 (17.1)	88 (72-95)	
							3 doses (≥7 days earlier)	4 1 (25.0)	NC	





120	Comid at al	Crook	Conoral requisits	Omionor	Cominget	Docombon 7, 2024	Cohort study expeted by liabing administrative detabases (2) worths and 2 are all and 2.
120	Smid et al	Czech	General population	Omicron	Comirnaty	December 7, 2021-	Cohort study created by linking administrative databases. (<2 months and >=2 months prior to
	(February 25,	Republic	of country	Delta	mRNA-1273	February 13, 2022	onset)
	2022)				Ad26.COV2.S		Protection against Delta and Omicron infection
	(ChAdOx1		10-
	(updated April 28,						0.9-
	2022)						
							§ 0.8
							§ 0.7-
							0.6.
							± 0.5-
							0.4 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
							ig 0.3-
							<u>E</u> 0.2
							0.1
							0.0 Inf6- Inf6+ Full2- Full2+ Booster2- Booster2+
							Fig. 2. Protection provided by vaccination or previous infection against infection by the Omicron and Delta variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Inf6-, previous infection <6 months ago; Inf6-, previous infection >6 months ago; Inf6-, previous infection <2
							months ago; Full2+, complete vaccination >2 months ago; Booster2-, booster dose <2 months ago; Booster2+, booster dose >2 months ago. Shown are point estimates
							of protection with 95% CI.
							Table 3. Vaccine effectiveness and protection provided by post-
							infection immunity against hospitalization, for the Omicron and Delta
							variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, 95% confidence intervals (CI) in
							parentheses.
							Effect ag. Hosp. Omicron Delta
							Full 2- 45% (29-57%) 75% (68-80%)
							Full 2+ 29% (21-37%) 79% (78-81%)
							Booster 2- 87% (84-88%) 98% (97-98%)
							Booster 2+ 79% (75-83%) 97% (95-98%)
							Table 6. Vaccine effectiveness and protection provided by post-
							infection immunity against hospitalization with a need for oxygen
							therapy, for the Omicron and Delta variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus,
							95% confidence intervals (CI) in parentheses.
							5" + 0 0
							Effect ag. O ₂ Omicron Delta
							Full 2- 57% (32-72%) 82% (76-87%)
							Full 2+ 32% (20-43%) 82% (80-83%) Booster 2- 90% (87-92%) 98% (98-98%)
							Booster 2- 90% (87-92%) 98% (98-98%)
							DUUSIGI 2+ 0076 (0U-0076) 9176 (90-9076)





							Table 7. Vaccine effectiveness and protection provided by post- infection immunity against hospitalization with a need for intensive care, for the Omicron and Delta variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, 95% confidence intervals (CI) in parentheses. Effect ag. ICU
119	(February 26, 2022) (updated June 9, 2022)	Israel	16+ Maccabi insured patients	Omicron	Comirnaty	January 1-January 21, 2022	Matched TND study to evaluate relative VE against infection and hospitalization/death. All persons had received the primary series by August 1, 2021. Marginal effectiveness against infection of a booster dose given a month before the outcome period was at its peak at 59.4% (95% CI, 54.9%-63.5%). Effectiveness declined gradually with time from inoculation, reaching 16% (95% CI, 12.3%-19.5%) in those vaccinated 5 months prior to the outcome period compared to those not receiving the booster dose. As for the marginal effectiveness against severe disease, it seems that waning exists though to a much lesser degree, as effectiveness declines from 72.2% (95% CI, 37.8%-87.6%) 3 months after inoculation to 54.5% (95% CI, 13.4-76.1) five months after vaccination. However, numbers are small as also reflected by the confidence intervals.
118	Wright et al (February 25, 2022)	USA	18+ hospitalized	Pre Delta; Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	April 1-October 26, 2021	Case-control study of patients hospitalized in one large US network of hospitals. 100 90 80 70 90 40 20 Vaccine type Moderna 10 Pfizer Janssen Jansse





117	Liu et al (February 18, 2022)	Australia	Persons exposed in two outbreaks (1 at a night club, 1 at a medical school graduation event)	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	December 8, 2021- December 22, 2021	Unadjusted VE in two outbreaks by time since 2 nd dose (combined for all vaccines) Timing Night club outbreak outbreak Graduation event outbreak <1 month -33.3 (-141.4-26.3) No cases 1-2 months -18.1 (-85.7-24.8) 87.5 (64-95.7) 2-3 months -5.9 (-67.5-33.1) 60 (38-74.2) 3+ months -36.2 (-114.3-13.4) 32 (22-40.6)
116	Wu et al (February 2022)	China	18+ year old contacts of cases	Delta	Coronavac BBIBP-CorV	July 31, 2021-? (prior to November 17, 2021)	Study done in the context of an outbreak. The adjusted VE of full vaccination against symptomatic COVID-19 was 52.32% (25.73-69.39) for \leq 3-month intervals and 49.95% (1.2-74.64) for 4–6-month intervals; against COVID-19 pneumonia, VEs were 60.31 (31.31-77.07) for \leq 3-month and 67.08% (9.33-88.05) for 4–6-month intervals.
115	Britton et al (February 14, 2022)	USA	12+ year olds	Pre-Delta and Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	March 13, April 15, or June 15 (based on age-based vaccine- eligibility October 17, 2021	TND study to evaluate VE against symptomatic disease based on data collected from pharmacies (note vaccination data based on recall and some portion of 2 dose recipients received 3 doses). In the paper, there is a stratification by age group. A BNT15/22 vaccination among those aged 20 y The buts The bu
114	Ferdinands et al (February 11, 2022)	USA	18+ years	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	August 26, 2021- January 22, 2022	TND study at 8 VISION network sites evaluating VE against emergency room/urgent care visits nad hospitalizations.

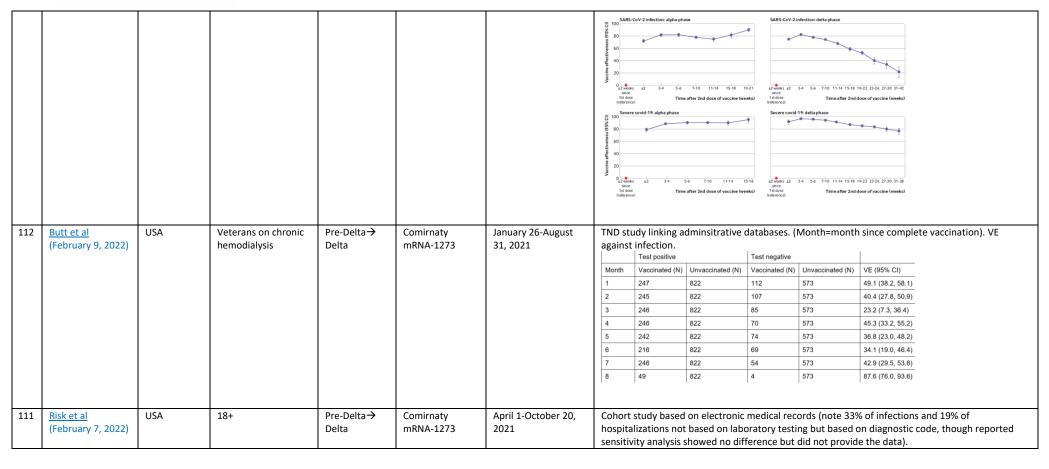




						TABLE 2. mRNA COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness* against laboratory-confirmed COVID-19-associated* emergency department and urgen care encounters and hospitalizations among adults aged ≥18 years, by number and timing of vaccine doses ⁵ — VISION Network, 10 states,					
						August 2021–January 2022**		SARS-CoV-2 positive test result	VE fully adjusted		
						Characteristic ED/UC encounters	Total	no. (%)	% (95% CI)*	Waning trend p value	
						Overall					
						Unvaccinated (Ref)	110,873	43,054 (39)	_	_	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses <2 mos	105,193 4,808	16,487 (16) 301 (6)	72 (72–73) 88 (87–90)	<0.001	
						2-3 mos	10,644	1,312 (12)	80 (78-81)		
						4 mos ≥5 mos	10,175	1,230 (12) 13 644 (17)	79 (77–80) 69 (68–70)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	79,566 25.138	2.285 (9)	89 (89-90)	<0.001	
						<2 mos	15,614	920 (6)	92 (91-93)		
						2–3 mos 4 mos	8,759 736	1,120 (13) 227 (31)	86 (85–87) 75 (70–79)		
						≥5 mos	29	18 (62)	50 (-7-77)		
						Delta-predominant period					
						Unvaccinated (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	86,074 85,371	29,063 (34) 8,136 (10)	80 (79-81)	<0.001	
						<2 mos	4,253	144 (3)	92 (91-94)	*0.001	
						2–3 mos	8,662	527 (6)	88 (86-89)		
						4 mos ≥5 mos	8,941 63,515	721 (8) 6,744 (11)	85 (83–86) 77 (76–78)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	14,207	347 (2)	96 (95-96)	<0.001	
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	10,621 3,542	210 (2) 134 (4)	97 (96-97) 93 (92-94)		
						2–3 mos ≥4 mos	3,542 44	3 (7)	93 (92–94) 89 (64–97)		
						Omicron-predominant period					
						Unvaccinated (Ref)	24,799	13,991 (56)	41 (20 42)	<0.001	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses <2 mos	19,822 555	8,351 (42) 157 (28)	41 (38-43) 69 (62-75)	<0.001	
4						2-3 mos	1.982	785 (40)	50 (45-55)		
						4 mos ≥5 mos	1,234 16,051	509 (41) 6 900 (43)	48 (41-54) 37 (34-40)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	10.931	1,938 (18)	83 (82-84)	< 0.001	
						<2 mos	4,993	710 (14)	87 (85–88)		
						2–3 mos 4 mos	5,217 692	986 (19) 224 (32)	81 (79–82) 66 (59–71)		
						≥5 mos	29	18 (62)	31 (-50-68)		
						Hospitalizations					
						Overall Unvaccinated (Ref)	40,125	16,335 (41)	_	_	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	42,326	4,294 (10)	82 (81–83)	<0.001	
						<2 mos	1,662	71 (4)	93 (91-94)		
						2–3 mos 4 mos	3,084 3,279	223 (7) 234 (7)	88 (86-90) 89 (87-90)		
						≥5 mos	34,301	3,766 (11)	80 (79-81)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	10,957	471 (4)	93 (92-94)	< 0.001	
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	7,332 3,413	221 (3) 211 (6)	95 (94–95) 91 (89–92)		
						≥4 mos	212	39 (18)	81 (72-87)		
						Delta-predominant period	26.214	14.445 (40)	_	_	
						Unvaccinated (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	36,214 38,707	3,315 (9)	85 (84–85)	<0.001	
						<2 mos	1,574	49 (3)	94 (92-96)		
						2–3 mos 4 mos	2,790 3,129	154 (6) 192 (6)	91 (89-92) 90 (89-92)		
						≥5 mos	31,214	2,920 (9)	82 (82-83)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	8,124	195 (2)	95 (95–96)	<0.001	
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	6,071 2,030	118 (2) 74 (4)	96 (95–97) 93 (91–95)		
						≥4 mos	23	3 (13)	76 (14-93)		
						Omicron-predominant period Univaccinated (Ref)	3,911	1,890 (48)	_	_	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	3,619	979 (27)	55 (50-60)	0.01	
						<2 mos	88	22 (25)	71 (51-83)	4.01	
						2–3 mos 4 mos	294 150	69 (23) 42 (28)	65 (53-74) 58 (38-71)		
						≥5 mos	3,087	846 (27)	54 (48-59)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	2,833	276 (10)	88 (86-90)	< 0.001	
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	1,261 1,383	103 (8) 137 (10)	91 (88-93) 88 (85-90)		
						≥4 mos	189	36 (19)	78 (67–85)		
		16+ years	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty	December 27, 2020-	Cohort study of pe	onle who re	eceived at least or	e dose of v	accine at so	
Ital.	1	±0∓ years	Aipiia, Deita								
Italy			1	mRNA-1273	November 7, 2021	Used of day 0-<14	days post d	ose 1 as proxy for	unvaccinat	tea group. Pr	
Italy 16+ years						,					
Italy 16+ years											
Italy 16+ years					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and risk group in p					











							Vaccine	Effectivenes	s			HR	(95% CI)	p-value	
								oV-2 Infectio	on 						
							BNT162l								
							0-6 m					0.13	(0.1-0.16	i) <0.001	
							6+ m		⊢•				,	3) <0.001	
							post-delt	а						,	
							0-6 m	onths	H = H			0.36	(0.32-0.42	2) <0.001	
							6+ ma					0.78	(0.67-0.9	1) 0.002	
							mRNA-1								
							pre-delta					2.00	(0.00.0.4)	2) =0.004	
							0-6 m		·•·				,	3) <0.001 4) <0.001	
							post-delt					0.14	(0.00-0.2	+) <0.001	
							0-6 m		+■			0.22	(0.17-0.3	3) <0.001	
							6+ m	onths	H	-		0.45	(0.33-0.6	1) <0.001	
									0	0.5 1	1.5	2			
														•	
110	Cerqueria-Silva et	Brazil	General population	Gamma, Delta	Coronavac	January 18-	TND ct	ıdı linkin	g administ	trativo da	ahacac				
110		Diazii	General population	Gaiiiiia, Deita	followed by	November 11, 2021			onaVac vaccine aga			ctiveness of CoronaVa	c vaccine aga	ainst COVID-19	
	<u>al</u> (February 9, 2022)				Comirnaty	November 11, 2021	SARS-CoV-2 dose vaccina	infection, by len	gth of time (in days 2 booster dose, str	s) since two-	hospitalizati	on or death, by length tion or BNT162b2 boo	of time (in da	vs) since two-	
					booster		group Period after vaccine (days		18-59 60-79	≥80	Period after vaccine (days)		60-79	≥80	
							Second dose				Second dose				
							0-13		43.5% 32.2% (42.4-44.7) (30.1-34		0-13	65.5% 79.6% (64.2-66.6) (77.6-81.			
							14-30	55.0% 5 (54.3-55.7) (56.5% 55.1% (55.6-57.5) (53.7-56	50.3% 5.5) (46.8-53.6)	14-30	82.1% 91.4% (81.4-82.8) (90.3-92			
							31-60	51.7% 5	52.9% 51.1% (52.1-53.8) (49.7-52	47.0%	31-60	82.6% 89.9% (82.1-83.2) (88.9-90			
							61-90	47.6% 4	48.9% 45.3%	41.0%	61-90	80.5% 87.2% (79.8-81.0) (86.0-88	77.6%	63.2%	
							91-120	46.1% 5	(47.9-49.9) (43.6-46 52.3% 39.8%	31.8%	91-120	78.9% 89.0%	75.5%	58.0%	
							121-150	(45.3-46.9) ((51.3-53.2) (37.8-41 50.6% 36.3%	.8) (27.3-36.1)	121-150	(78.3-79.6) (87.8-90 77.0% 86.7%			
								(40.8-42.8) ((49.3-51.9) (33.8-38	3.7) (16.5-27.3)	151-180	(76.1-77.8) (85.2-88 75.0% 81.9%	.0) (73.5-76.3	(48.0-55.8)	
							151-180	(36.7-39.3) (44.0% 35.3% (42.3-45.6) (32.2-38	3.2) (8.3-21.5)		(73.9-76.0) (79.8-83	.8) (72.9-76.4	(42.9-52.4)	
							>180	34.7 % 3 (33.1-36.3) (34.1% 34.5% (32.2-35.9) (29.9-38	10.1% 3.7) (1.1-18.3)	>180	72.6% 74.8% (71.0-74.2) (72.1-77.2			
							Booster (BNT		40.30/ 35.70/	11 50/	Booster (BNT1 0-6	62b2) 80.6% 89.1%	79.6%	48.8%	
							0-6	(33.8-44.8) (40.3% 35.7% (31.6-47.8) (25.2-44	1.8) (-12.4-30.3)		(76.4-84.0) (76.6-94	.9) (73.5-84.2	2) (31.3-61.9)	
							7-13		84.6% 75.9% (80.2-88.0) (69.6-80		7-13	91.4% 95.8% (88.5-93.5) (82.9-99			
							14-30	92.7% 9	93.5% 93.4% (90.7-95.5) (90.3-95	82.0%	14-30	97.3% 97.9% (96.1-98.1) (85.0-99			
							>30	82.6% 6	51.8% 81.2%	66.4%	>30		92.0%		
1	1							(76.9-86.9) ((27.2-79.9) (67.6-89	9.1) (49.6-77.5)	*The Classification	(94.1-98.3) e estimated owing to zero/few eve		(70.0-94.7)	
1													nes in the group.		



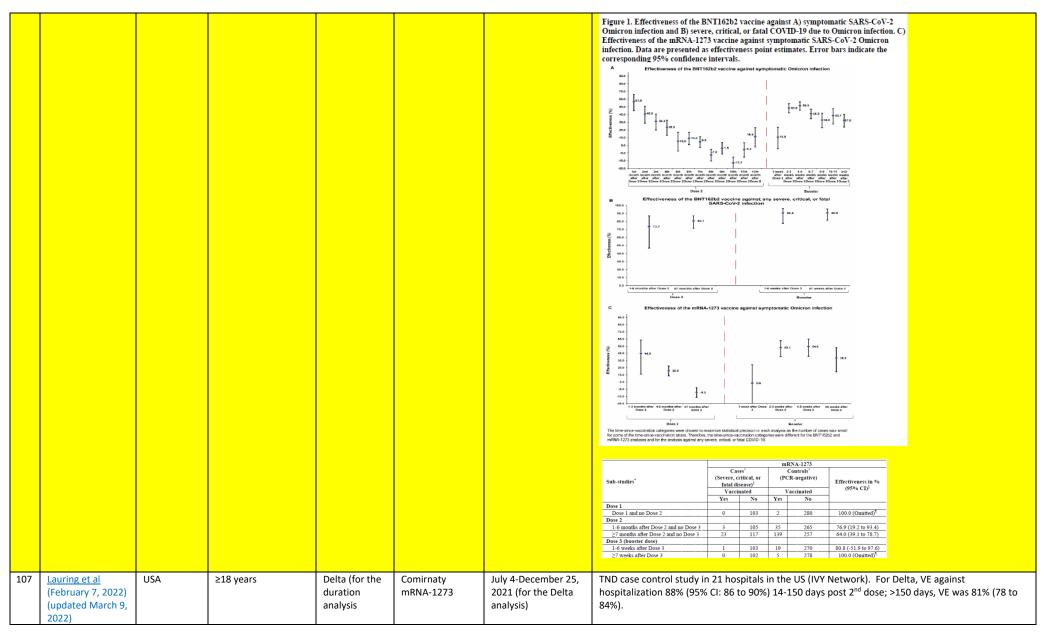


							Extended Data Table 4 Vaccine effectiveness against death due to COVID-19 using RT-PCR, by length of time (in days) since two- dose vaccination or BNT162b2 booster dose
							Period post vaccine (days) Overall 18-59 60-79 ≥80
							Second dose
							0-13 67.3% (65.6-68.9) 86.4% (82.5-89.4) 69.6% (67.6-71.6) 56.0% (51.6-60.0)
							14-30 82.7% (81.7-83.6) 91.4% (88.7-93.5) 84.5% (83.3-85.6) 72.7% (69.8-75.4)
							31-60 83.6% (82.8-84.3) 91.9% (89.7-93.6) 84.8% (83.8-85.7) 70.0% (67.2-72.5)
							61-90 81,4% (80,5-82,2) 92,2% (89,8-94,0) 82,5% (81,3-83,7) 67,2% (64,2-69,9)
							91-120 79.8% (78.7-80.8) 95.0% (93.1-96.4) 81.7% (80.3-83.0) 63.5% (59.9-66.7)
							121-150 78.3% (77.0-79.6) 93.7% (90.9-95.7) 82.0% (80.3-83.5) 58.7% (54.3-62.7)
							151-180 76.8% (75.1-78.4) 92.1% (88.2-94.7) 81.9% (79.7-83.8) 53.9% (48.3-56.9)
							>180 74.8% (72.2-77.2) 90.3% (85.5-93.5) 81.5% (77.6-84.7) 45.5% (37.1-52.8)
							Booster (BNT162b2)
							0-6 80,3% (73,1-85,6) 100% (*) 81,4% (71,3-87,9) 59,9% (39,3-73,5)
							7-13 92.2% (87.4-95.2) 100% (*) 92.3% (83.8-96.3) 80.7% (65.3-89.2)
							14-30 98.3% (96.3-99.2) 81.9% (-31.6-97.5) 99.1% (93.6-99.9) 95.4% (88.7-98.1)
							>30 97.1% (90.5-99.1) 100% (*) 94.3% (58.3-99.2) 93.5% (73.2-98.4)
109	Andeweg et al	Netherlands	General population	Omicron	Comirnaty	November 22, 2021-	TND study linking administrative databases evaluating VE/risk reduction from prior infection
	(February 8, 2022)			(BA.1 and	ChAdOx1	March 31, 2022	and/or vaccination.
				BA.2)	mRNA-1273		A. Delta-Omicron BA.1 cohort Vgrant → consortion → cons
	(updated to final			Delta	Ad26.COV2.S		Protest Wilden. Protesty socialism Bodier
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							B. Omicron BA.1–BA.2 cohort Variant Omicron BA.1 Omicron BA.1 Omicron BA.1 Omicron BA.1 Omicron BA.1 Omicro BA.1 Omicron BA.1 Omicro BA.1 Omicro BA.1 Omicro BA.1 Omicro BA.1
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108	Chemaitelly et al	Qatar	General population	Omicron	Comirnaty	December 23, 2021-	Matched TND study based on linking adminsitrative databases.
200	(February 8, 2022)		Tanara population		mRNA-1273	February 2, 2022	manufacture and a state of mining administrative and addition
	(1 Cordary 0, 2022)				IIIIIIVA 1273	1 Columny 2, 2022	











106	(January 31, 2022)	Portugal	≥12 years	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	December 6-21, 2021	Compared the odds of vaccination in Delta versus Omicron cases. (higher odds =lower VE of Omicron). Omicron: Delta aOR Complete primary vaccination <113 days 2.3 (1.9 to 2.8) Complete primary vaccination 113-168 days 2.0 (1.7 to 2.4) Complete primary vaccination 169+ days 1.9 (1.6 to 2.3)
105	Corrao et al (January 27, 2022)	Italy	≥12 years	Alpha → Delta	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 17-October 20, 2021	Condition that study Figure 1 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 1 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 1 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 2 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 3 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completion involved Figure 4 influence of time inter-completio





104	Roberts et al (January 31, 2022)	USA	Adults	Multiple	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 (for duration)	January 1-December 31, 2021	TND study evaluating VE against infection (top) and hospitaliation/death (bottom). Note that this is a combination of primary and booster dose VE in quarter 4. **Vecinition** **Any
							Naccination Overall Ol
103	Belayachi et al (January 27, 2022)	Morocco	≥18 year olds	Unknown→ Delta	BBIBP-CorV	February 1-October 1, 20221	TND linking adminsitrative databases to evaluate VE against severe disease. As a function of time after vaccination of second dose vaccination, vaccine effectiveness among persons who had received the second dose 1–30 days earlier was 88% (95% CI, 84-91), 87% (95% CI: 83-90) among those who had received it 31–90 days earlier, 75% (95% CI: 67-80) among those who had received it 91–120 days earlier, 61% (95% CI: 54-67) among those who had received it 121–150 days earlier, 64% (95% CI: 59-69) among those who had received it ≥150 days earlier. Note they attempted to stratify by age (>/< 60 years) showing a trend towards a lower VE gainst severe/critical disease in those over 60 but confidence intervals were overlapping.
102	Lytras et al (January 29, 2022) (updated June 14, 2022)	Greece	≥15 year olds	Alpha→Delta	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January-December 2021	Cohort study linking administrative databases evaluating VE against intubation and death. VE provided for 6 months





							Vaccine Effectiveness (comparative)
							Vaccine VE (%) VE (%)
							3-dose BNT1e2b2 (age 15-79) 98.2 (97.2-98.9) 98.3 (96.8-99.1)
							3-dose BNT162D2 (age 80+) 97.5 (95.5–98.6) 98.4 (97.4–99.6)
							2-dose BNT162b2 (before "delta", age 15-59) 96.2 (95.2-97.6) 9.5.2 (94.2-97.5)
							2-dose BNT162b2 (before "delta", age 60-79) 94.1 (92.4-95.4) 93.5 (919-94.8)
							2-dose BNTHGIP2 (before "delta", age 80+)
							2-0058 BNTH2RD (age 15-59) 98.1 (97.5-98.6) 96.5 (94.8-97.6)
							2-0058 BNTI62D2 (age 60-79) 96.7 (95.9-97.A) 94.1 (92.7-95.2)
							2-dose BNT162D2 (age 80+) 91.0 (88.4–93.0) 91.0 (88.4–93.0)
							2-dose BNTH6202 (age 15-99, at 6 months) 95.5 (94.3-96.5) 93.6 (91.0-95.7)
							2-dose BNT162t2 (age 60-79, at 6 months) 92.0 (91.0-92.9) 89.4 (87.9-90.8)
							2-dose BNT162D2 (age so-, at 6 months) • 85.9 (83.5–88.0) • 84.0 (82.2–85.6)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 15-59) 99.4 (98.2-99.8) 99.3 (94.7-99.9)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 60-79) 98.9 (97.3-99.5) 98.4 (95.5-99.5)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 80+) — 97.9 (90.2-99.5) — 96.7 (87.9-99.1)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 15-59, at 6 months) = 97.3 (93.1-98.9) = 98.3 (88.3-99.8)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 60-79, at 6 months) 95.1 (93.0-96.5) 96.2 (93.6-97.7)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 80+, at a months) 90.6 (67.0-97.3) 92.0 (80.0-96.8)
							2-dose ChildOxt nCOV-19 (age 15-59) 97.6 (95.3-99.0) 97.5 (89.7-99.4)
							2-dose ChidOx1 nC0V-19 (age 60-79) 97.2 (95.3-98.1) -9 55.4 (912-97.6)
							2-dose (nadoxi nov-19 (age so-) = 97.8 (917-99.4) = 92.6 (642-96.5)
							2-dose Chádóxi nCoV-fo (age 15-59, at 6 months) = 92.4 (84.0–96.4) = 94.5 (722-98.7) 2-dose Chádóxi nCoV-fo (age 65-76, at 6 months) = 90.3 (872-92.5) = 80.8 (85.2–82.0)
							2-dose ChAdOxt nCoV-19 (age 60-79, at 6 months) • 90.3 (87A-92.5) • 89.6 (85.2-93.0) 2-dose ChAdOxt nCoV-19 (age 60-79, at 6 months) • 92.4 (72.7-97.9) • 83.4 (89.5-90.9)
							2-00se Chapuxi ncov-19 (age 80°, at 6 months)
							1-0059 A026.COV2.5 (age 60-79)
							1-dos ed. (50.4 - 50.4) - 97. (102 50.4) - 97. (1
							1-dose Adds:COU2.5 (age out
							1-10058 AdJS:COV2-5 (age 6-07); it is months) = 8.3 ((67-9-04)) = 8.3 ((67-9-23)
							1-dose Ad2s.COV.3 (age 80-, at 6 months) = 91.7 (75.5-97.2) = 80.6 (99.2-90.7)
							20 40 60 80 100 20 40 60 80 100 VE (%) against VE (%) against
							ve t %) uglimis. Intubation death
404	Galallanta a Finhani	1164	Delega de la Car	D. U.	C	1 4 No	Adaptive d TND
101	Goldhaber-Fiebert	USA	Prison population	Delta	Comirnaty	June 1-November 5,	Matched TND among cases evaluating duration of protection against infection of early vs late fully
	et al		and staff		mRNA-1273	2021	(primary series) vaccinated persons. Among staff, odds of infection increased 25% (Odds Ratio
	(January 23, 2022)						[OR], 1.25; 95% Confidence Interval [CI], 1.13 – 1.40) in each 28-day period post-vaccination;
	(50.700.7) = 5, = 5, = 5,						among residents, the odds increased by 21% (OR, 1.21; 95%CI 1.08 – 1.36) (Figure 1). Compared
							with individuals within 60 days of being fully vaccinated, odds of infection were over fourfold
							greater ≥181 days since full vaccination for staff (OR, 4.36; 95%CI 1.92 – 9.89) and nearly threefold
							greater for residents (OR, 2.89; 95%CI 1.40 – 5.98)
100	Dadeten et el	Males	Haalth sans Maril : :-	Alaka XDali	Caratinanta	Danas 7 2020	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
100	Bedston et al	Wales	Healthcare Workers	Alpha → Delta	Comirnaty	December 7, 2020-	Cohort study. 2 weeks after dose 2, VE against infection was 67% (aHR 0.33, 95 %CI 0.24–0.44).
	(January 20, 2022)					September 30, 2021	This increased in weeks 2–5 to 86% (aHR 0.14, 95 %Cl 0.09–0.21), and decreased to 77% over
							weeks 6–13. After this, vaccine effectiveness decreased from 60% to 53% between weeks 14–25,
							and from week 26 vaccine effective was 45% (aHR 0.55, 95 %CI 0.49–0.61).
99	Accorsi et al	USA	≥18 year olds	Delta →	Comirnaty	December 10-	TND study in ICATT (free testing sites throughout US) against symptomatic disease. Note OR can b
	(January 21, 2022)			Omicron	mRNA-1273	January 1, 2022	converted to VE by the formulate VE=1-OR
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					- , , -	





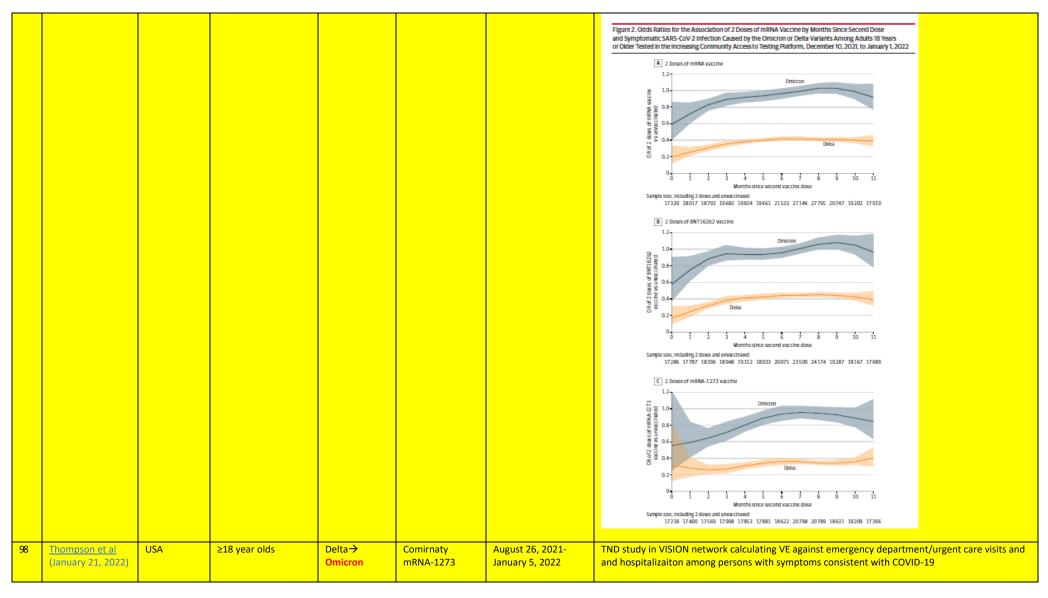






							TABLE 2. mRNA COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness* against labora encounters and hospitalizations among adults aged ≥18 years	tory-confirmed COVID- rs, by number and tim	-19-associated [†] emergency departn ing of vaccine doses [§] and vaccine	nent and urgent care product received —	
							VISION Network, 10 states, August 2021–January 2022 Encounter/Predominant variant period/Vaccination status	Total	SARS-CoV-2 positive test result, no. (%)	VE, %* (95% CI)	
							ED or UC encounters Delta predominant Umaccinated (Bef) Any mBMA vaccine 2 doses (14–179 days entier) 2 doses (14 dodys entier) 3 doses Omicron predominant Umaccinated (Bef) Any mBMA vaccine	98,087 39,629 52,506 14,523 6,996	36,542 (37.2) 3,269 (8.2) 6,893 (13.1) 499 (3.2) 3,398 (48.6) 591 (33.9)	86 (85–87) 76 (75–77) 94 (93–94) — 52 (46–58)	
							2 doses (14-179 days earlier) 2 doses (24 doys earlier) 3 doses Hospitalizations Delta predominant Umraccinated (Ref) Any mRMA waccine	1,746 5,409 3,876	2,037 (37.7) 520 (13.4) 14,272 (38.2)	38 (32-43) 82 (79-84)	
							2 doses (14-179 days sarlier) 2 doses (24 dod sys earlier) 3 doses Omicron predominant Umaccinited (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine 2 doses (4-179 days sarlier)	14,645 26,190 8,092 460	895 (6.1) 2,563 (9.8) 209 (2.6) 174 (37.8) 14 (12.2)	90 (89-90) 81 (80-82) 94 (93-95) — 81 (65-90)	
				- 1			2 doses (±180 days earlier) 3 doses	488 514	86 (17.6) 24 (4.7)	57 (39–70) 90 (80–94)	
97	Tartof et al (January 19, 2022) (updated April 22,	USA	≥18 year olds enrolled in Kaiser insurance	Delta Omicron	Comirnaty	December 1, 2021- February 6, 2022	TND study of persons admitted COVID-19. Hamplid administration date to date (8.1.6172) portant. Second date. That dates		omicron (B.1.1.529) variant	ospital with	symptoms consistent with
	2022)						200- 2 75- 4 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	+ + 1	+ •		
							ED administration due to obtain (EL 6472) variant Second dose 100 2 75 4 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	ED admission due to omico Second d			
							The story accounts	3. Feeder 3.5 Feeder 6.5 Feeder	Specific 25 period 25 peri		
96	Amodio et al (January 19, 2022)	Italy	≥18 year olds	Alpha → Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	January 1-September 30, 2021	Cohort study of 3.9 millions add trends for vaccine effectiveness significant for all the three eval infection; -2·27% per month, p- COVID-19 intubation/death, res	s, measured uated outco =0·029 agair	l as monthly perce omes (-4·76% per	entage chan month, p<0	ges, were statistically 001 against SARS-CoV-2

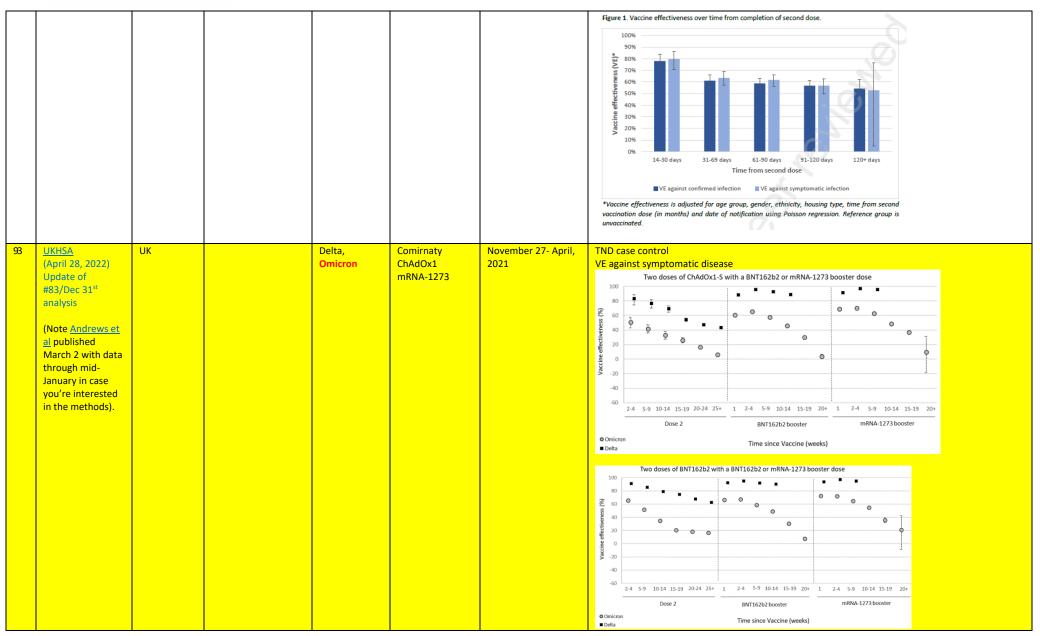




							Figure 4: Vaccine effectiveness estimates after adjustment for age and sex according to the different assessed outcomes and follow-up periods. A. Vaccine effectiveness against EAMS-CeV-2 infection Fallow-up-period Vaccine University Cases parents by Cases by Case
95	Suah et al (January 16, 2022) (updated June 2022)	Malaysia	General population	Delta	Comirnaty CoronaVac	September 1-30, 2021	Compared early (April-June) vs late (July-August) vaccinated persons (comparing to unvaccinated based on census data). For BNT162b2, crude vaccine effectiveness against COVID-19 infections declined from 90.8% (95% CI 89.4, 92.0) in the late group to 79.1% (95% CI 75.8, 81.9) in the late group. Vaccine effectiveness for BNT162b2 against ICU admission and deaths were comparable between the two different periods. For CoronaVac, crude vaccine effectiveness waned against COVID-19 infections from 74.4% in the late group (95% CI 209 70.4, 77.8) to 30.0% (95% CI 18.4, 39.9) in the early group. It also declined significantly against ICU admission, dropping from 56.1% (95% CI 51.4, 60.2) to 29.9% (95% CI 13.9, 43.0) (adjusted). For deaths, however, CoronaVac's effectiveness did not wane after three to five months of full vaccination. Waning more prominent in 60+.
94	Chiew et al (January 8, 2022)	Singapore	12-18 year olds	Delta	Comirnaty	June 1-November 20, 2021	Cohort study evaluating VE against infection and disease.













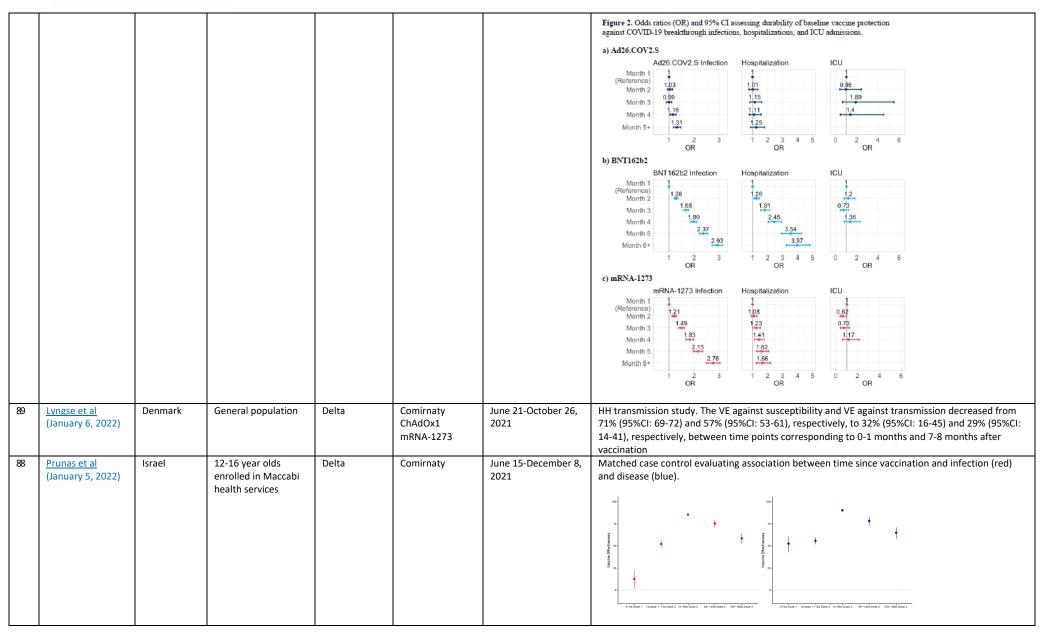




									,					
							Dose	Interval after dose	Odds Ratio	VE ((95% CI)			
							2	25+ weeks	0.52 (0.34-	0.81) 47.9	(19.3 to 66.4)			
							3	2-4 weeks	0.06 (0.03-	0.12) 93.	6 (88 to 96.6)			
							3	5-9 weeks	0.11 (0.07-	0.17) 88.9	(83.4 to 92.6)			
							3	10+ weeks	0.12 (0.09-	0.18) 87.6	(81.9 to 91.5)			
								 						
92	Tseng et al*	USA	18+ year olds	Delta,	mRNA-1273	December 6-23, 2021	TND case	e control stud	dy done by linki	ng administra	ative database	S.		
	(February 21,		enrolled in Kaiser	Omicron					De	elta VE (95% CI)	Omicron VE (95% CI)		
	2022)		insurance					st Infection						
							2 dose (0.7 (56.5-64.5)	0 (0-3.1)			
	[update from						14-90 91-180	,		.8 (69.6-90.3) .6 (51.8-72.5)	30.4 (5-49) 15.2 (0-30.7)			
	January 21							70 days		4 (56.8-65.5)	0 (0-1.2)			
	preprint]						>270 (,		.9 (43.7-60.5)	0 (0-1.7)			
							3 dose		95	5.2 (93.4-96.4)	62.5 (56.2-67.9	9)		
								ose on or after 1		5.7 (94.2-96.9)	63.6 (57.4-68.9			
							3rd d	ose prior to 10/2	90	.7 (81.4-95.3)	39.1 (3.8-61.5)			
								(immunocomp		5.7 (94.2-96.8)	63.6 (57.4-68.9			
								dose on or after i		5.9 (94.4-97.0)	64.1 (57.9-69.4			
							3rd c	lose prior to 10/2	21 93	.1 (83.9-97)	49.0 (12.6-70.2	2)		
91	Grgič Vitek et al	Slovenia	18+ year olds	Delta	Comirnaty	October 2021	Cohort s	tudy using ac	dministrative da	tahases snec	ifically evaluat	ted VF aga	inst SARI hosr	nitalization
52	(January 6, 2022)	0.010	201 year olas	20.00	mRNA-1273	000000. 2021		ults are unac		tabases spee	cany evaluat			31641124110111
	(0000000) 0) = 0==)							Ful	Vaccine					
							Age group (years)	effectiveness					
									% 95% CI					
							Vaccinated≤ 18-49	3 months ago	90-99					
							50-64		91-97					
							≥ 65	9	3 88-96					
								4-5 months ago	IA NA					
							18-49 50-64		IA NA 90 79-95					
							≥ 65	8	35 81-88					
								6 months ago	2 0 60					
							18-49 50-64		0-69 39 56-97					
							≥ 65		30-54					
90	Zheutlin et al	USA	18+ year olds who	Alpha, Delta,	Comirnaty	January 1-September	Matched	case contro	l using an admii	nistrative data	aset among va	accinated	persons, comp	paring the
	(January 6, 2022)		had been fully	nonVOC	mRNA-1273	7, 2021			spitalization, an		•			
			vaccinated		Ad26.COV2.S		1 st mont	h after full va	accination. Note	outcomes de	efined by COV	ID-19 ICD	10 codes or SA	ARS-CoV-2
							PCR test	ing.						











87	Fisman et al (January 5, 2022)	Canada	5+ year olds	Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, nonVOCs	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 (homologous and heterologous)	December 2020- October 2021	Case-Cohort study looking at VE against infection combined across the different platforms over time since vaccination as well as evaluated impact of dosing intervals. 0.375 0.375 0.325 0.125 0 to 59 60 to 119 120 to 179 180 to 240 Days since dose 2 Days since dose 2
86	Buchan et al (January 28, 2022) [updated from January 1, 2022 version]	Canada	18+ year olds	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 (vaccinated persons had at least 1 dose of an mrna vaccine)	December 6- December 26, 2021	TND study linking administrative databases. Figure St. Vaccine effectiveness against infection by Omicron or Delta among adults aged 218 years by vaccine schedule and time since latest dose A. Receipt of any combination of 2 mRNA vaccines for the 2-dose primary series B. Receipt of 2 doses of BNT162b2 for the 2-dose primary series B. Receipt of 2 doses of BNT162b2 for the 2-dose primary series Days since second dose Days since shirld dose Days since second dose
85	Cerqueria-Silva et al (December 27, 2021)	Brazil	18+ year olds with prior infection 90+ days prior to testing in study period	Gamma, Delta	Coronavac, Comirnaty ChAdOx1 Ad26.COV2.S	January 18, 2021, - November 11, 2021.	Matched TND study linking adminsitrative databases. VE against symptomatic disease on top; severe disease on bottom.

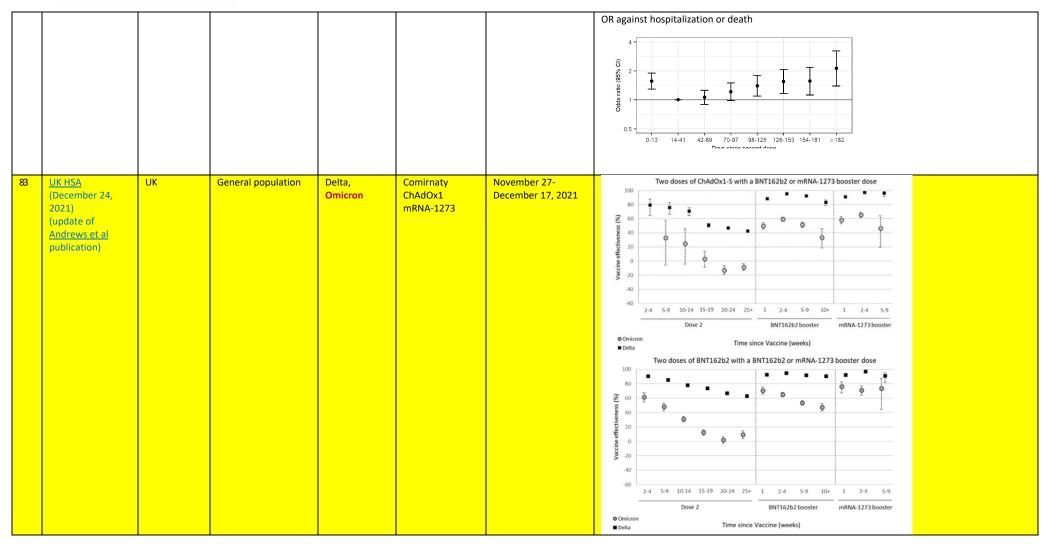




							Table A4. Vaccine effectiveness ≥14 days after series comp
84	Hitchings et al (December 24, 2021)	Brazil	18+ year olds living in Sao Paulo	Gamma, Delta	Coronavac	January 17- September 30, 2021	TND based on linking adminsitrative databases among persons with 2 doses of coronavac (ref period day 14-41 post dose 2). OR for symptomatic disease. Priority status Non-HCW HCW

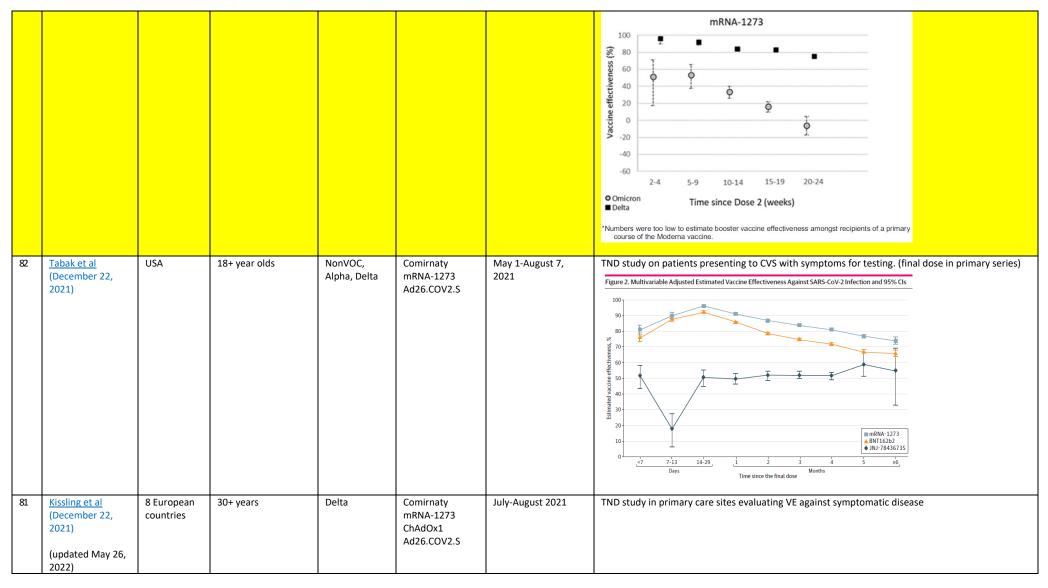






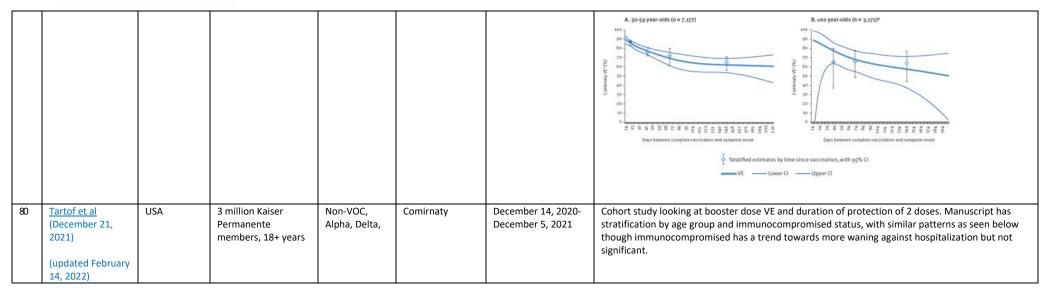






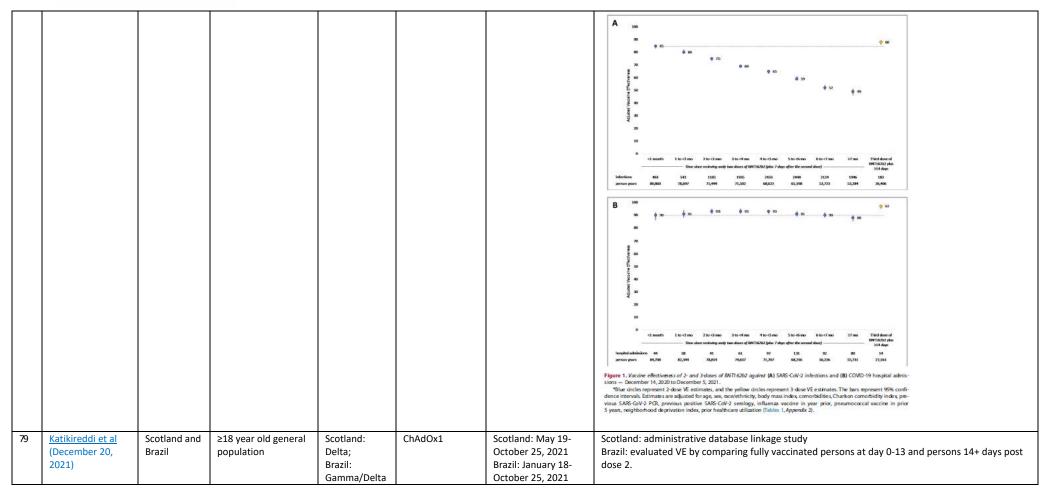












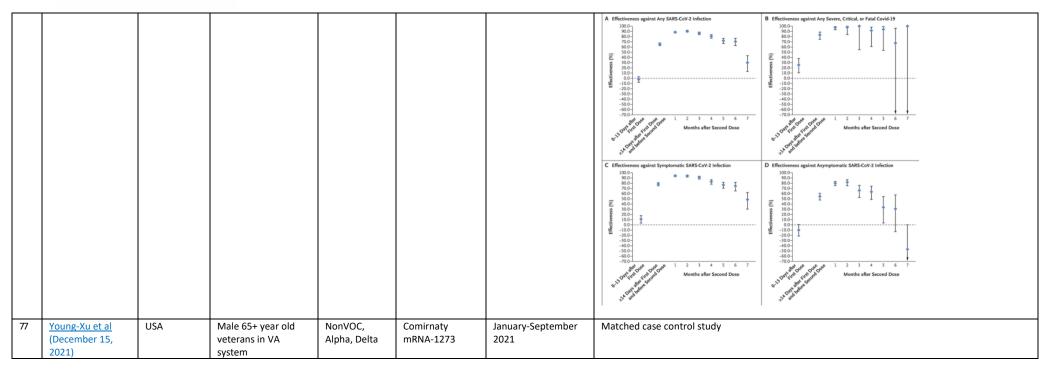




								Scotland			Brazil		
								Person-years	Number of events	Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)	Person-years	Number of events	Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)
							Unvaccinated	336942	2245	0% (ref)			
							0-2 weeks after first dose	6860	39	-15·4% (-60·6 to 17·0)	1849099	21736	0% (ref)
							Partially vaccinated†	94761	420	49·3% (43·3 to 54·6)	11701310	37802	57-9% (56-9 to 58-9)
							0-1 week after second dose	47252	78	77-7% (71-9 to 82-3)	1601585	2688	73-2% (71-9 to 74-5)
							2-3 weeks after second dose	55318	85	83-7% (79-7 to 87-0)	1492259	1095	86-4% (85-4 to 87-3)
							4–5 weeks after second dose	65698	106	86-6% (83-6 to 89-0)	1338063	1019	83-5% (82-3 to 84-7)
							6-7 weeks after second dose	71120	134	86-8% (84-2 to 88-9)	1117 983	1019	77-9% (76-1 to 79-5)
							8–9 weeks after second dose	73540	245	79-0% (75-9 to 81-7)	862 976	863	75-6% (73-4 to 77-6)
							10–11 weeks after second dose	73212	280	79-6% (76-8 to 82-1)	651213	751	69-3% (66-3 to 72-1)
							12-13 weeks after second dose	71773	337	77-4% (74-6 to 80-0)	445 924	646	60-8% (56-6 to 64-6)
							14-15 weeks after second dose	68114	356	75·9% (72·9 to 78·6)	264128	472	59-7% (54-6 to 64-2)
							16–17 weeks after second dose	63 974	402	70-5% (67-0 to 73-7)	169692	397	50-5% (43-4 to 56-6)
							18–19 weeks after second dose	58608	508	63-7% (59-6 to 67-4)	132 459	275	42-2% (32-4 to 50-6)
							20–21 weeks after second dose	45716	598	53-6% (48-4 to 58-3)	132439	4/3	45-277 (32-410-30-0)
							Scotland reference group: unvaccinat deprivation, comorbidities, number of from the analysis. In Brazil, vaccine ef and temporal trend. †Partially vaccin: Table 2: Vaccine effectiveness est vaccination in Scotland and Braz	of previous tests, in fectiveness was ad ated: ≥2 weeks afte imates for ChAd	nterval between do djusted for age, sex er the first dose and	ses, and temporal trend; indivic deprivation, macroregion of re I before the second dose.	luals positive for SA sidence, primary re	ARS-CoV-2 before ason for vaccinati	Dec 8, 2020, were excluded ion, interval between doses,
							vaccination in stotianti and biaz	Scotland			Brazil		
								Total samples	Positive sample	es Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)	Total samples	Positive sample	les Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)
							Unvaccinated	26130	13 698	0% (ref)	9852053	4920001	0% (ref)
							0–1 week after first dose	911	374	20-9% (8-2 to 31-9)	286322	151328	-9-6% (-10-5 to -8-8)
							Partially vaccinated†	15714	7176	37.6% (34.6 to 40.5)	1143 423	398717	37-6% (37-3 to 37-9)
							0–1 week after second dose	5027	2025	50-2% (46-7 to 53-5)	112391	30550	51-3% (50-6 to 52-0)
							2–3 weeks after second dose	7141	2429		95671		
							4–5 weeks after second dose	8947	3387	67-9% (65-9 to 69-8)	79 298	7963 15568	69-8% (69-3 to 70-4)
								10622	4346	67-3% (65-3 to 69-1)		12 401	68-4% (67-8 to 68-9)
							6–7 weeks after second dose			63-8% (61-7 to 65-7)	60301		66-8% (66-1 to 67-5)
							8–9 weeks after second dose	11258	4633	63-3% (61-3 to 65-3)	44351	9424	65-4% (64-6 to 66-2)
							10–11 weeks after second dose		6319	59-3% (57-2 to 61-4)	32 832	7103	63-2% (62-2 to 64-2)
ı							12–13 weeks after second dose		7966	55-3% (53-0 to 57-5)	22 454	5177	58-8% (57-4 to 60-1)
							14–15 weeks after second dose		7670	52-9% (50-4 to 55-2)	15305	3435	59-8% (58-2 to 61-4)
ı							16-17 weeks after second dose		6554	48-7% (45-9 to 51-4)	10 822	2529	58-7% (56-7 to 60-5)
							18–19 weeks after second dose 20–21 weeks after second dose		6248 4718	44·6% (41·5 to 47·6)	7458	1852	57-7% (55-4 to 60-0)
							"In Scotland, vaccine effectiveness w board, interval between doses, and t immonosuppression, cardiac disease appendix 2 (pp 11-15). Partially vac Table 3: Vaccine effectiveness est vaccination in Scotland and Braz	ras adjusted for agreemporal trend. In It pregnancy, puerp cinated: 22 weeks timates for ChAc	e, sex, deprivation, Brazil, vaccine effect teral period, chroni after the first dose	tiveness was adjusted for age, so ckidney disease, and temporal t and before the second dose. ainst confirmed SARS-CoV-2	ex, deprivation, max rend. Descriptive ch	croregion of reside paracteristics for th	ence, diabetes, obesity, he sample are available in
78	Abu-Raddad et al (December 16, 2021 Updated January	Qatar	General population	Alpha→Beta →Delta	mRNA-1273	January 1 and December 5, 2021	TND study linkin	g admii	nsitrativ	e databases.			
	26,2022)												











										inst Laboratory-Confirmed SARS-CoV-2
								nuary to September 2	021	
							Month	Adjusted vaccine eff Pre-Delta (January t	ectiveness by month from full vaccinat o April) Rising Delta (May to Jun	
							1	94.5 (90.7-96.7)	92.1 (87.2-95.1)	62.0 (45.6-73.5)
							2	88.5 (86.1-90.5)	90.6 (87.8-92.7)	60.9 (51.5-68.4)
							3	87.9 (85.9-89.5)	87.3 (80.8-91.7)	57.8 (52.5-62.5)
							4	NA	86.6 (83.0-89.5)	38.3 (33.5-42.7)
							5	NA	67.3 (63.2-70.9)	18.9 (13.7-23.8)
							6	NA	NA	18.4 (13.3-23.3)
							7	NA	NA	23.4 (17.3-29.0)
							8	NA	NA	24.8 (18.8-30.4)
							SARS-CoV-21	ated Messenger RNA Infection by Delta Vari eptember 2021	Vaccine Effectiveness Against ant Period,	_
							ctiveness, %		Pre-Delta High Delta Rising Delta	
							Vaccine effe	1	Ī <u>I I I</u>	
							0		4 5 6 7 8 Ifter full vaccination	9
76	Machado et al (December 14,	Portugal	Non-institutionalized 65-<110 year olds	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	February 2 (80+) or March 30 (65-79) -	Cohort st	tudy linking ac	Iministrative database	S.
	*		03-<110 year olds		ChAdOx1		timing pos	t disease	hospitalization	deaths
	2021)				CHAUOXI	August 2021	dose 2) years 65-79 years 80-<110 years
							14-41 days			
	(updated to final						42-69 days	68 (64-71) 64 (5		
	publication						70+ days		93 (86-96)	93 (87-96)
	September 13,						70-97 days 98+ days	59 (53-64) 53 (4 39 (29-48)	13-62) 74 (60-	84) 86 (78-91)
	2022)						98+ days 98-123 days		10-59) 74 (58-	83) 80 (71-86)
							124+days		29-48) 63 (37-	
							,	AZ disease		
							timing pos			
							dose 2	year olds s 48 (42-54)		
							14-41 days	33 (23-42)		
							70+	34 (10-52)		
								, , /]		
75	Florea et al	USA	≥18 year olds Kaiser	NonVOC,	mRNA-1273	December 18, 2020-	Cohort st	tudv		
,,	(December 14, 2021)	- JJA	Permanente insured patients	Alpha, Delta	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	September 30, 2021	201101131	uuy		
	(updated April 28, 2022)									





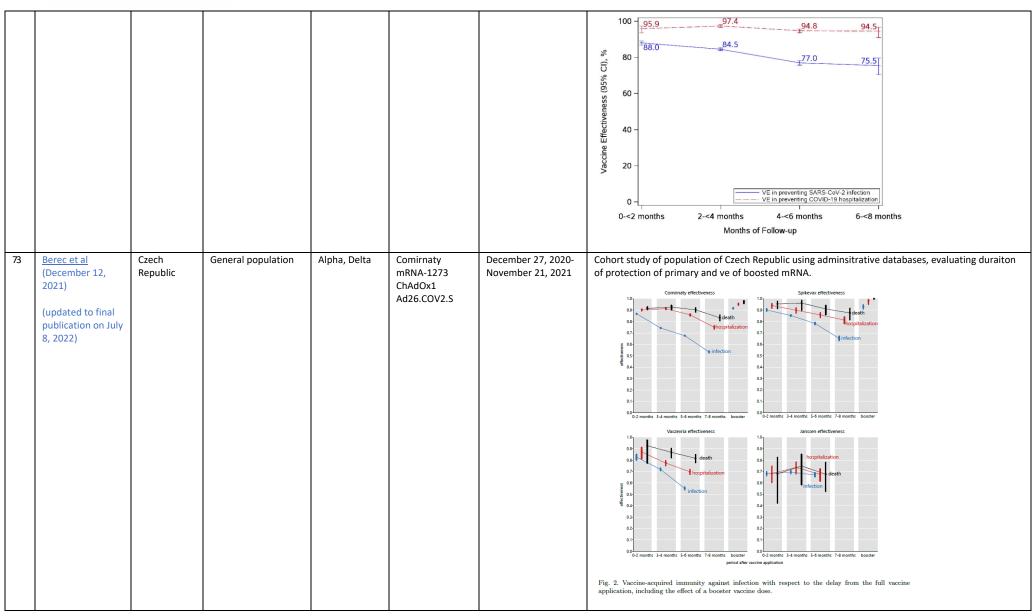


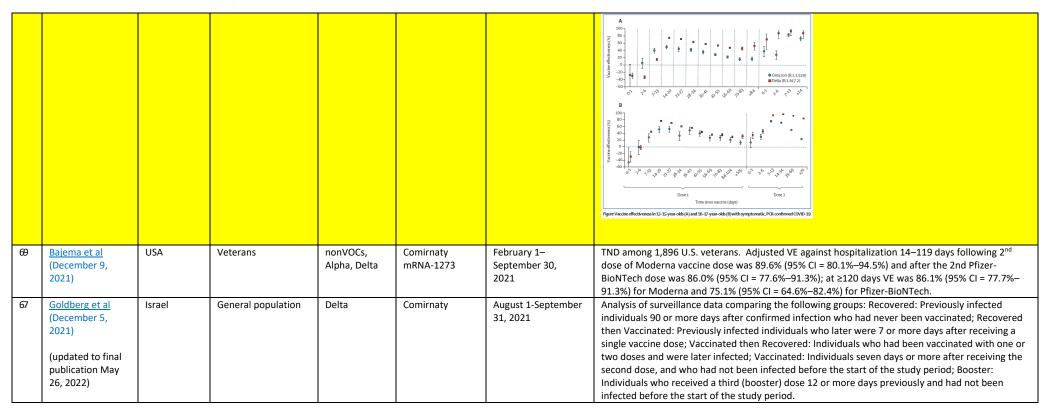




							Table 1. Estimated increase of breakthrough infection hazard ratios (HRs) in times of the SARS-CoV-2 delta variant dominance for age groups having started vaccination in the same month. Vaccine
72	Bjork et al (December 9, 2021) (Updated March 2, 2022)	Sweden	General population	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	March 8-November 7, 2021	Case-control study based on surveillance data, matching on age/sex and no adjustment for other confounders. Infection Vaccine type, at least two doses Pfizer BisNTesh Moderna 3 - 6 months 2 6 months 2 6 months 2 6 months 2 6 months 2 6 months 3 - 6 months 2 6 months 3 - 7 months 3 - 7 mo
71	Kshirsagar et al (December 9, 2021)	USA	Fully vaccinated persons	NonVOCs, Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	March 10-October 14, 2021	Cohort study of fully vaccinated persons evaluating risk of reinfection by vaccination. There was an increase in the rate of hospitalization starting ~110-125 days after full vaccination for all three vaccines depending on age group, with a steeper increase for Janssen.
70	Powell et al (February 18, 2022) (updated May 2022)	UK	General population with a focus on adolescents	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty	Week 32 (~Aug 15) (16-17 yo) and Week 37 (12-15 yo) - January 12, 2022	TND study among adolescents against symptomatic disease

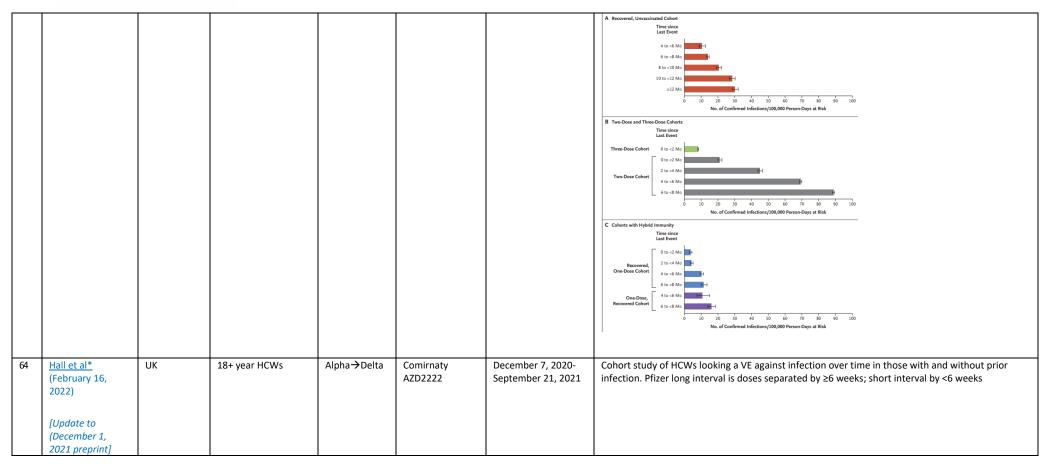
















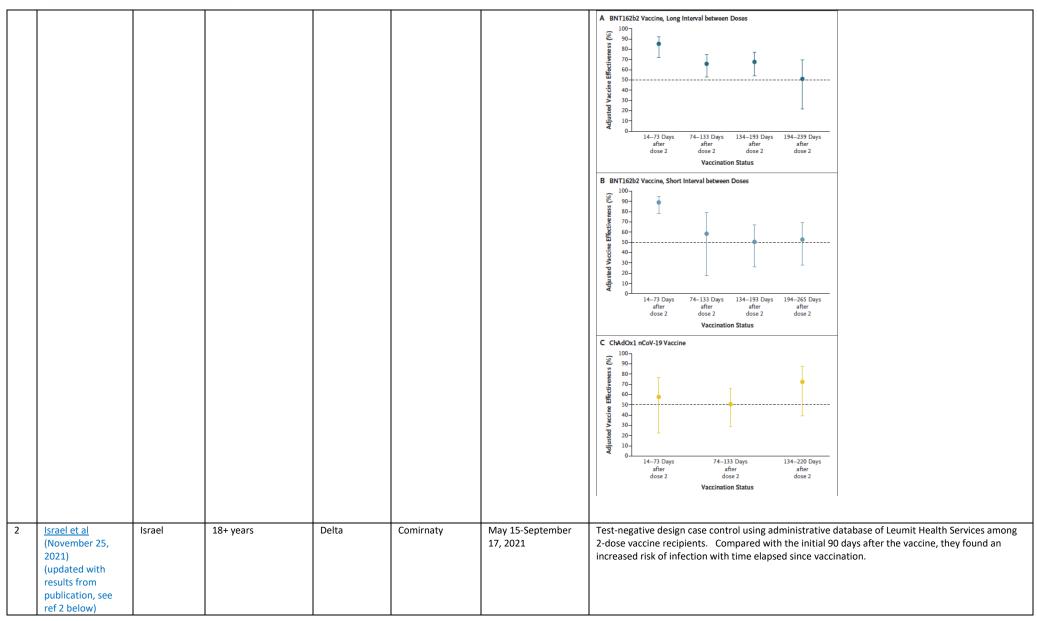


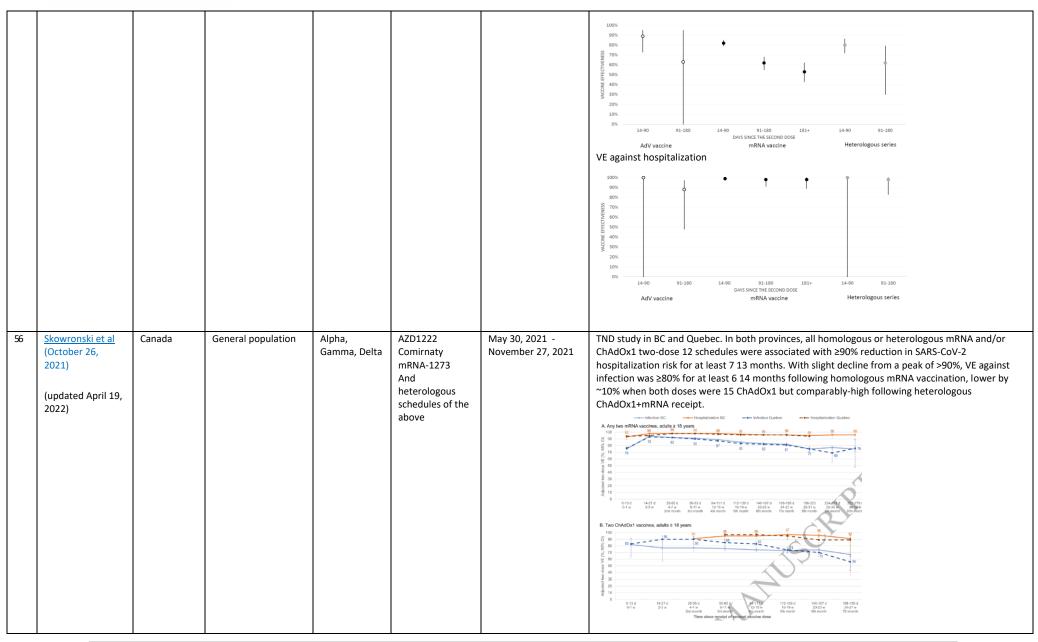




							Table 4 Adjusted odds ratios for risk of SARS-CoV-2 in matched cohort
							Adjusted odds ratio (95% CI) P value
							Time since second vaccine (days):
							21-89 Reference —
							90-119 2.37 (1.67 to 3.36) <0.001 120-149 2.66 (1.94 to 3.66) <0.001
							150-179 2.82 (2.07 to 3.84) <0.001
							≥180 2.82 (2.07 to 3.85) <0.001
							Age (continuous in years) 1.01 (1.00 to 1.01) 0.008
							Male sex 1.05 (0.99 to 1.11) 0.08 Socioeconomic status (continuous 1-20) 0.97 (0.96 to 0.98) (0.001
							Based on a conditional regression model fitted in a cohort matched for week of testing, age category (<18-39,
							40-59, ×60 years), and demographic group.
63	Irizarry et al	USA (Puerto	12+ years	Predelta and	Comirnaty	December 15, 2020-	Analysis of surveillance data linked to immunization registry data. VE against B) Infection c)
ω			121 years	delta	mRNA-1273	· ·	Hospitalizations D) death by time since 2 weeks post complete series completion. Shading
	(November 19,	Rico)		deita		October 15, 2021	
	2021)				Ad26.COV2.S		represents 99% CI.
							B C D
							8890
							5 75%
							<u>9</u> 50%
							B 25%
							8 0%
							0 50 100 150 0 50 100 150 0 50 100 150 Days since fully vaccinated
							Vaccine mRNA-1273 — BNT162b2 — Ad26.COV2.S
					+		
61	Andrews et al	UK	50+	Delta	Comirnaty	September 13-	TND booster dose study that also calculated the VE of a 2 nd dose >140 days after receipt of the 2 nd
61	Andrews et al (November 15,	UK	50+	Delta	Comirnaty AZD2222	September 13- November 1, 2021	TND booster dose study that also calculated the VE of a 2 nd dose >140 days after receipt of the 2 nd dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after
61		UK	50+	Delta	,	· •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
61 59	(November 15, 2021)				AZD2222	November 1, 2021	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively.
	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al	UK USA	50+ Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha,	AZD2222 Comirnaty	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15,	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines
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	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4,			Mix, alpha,	AZD2222 Comirnaty	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15,	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In
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	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4,			Mix, alpha,	AZD2222 Comirnaty	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15,	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Majoria
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	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4,			Mix, alpha,	AZD2222 Comirnaty	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15,	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
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59	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4, 2021)	USA	Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha, and delta	AZD2222 Comirnaty mRNA-1273	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15, 2021	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4, 2021) Poukka et al			Mix, alpha,	AZD2222 Comirnaty mRNA-1273	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15, 2021 December 27,2020-	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
59	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4, 2021) Poukka et al (November 4,	USA	Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha, and delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Comirnaty mRNA-1273	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15, 2021 December 27,2020-August 26 (infection)	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
59	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4, 2021) Poukka et al	USA	Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha, and delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD2222	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15, 2021 December 27,2020-August 26 (infection) October 26	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
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59	(November 15, 2021) Tenforde et al (November 4, 2021) Poukka et al (November 4,	USA	Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha, and delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD2222	November 1, 2021 March 11-August 15, 2021 December 27,2020-August 26 (infection) October 26	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively. Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.







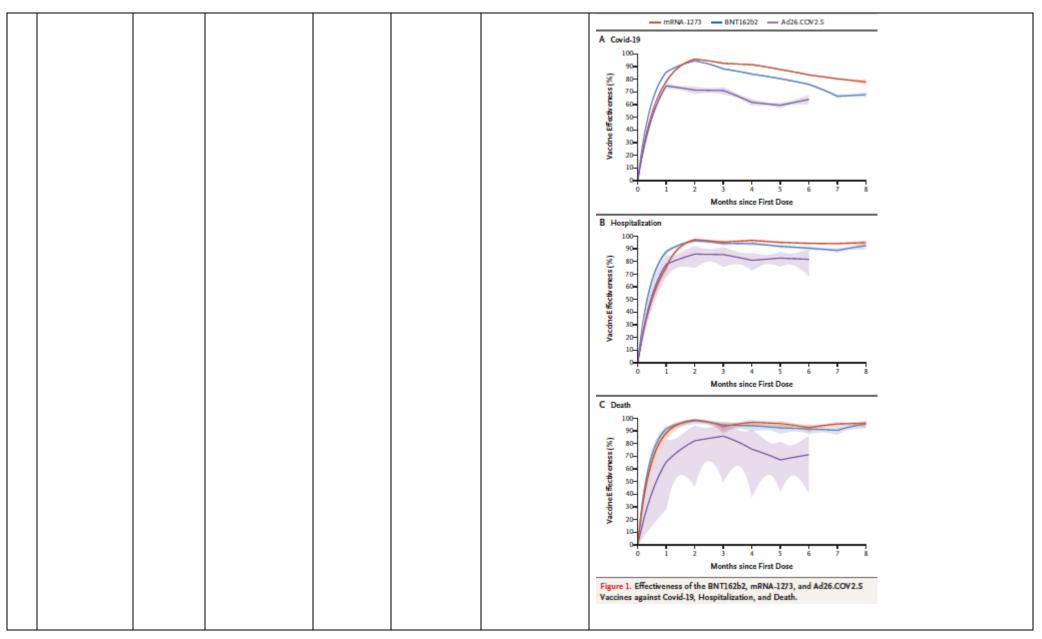




55	Lin et al	USA	General population	multiple	Comirnaty	December 13, 2020-	Administrative database cohort study in North Carolina. For Pfizer two-dose,VE peaks at 94.5%
	(October 26,				mRNA-1273	Sept 8, 2021	(95% CI, 94.1 to 94.9) at 2 months (post the first dose). VE starts to decline after 2 months and
	2021)				Ad26.COV2.S		drops to 66.6% (95% CI, 65.2 to 67.8) at 7 months. For Moderna two-dose, VE peaks at 95.9%
							(95% CI, 95.5 to 96.2) at 2 months. Effectiveness started to decline after 2 months and was
	[updated with						maintained at 80.3% (95% CI, 79.3 to 81.2) at 7 months. For the Janssen one-dose regimen,
	final publication						vaccine effectiveness ramps to a peak level of 74.8% (95% CI, 72.5 to 76.9) at 1 month.
	on January 12,						Effectiveness started to decline after 1 month and decreased to 59.4% (95% CI, 57.2 to 61.5) at 5
	2022}						months.











	Т	1	T	1	T.	1	,
54	Nordstrom et al	Sweden	General population	Alpha, Delta,	AZD1222	January 12-October	National cohort study based on database linkage. Vaccine effectiveness of BNT162b2 against
	(October 25,				Comirnaty	4, 2021	infection waned progressively from 92% (95% CI, 92-93, P<0·001) at day 15-30 to 47% (95% CI, 39-
	2021)				mRNA-1273		55, P<0·001) at day 121-180, and from day 211 and onwards no effectiveness could be detected
					And		(23%; 95% CI, -2-41, P=0-07). The effectiveness waned slightly slower for mRNA-1273, being
	[Updated				AZD1222à		estimated to 59% (95% CI, 18-79) from day 181 and onwards. In contrast, effectiveness of
	February 4, 2022}				mRNA-1273		ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 was generally lower and waned faster, with no effectiveness detected from day
	, , , ,						121 and onwards (-19%, 95% CI, -97-28), whereas effectiveness from heterologous ChAdOx1 nCoV-
							19 / mRNA was maintained from 121 days and onwards (66%; 95% CI, 41-80). Overall, vaccine
							effectiveness was lower and waned faster among men and older individuals. For the outcome
							severe Covid-19, effectiveness waned from 89% (95% CI, 82-93, P<0·001) at day 15-30 to 42% (95%
							CI, -35-75, P=0·21) from day 181 and onwards, with sensitivity analyses showing notable waning
							among men, older frail individuals, and individuals with comorbidities.
52	Hulme et al	UK	HCW	Alpha dalta	Comirnatu	January 4-June 13	Comparative VE Cohort study of HCWs based on linking databases who were vaccinated with
52		UK	псм	Alpha, delta	Comirnaty	January 4-June 13	
	(October 18,				AZD1222		AZD1222 or Comirnaty between January 4-February 28, 2021 who were followed for 20 weeks.
	2021)						Figure 2: Comparative effectiveness For each outcome based on the fully adjusted model, the marginal cumulative incidence for ChAdOx1 and BNT162b2, their difference, and the hazard ratio are shown. Models
							that assumed piecewise-constant hazards gave similar effect estimates (supplementary Figure S2). The
							models with less extensive confounder adjustment gave very similar estimates (supplementary Figure S1) suggesting that recipients of each vaccine were similar after accounting for differences in vaccine allocation
							over space and time (as did all models).
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51	Robles-Fontan et	USA (Puerto	General population	Multiple, with	Comirnaty	December 15,2020-	Cohort study of Puerto Rican population.
	<u>al</u>	Rico)		delta time	mRNA-1273	October 15, 2021	
	(October 18,			frame analysis	Ad26.COV2.S		
	2021)						
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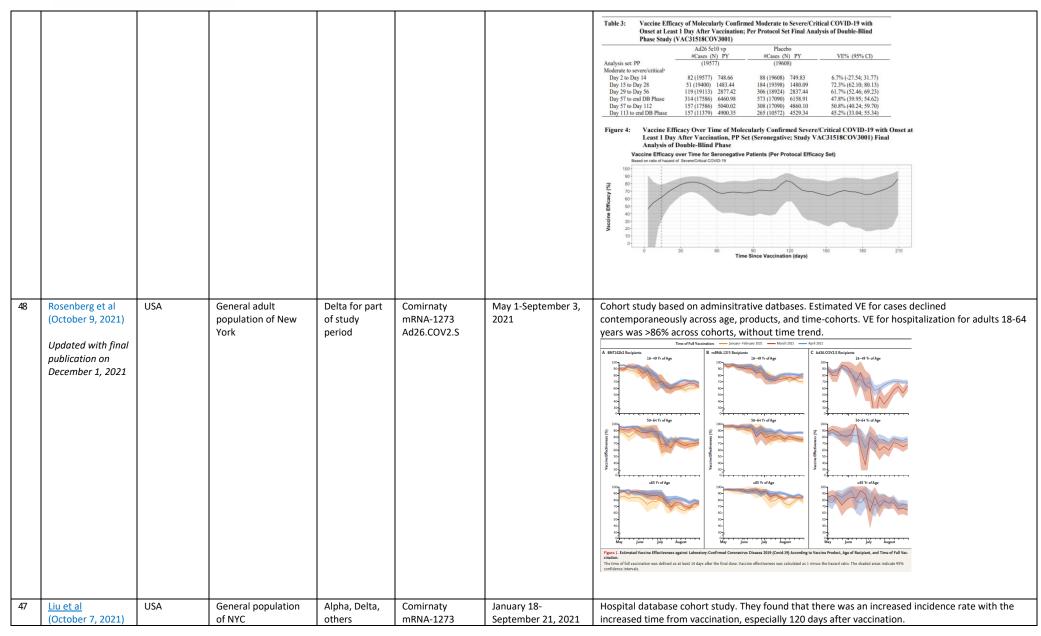




	(updated March 2,						Outcome	Vaccine	Effectiveness of	on first day as fully va	ccinated (CI) E	Effectiveness after 144 days (Cl),
	2022)						Infection	mRNA-1273	90% (88-91%)		7	72% (69-75%)	_
							Infection	BNT162b2	87% (85-88%)			54% (51-57%)	
							Infection	Ad26.COV2.S	64% (58-69%)		3	36% (31-42%)	
							Hospitalization	mRNA-1273	95% (89-97%)		9	91% (84-95%)	
							Hospitalization	BNT162b2	92% (86-95%)		8	81% (74-86%)	
							Hospitalization	Ad26.COV2.S	82% (61-91%)		6	67% (54-77%)	
							Death	mRNA-1273	99% (89-100%)	9	93% (81-97%)	
							Death	BNT162b2	97% (87-99%)		8	86% (76-92%)	
							Death	Ad26.COV2.S	78% (14-94%)		7	73% (49-86%)	
							Table 1: Waning eff	ectiveness against i	nfection with 99% p	oint-wise confidenc	e intervals.		
50	De Gier et al	Netherlands	General population	Delta	Comirnaty	August 9-September	Study of un	vaccinated	and vaccina	ted index c	ases and the	ir contacts to ev	aluate transmission.
	(October 14,				mRNA-1273	24, 2021	They did no	t have suffi	cent sample	size but e	valuated if VE	F against transm	ission differed by time
	2021)				Ad26.COV2.S	2., 2021	since vaccir					_	
	2021)						Since vaccii	iation of the	illuex case				
					AZD1222		Table S2. Seco	ndary attack rate	of SARS-CoV-2 and	VET adjusted for	time since full vacci	ination of the contact	
											oup of the index cas		
							week of notific	ation date of the	ndex case, stratifi	ed by time since f	ull vaccination of the	e index case.	
							Analysis	Unvaccinated	Index fully	Index fully	Index fully	Index fully vaccinated	
								index - infected contacts / all	vaccinated < 60 days ago -	vaccinated < 60 days ago -	vaccinated >= 60 days ago - infected	>= 60 days ago - adjusted VET (%)(95%	
								contacts (SAR)	infected	adjusted VET	contacts / all	CI)	
								1125 155	contacts / all	(%) (95% CI)	contacts (SAR)		
							Unvaccinated	547/2517 (22%)	contacts (SAR) 24/209 (11%)	67 (47;79)	14/94 (15%)	55 (19;76)	
							household contacts		110,000,000,000,000			- 30 March 200 M	
							Fully vaccinated	164/1505 (11%)	99/1278 (8%)	57 (40;69)	157/792 (20%)	28 (-4;50)	
							household contacts						
49	Janssen Briefing	multiple	General population	Multiple	Ad26.COV2.S	September 21, 2020-	Final results	from RCT					
	document for US FDA					July 9, 2021	w F	ith Onset at Least inal Analysis of D	1 Day After Vac ouble-Blind Phas	cination, PP Set (Seronegative; Stud	ere/Critical COVID-19 ly VAC31518COV3001)	
	(October 14,						Vaccii Based or	ne Efficacy over Tim ratio of hazard of Moderate	e for Seronegative	Patients (Per Prote	ocal Efficacy Set)		
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											Last event d Base	ntwise CI; 95% of events prior to day 189. day 229; Hazard smoothed over 21 days. ed on the methods in Gilbert et al. (2002).	

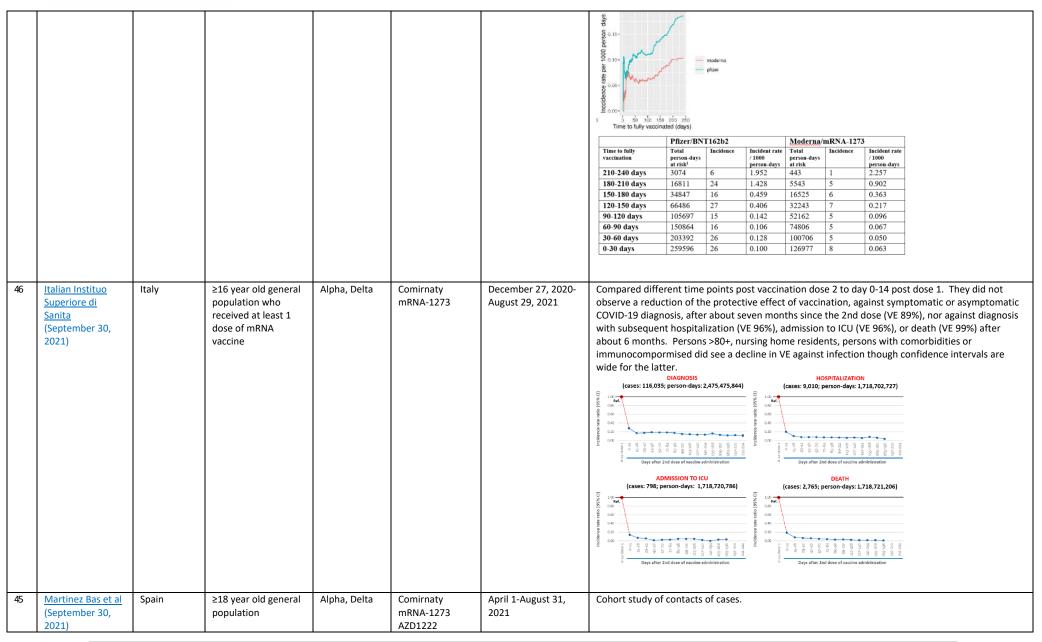












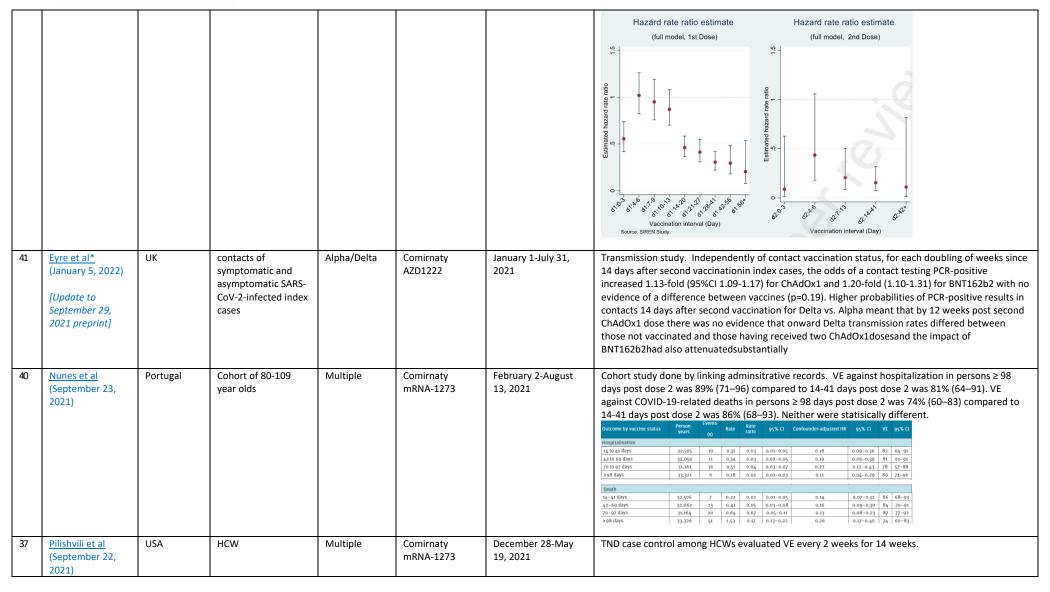




Wind Wind					Ad26.COV2.S		Adjust VE (9	95% CI)	
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44 Bruxvoort et al (October 1, 2021) USA General population Delta, Alpha+others all (October 1, 2021) USA General population Delta, Alpha+others all (October 1, 2021) Delta, Alpha+others all (October 1, 2021) Warch 1-July 27, 2021 TND study among persons insured by Kaiser Permante Southern California. Variant Homo Delta Ho									
Alpha+others Alpha+others 2021 Alpha+others Alpha Comirnaty December 7, 2020- Cohort study of HCWs						1 dose of Vaxzervia+1 dose of Comirnaty	85 (69-93)	NA	
43 Payne et al UK HCWs Alpha Comirnaty December 7, 2020- Cohort study of HCWs	44	USA	General population		mRNA-1273		by Kaiser Permante	Southern Califorr	ia.
						Variant Delta Non-Delta Unidentified 14-60 days 61-90 days Time		ys 151-160 days	
	43	UK	HCWs	Alpha	Comirnaty	Cohort study of HCWs			











							88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8
36	El Sahly et al (September 22, 2021)	USA	RCT participants	Multiple	mRNA-1273	July 27, 2020-March 26, 2021	Findings from the double blinded placebo controlled RCT. VE against disease was similar at 2 weeks-<2 months (91.8%), 2 months-<4 months (94%), and ≥4 months (92.4%) post dose 2
35	Baden et al (September 22, 2021)	USA	≥18-year-old RCT participants	Delta	mRNA-1273	July 1-August 27, 2021	RCT participants were followed after unblinding. Initial vaccine recipients (mRNA-1273e) were vaccinated between 7/27/20-12/16/20 while those vaccinated after unblinding (mRNA-1273p) were vaccianted between 12/29/20-4/30/21. Median follow-up times from the first dose were 13 months in the mRNA-1273e (including double-blind and open-label phases) and 7.9 months in the mRNA-1273p (only open-label phase) groups. While there was a significant difference in disease incidence rates between the groups, there was no difference in severe disease incidence rates
							though numbers are small. mRNA-1273e mRNA-1273p* mRNA-1273p vs
							N=14746 N=11431 mRNA-1273e
							Cases† n yr Person-yr n yr Person-yr incidence rate % (95% CI) All cases 162 2102 77.1 88 1796 49.0 36.4 (17.1-51.5)
							≥18-<65 136 1558 87.3 68 1289 52.8 39.6 (18.6-55.5)
							≥65 yr 26 544 47.8 20 507 39.5 17.4 (-53.9-56.3) Severe 13 2102 6.2 6 1796 3.3 46.0 (-52.4-83.2)
							≥18.<65 7 1558 4.5 4 1289 3.1 30.9 (471.7 - 85.2)
							yr
34	Hagan et al	USA	Incarcorated persons	Dolta	Comirnaty	July 11 August 14	Outbreak investigation in a prison found that the attack rate among fully vaccinated persons was
34	Hagan et al (September 21, 2021)	USA	Incarcerated persons	Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	July 11-August 14, 2021	significantly higher in those vaccinated 4-6 months ago (89%) compared to those vaccinated 2 weeks-2 months ago (61%). This was combined for 3 vaccines used in the population.
33	Thomas et al	Multiple	≥12-year-old RCT	Multiple	Comirnaty	July 27, 2020-March	Findings from the double blinded placebo controlled RCT. VE against disease was 96.2% (93.3-98.1)
	(September 15,		participants			13, 2021	at 7 days-<2 months, 90.1% (86.6-92.9) at 2 months-<4 months, and 83.7% (74.7-89.9) at ≥4
	2021)						months post dose 2.

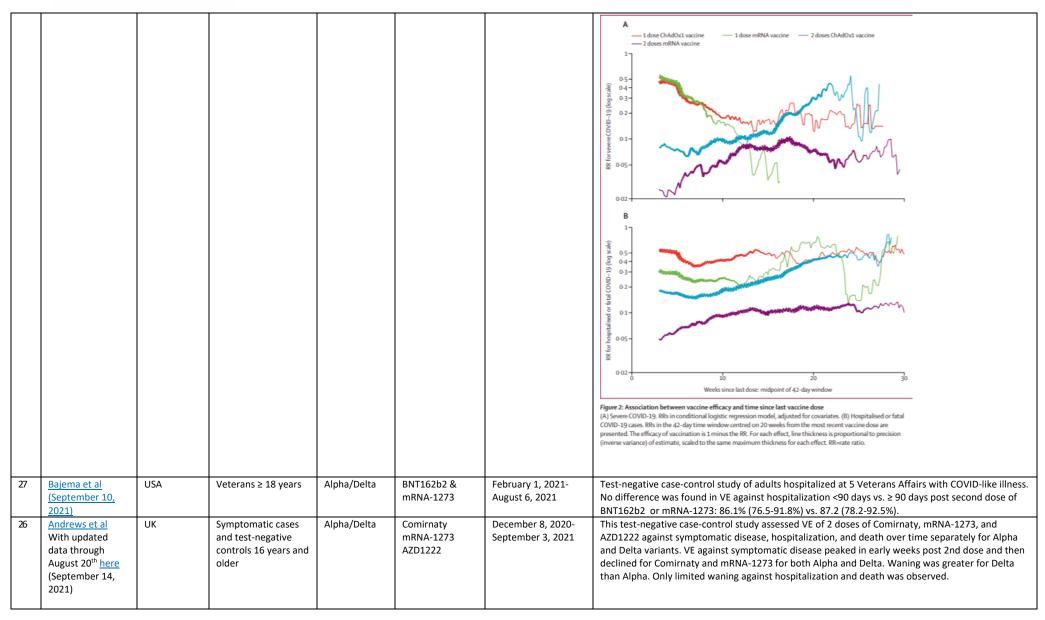




							Efficacy End Point No. of Surveillance No. at No. of No. o
32	Pfizer (September 17, 2021)	Multiple	≥16-year-old RCT participants	Delta	Comirnaty	July 1-August 31, 2021	RCT participants were evaluated for duration of protection against symptomatic disease, with the original placebo recipients receiving the vaccine after unblinding. The mean time from Dose 2 of Comirnaty to 01 July 2021 was approximately 5 months for the crossover group and 10 months for the original group. There was a 26.3% (7.4%- 41.4%) relative vaccine efficacy for the group vaccinated later (crossover group) compared to the group vaccinated earlier (original group), with a difference in incidence rates of -18.6 per 1000 person-years of follow-up.
31	de Gier et al (September 17, 2021)	Netherlands	Hospitalized patients	Delta (just for duration of protection)	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S AZD1222	July 4-August 29, 2021 (just for duration of protection)	Incidence rate ratios were calculated based on national coverage and vaccination status of hospitalized cases. All 4 vaccines were combined in calculating the VE by time since vacciantion, and VE was only calculated during the delta dominant period when 99% of sequenced isolates were delta. No drop in VE against hospitalization nor in VE against ICU admission was seen between those vaccinated up to 20 weeks since full vacciantion among 15-49, 50-69, ≥70 year olds.
30	Self et al (September 17, 2021)	USA	≥18 years who were hospitalized at 21 U.S. hospitals across 18 states	Alpha, Delta, Non-VOC	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	March 11–August 15, 2021	This case-control study found that the for mRNA-1273 vaccine, there was no difference in VE against hospitalization among those were 14-120 days post full vaccination and those who were >120 days post full vaccination. For Comirnaty, VE against hopsitalization was 91% (88-93) for those 14-120 days post full vaccination while it was 77% (67-84) for those >120 das post full vaccination. Ad26.COV2.S did not have enough data to stratify by more than 28 days post full vaccination.
29	Polinski et al (September 12, 2021) (updated March 17, 2022)	USA	≥18 years of age	Alpha/Delta	Ad26.COV2.S	March 1, 2021- August 31, 2021	Retrospective cohort study used insurance claims data linked to health data sources to evaluate VE of Ad26.COV2.S against COVID-19 diagnosis and hospitalization among vaccinated individuals and matched unvaccinated individuals (matched on age, sex, comorbid-risk, calendar date, location, and other risk factors for COVID-19 severity). VE was stable over time up to 152 days after vaccination.
28	McKeigue et al (September 15, 2021) (updated February 25, 2022)	Scotland	Population of Scotland	Alpha/Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD1222	December 1, 2020- September 8, 2021	Matched case-control study (REACT-SCOT) assessed rate ratios over time comparing rate of severe COVID-19 and the rate of hospitalization or death among thoswe full vaccinated with Comirnaty, mRNA-1273, and AZD1222 to unvaccinated persons.

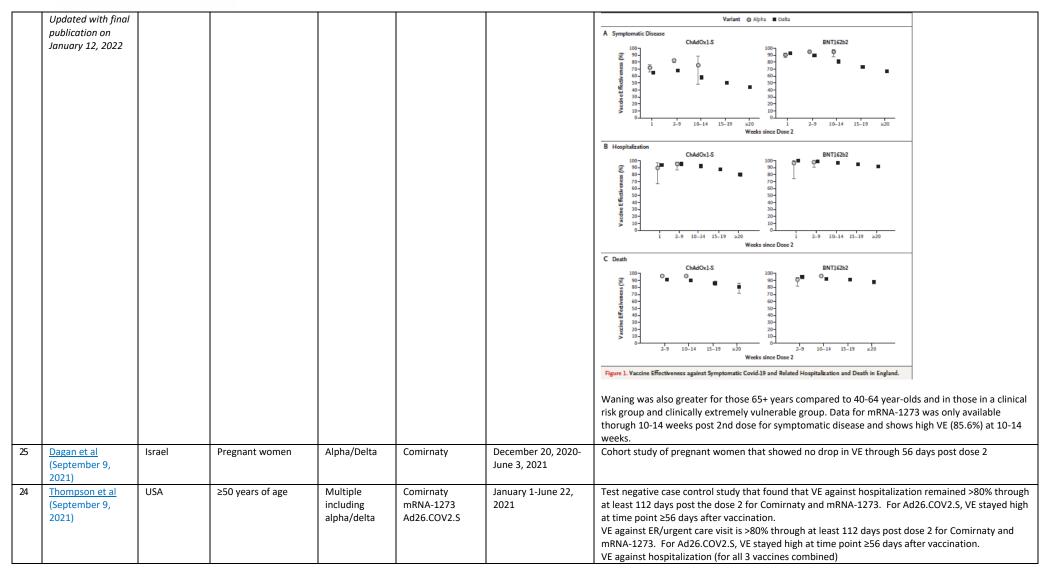












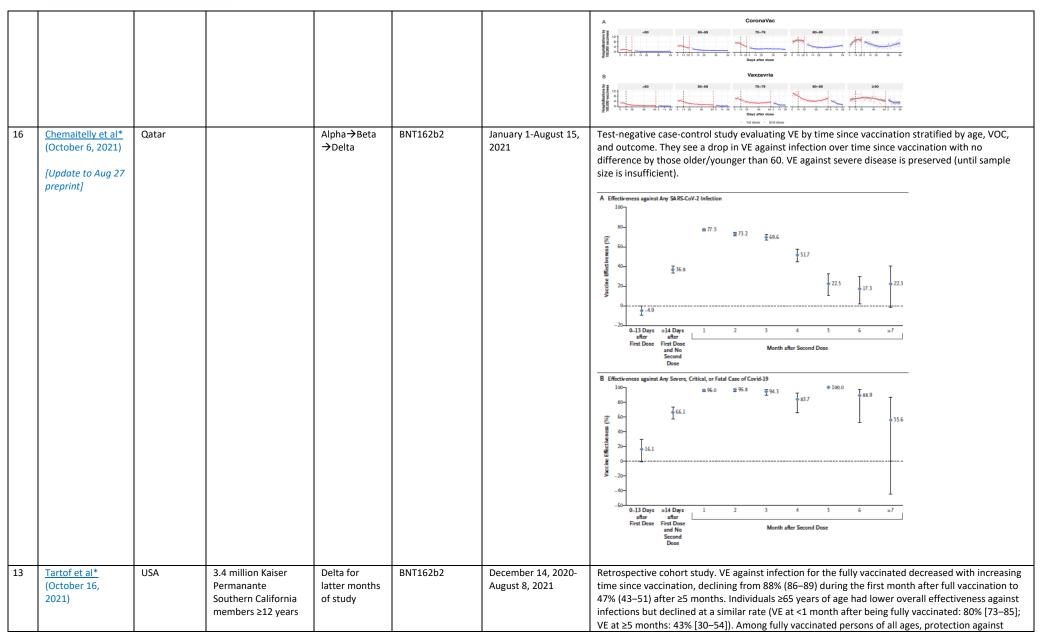




							Fully vaccinated –	– 2 doses		
							14–27 Days after		,754 48 (1.7)	H●H 88 (84 to 92)
							28-41 Days after		,783 41 (1.5)	→ 92 (88 to 94)
							42–55 Days afte			90 (87 to 93)
	ĺ	1					56-69 Days after		,394 51 (2.1)	H→1 86 (82 to 90)
I	ĺ	1					70-83 Days after		,048 24 (1.2)	→ 93 (89 to 95)
							84-97 Days after		,528 27 (1.8)	► 86 (79 to 91)
							98-111 Days af	fter dose 2	971 23 (2.4)	► 82 (72 to 89)
							≥112 Days after	r dose 2	568 11 (1.9)	► ► 86 (74 to 93)
								emergency roor	n visits/urgent car	e visits (for all 3 vaccines combined)
							14-27 Days afte		198 23 (1.9)	H→I 92 (88 to 95)
										1 95 (92 to 97)
							28-41 Days afte		170 20 (1.7)	
							42-55 Days after		067 18 (1.7)	⊢• 95 (91 to 97)
							56-69 Days after		924 28 (3.0)	F 88 (81 to 92)
							70-83 Days afte	er dose 2	667 24 (3.6)	► 86 (78 to 91)
							84-97 Days after	er dose 2	487 13 (2.7)	I→I 92 (87 to 96)
							98-111 Days af		331 17 (5.1)	H ■ 86 (77 to 92)
							≥112 Days after		221 11 (5.0)	86 (74 to 93)
							2112 Days after	uose z		
			+				+		-25.0 0.0	
23	Puranik et al	USA	Persons ≥14 days	Multiple	Comirnaty	January 1-August 8,	_		•	ration of protection against symptomatic disease.
	(September 7,		post dose 2 ("full	including		2021	Adjusted O	R start showing	waning at day 60	after full vaccination.
	2021)		vaccination") who	alpha/delta			Covariate	Level/Category	Symptomatic Infect	
			received first dose				Time Relative	Day 0	[N = 974 positive eve	ntsj
			after January 1				to Full vaccination		(Kelefelice)	_
								Day 30	2.19 (0.89, 5.36)	
								Day 60	3.65 (1.78, 7.46)	
								Day 90	5.58 (2.72, 11.46)	
								Day 120	7.25 (3.47, 15.18)	
								Day 150	10.33 (5.03, 21.24)	
22	Kertes et al (September 7,	Israel	Fully vaccinated population	Delta	Comirnaty	June 9-July 18, 2021				ays post dose 2 by June 9 and had no history of prior uary-February had odds of infection of 1.61 (1.45-
	2021)		population							n-May of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2.
19	Keehner et al	USA	~19,000 employees	Delta	BNT162b2	July -August 26, 2021	Cohort stu	dy of HCWs show	wed that among sy	mptomatic cases occurring in July, HCW vaccinated in
1	(September 1,	1	of University of		mRNA-1273	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•	· .	per 1000 persons (95% CI, 5.9 to 7.8), whereas the
	(September 1,		•		IIINNA-12/3			•		
	2021)		California San Diego				attack rate	was 3.7 per 100	00 persons (95% CI	, 2.5 to 5.7) among those who completed vaccination
1	/	1						•		, , <u>,</u> , ,
1	1	Ī	Health				during the	period from Ma	rcn through May.	Among unvaccinated persons, the July attack rate was
		1		1			16.4 per 10	000 persons (959	% CI, 11.8 to 22.9).	·
18	Nunes et al	Portugal	1.5 million >65 year	Alpha→Delta	BNT162b2	2Eobruary August 12				those 80+, VE against hospitalization was 82 (64-91)
ΤΩ	ivuries et al	Portugal	1.5 million ≥65 year	Aipria 7 Deita		?February-August 13,		, 0		, , , ,
1	(August 29, 2021)	Ī	olds		mRNA-1273	2021	at day 14-4	11 and 89% (71-9	96) at day 98+ For	COVID related mortality, it was 86% (68-93) at day
1	(. lugust 25, 2021)	Ī						•		*
1	ĺ	1	(duration of				14-41 and	74 (60-83) at da	y 98+. Noted limit	ations are that data delays could mean that outcomes
1	1	Ī	,						•	•
1	1	Ī	protection on only				such as hos	spitalization/mo	rtality have not be	en recorded for more recent cases. Additionally, only
1	1	İ	those 80+)				6% of the	RO+ cohort rama	ined unvaccinated	I during the study period, making these unvaccinated
			11036 0017							- ''
17	Cerqueria-Silva et	Brazil	75.9 million	Gamma	CoronaVac	January 18-July 24,			different from the	lculated VE, as well as evaluated the daily
1 '		Di dZii		Jannina		, , ,		•	•	· '
	<u>al</u>	1	vaccinated in Brazil		AZD1222	2021	nospitaliza	tion incidence p	er 100,000 vaccine	ees. For CoronaVac, there was low hospitalization
	(August 27, 2021)	1					incidence	in to 84 days in	vaccinees un to 70	years old. 80-89 and ≥90 age groups lowest
	(August 27, 2021)	1							•	
							incidence 2	28 days post dos	e 2 but then incre	ased but were still lower than 1 dose recipients
		1		1			1			
		1	_1	1						

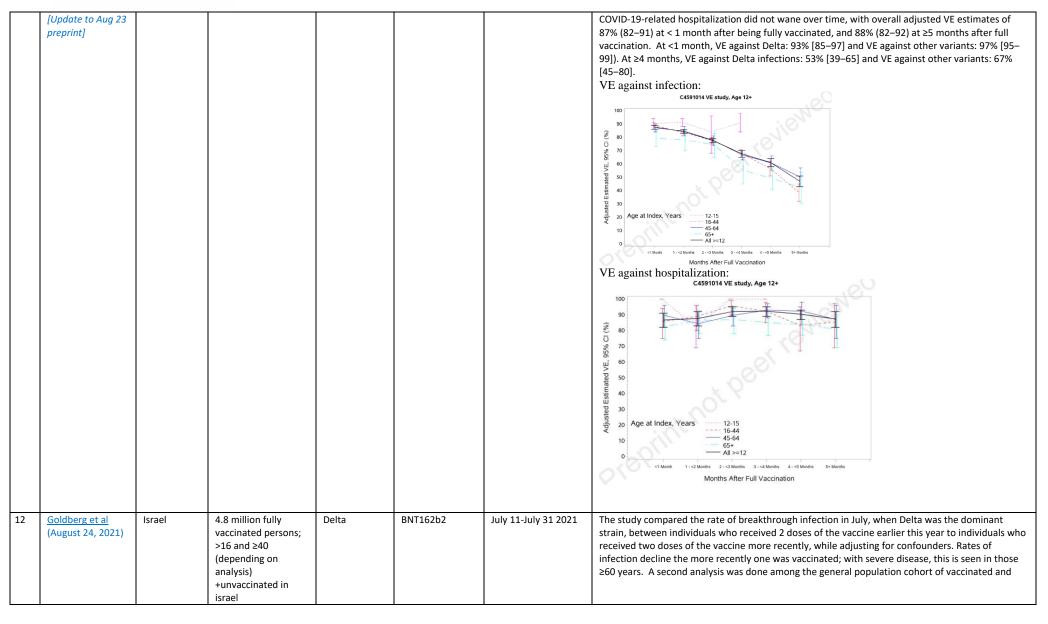












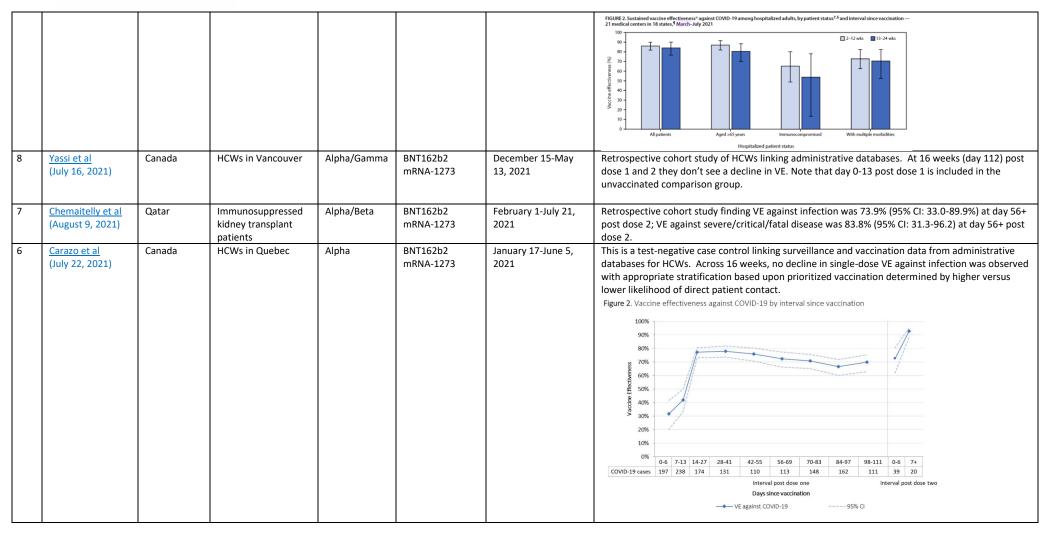




							unvaccinated to calculate VE by age group and month of vaccination.
							OUTCOME = Positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR test
							Age JanB FebA FebB MarA MarB Apr May
							16-39 50% [45, 55] 47% [42, 52] 58% [55, 62] 62% [59, 64] 68% [65, 70] 74% [71, 77] 73% [67, 78]
							40-59 58% [54, 62] 61% [58, 65] 63% [59, 66] 67% [63, 70] 74% [70, 77] 78% [73, 82] 80% [71, 86]
							60+ 57% [52, 62] 63% [57, 67] 65% [57, 71] 73% [66, 78] 72% [64, 77] 73% [63, 81] 75% [58, 85]
							OUTCOME = Severe COVID-19
							Age Jan Feb Mar 40-59 94% [87, 97] 98% [95, 99] 98% [94, 99]
							60+ 86% [82,90] 88% [84,91] 91% [85,95]
							00. 00.4 [0., 01] 01.4 [0., 01]
10	Pouwels et al* (October 14, 2021) [Update to Aug 18 preprint]	UK	General adult population	Alpha, Delta	BNT162b2 AZD1222	December 1, 2020- August 1, 2020	COVID-19 infection survey is a household longitudinal survey with testing. During the delta dominant period, in those 18 to 64 years, VE of BNT162b2 against new PCR-positives reduced by 22% (95% CI 6% to 41%) for every 30 days from second vaccination. Reductions were numerically smaller for ChAdOx1 (change -7% per 30 days, 95% CI -18% to +2%) but there was no formal evidence of heterogeneity (p=0.14). Overall BNT162b2 ChAdOx1 ChAdOx1 Days since 14 days after 2nd dose
9	Tenforde et al (August 18, 2021)	USA	Hospitalized patients	Alpha→Delta	BNT162b2 mRNA-1273	March 11-July 14, 2021	Test-negative design case control study of hospitalized patients. VE against COVID-19– associated hospitalization was 86% (95% CI = 82%–90%) 2–12 weeks and 84% (95% CI = 77%–90%) 13–24 weeks from receipt of the 2^{nd} dose, with no significant change between these periods (p = 0.854). There was no difference in VE by timing since vaccine among those \geq /< 65 years, immunocompromised versus not and among those with \geq /< 3 chronic conditions.

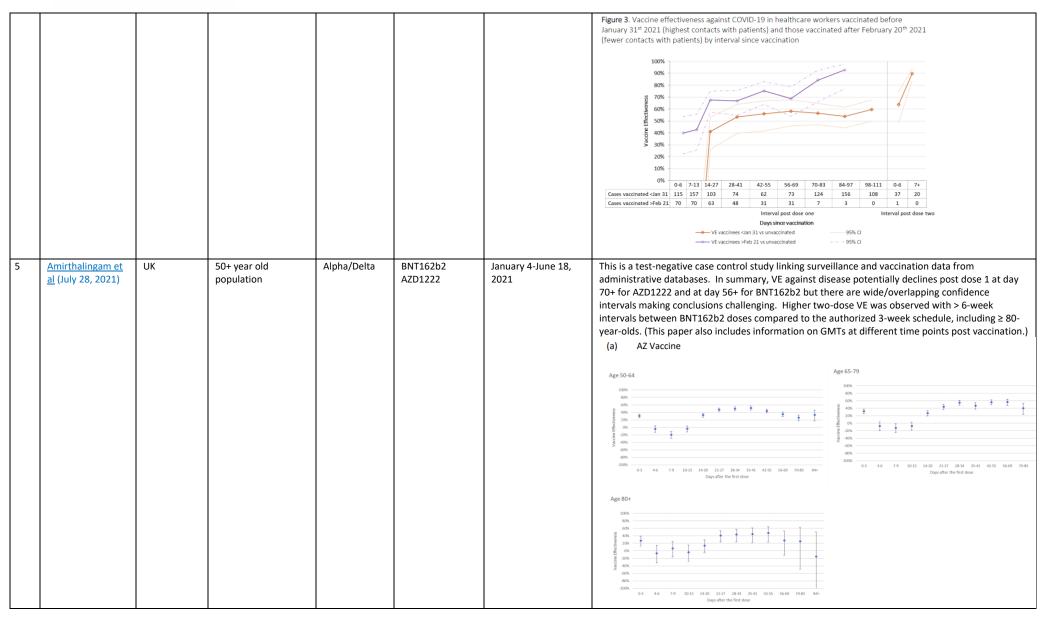






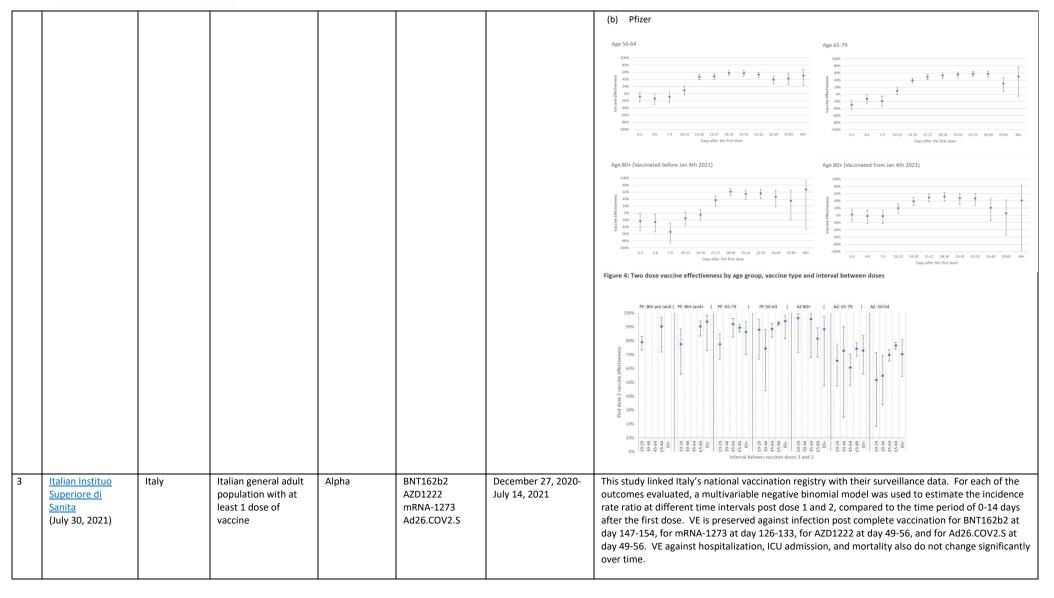








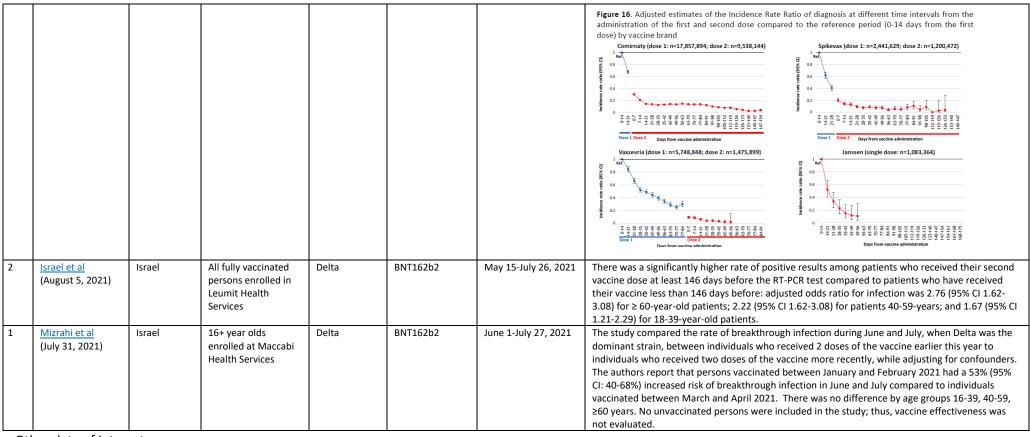












Other data of interest:

- https://www.gov.il/BlobFolder/reports/vpb-12082021/he/files_publications_corona_vpb-12082021-01.pdf
- Salo et al HH transmission study in Finland, showing VE 10 weeks after 1 dose of an mRNA vaccine but is a mix of 1 and 2 dose recipients.
- Pfizer's press announcement of 4 month efficacy in adolescents https://www.pfizer.com/news/press-release-detail/follow-data-phase-3-trial-pfizer-biontech-covid-19-vaccine

Note as of January 7, 2022 version, only true duration of protection analyses are included. Please look at the <u>update</u> from December 30, 2021 if you wish to see full list of previously included studies with other data such as Kaplan-Meier curves. Missing reference numbers in table above indicate studies that have been removed.