Results of COVID-19 Vaccine Effectiveness Studies: An Ongoing Systematic Review

Duration of Protection Weekly Summary Table

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Duration of Protection Studies

These are studies that assess duration of protection criteria as outlined above along with those studies that do not meet aforementioned criteria that are relevant to evaluating duration of protection. Some of these studies are also in the above table but duplicated here for ease. As of April 28, 2022, those studies that provide VE estimates at least 4 months after the primary series or at least 2 months after the booster series are included below. As of September 16, 2022, this was further changed to only include VE estimates at least 4 months after the primary series or 1st booster dose and at least 2 months after the 2nd booster dose

We would like to highlight:

- Countries have implemented different dose intervals and vaccination strategies that can make comparisons across studies challenging.
- Persons who are vaccinated early in a program are different than those who are vaccinated later. For example, many who were vaccinated early were those at highest risk, and this could confound the results. Some of the older individuals also might have some degree of immunosenescence.

#	Reference (date)	Country	Population	Dominant Variants	Vaccine product	Study Period	Descriptive Findings
206	Carazo et al	Canada	HCW	Omicron	Comirnaty		TND study evaluating VE against BA.2 infection.
	(September 21, 2022)			(BA.2)	mRNA-1273	2022	

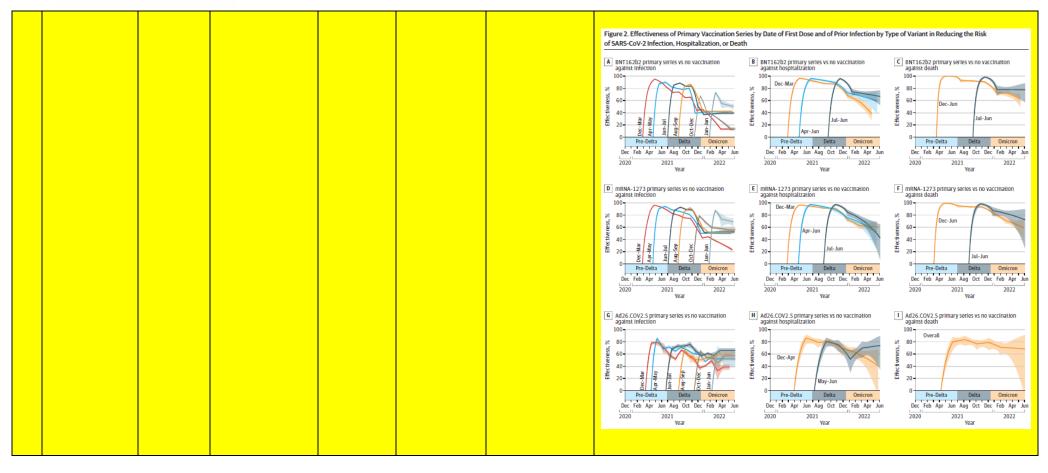




								Pre-omicron pri	mary infection	Omicron BA.1 p	rimary infection
								Unadjusted risk reduction* (95% CI)	Adjusted risk reduction*† (95% CI)	Unadjusted risk reduction* (95% CI)	Adjusted risk reduction*† (95% CI)
							Time since primary infection ar	nong unvaccinate	d participants		
							30-59 days (1 to <2 months)	NE	NE	78% (43 to 91)	82% (49 to 94)
							60-89 days (2 to <3 months)	NE	NE	72% (59 to 82)	76% (63 to 85)
							90–182 days (3 to <6 months)	13% (-99 to 62)	42% (-47 to 77)	73% (66 to 79)	70% (61 to 77)
							183–364 days (6 to <12 months)	38% (5 to 60)	39% (0 to 63)	NE	NE
							365–757 days (≥12 months)	37% (16 to 53)	42% (17 to 60)	NE	NE
							Time since primary infection ar	mong participants	with two vaccine d	oses	
							30–59 days (1 to <2 months)	NE	NE	94% (88 to 97)	97% (94 to 98
							60-89 days (2 to <3 months)	NE	NE	93% (90 to 95)	97% (96 to 98
							90–159 days (3 to <6 months)	NE	NE	92% (91 to 94)	96% (95 to 96
							Time since primary infection ar	mong participants	with three vaccine	doses	
							30-59 days (1 to <2 months)	NE	NE	93% (89 to 95)	96% (94 to 98
							60-89 days (2 to <3 months)	NE	NE	93% (91 to 95)	97% (96 to 98
							90–158 days (3 to <6 months)	NE	NE	94% (92 to 95)	96% (95 to 97
							Time since second vaccine dose	among participa	nts with two vaccine	e doses	
							7–59 days (<2 months)	71% (48 to 84)	89% (78 to 94)	NE	NE
							60-89 days (2 to <3 months)	42% (18 to 59)	73% (60 to 82)	NE	NE
							90–182 days (3 to <6 months)	59% (50 to 66)	77% (71 to 82)	NE	NE
							183–364 days (6 to <12 months)	41% (32 to 48)	68% (62 to 74)	NE	NE
							Time since third vaccine dose a	mong participant	with three vaccine		
							7–59 days (<2 months)	71% (55 to 80)	88% (81 to 92)	94% (90 to 97)	
							60–89 days (2 to <3 months)	49% (39 to 57)	80% (75 to 84)	90% (78 to 96)	95% (89 to 98
							90–182 days (3 to <6 months)	50% (44 to 56)	72% (67 to 76)	NE	NE
							183–305 days (6 to <10 months)	74% (-115 to 97)	82% (-109 to 98)	NE	NE
205	Lin et al	USA	Entire population of	Ancestral	Comirnaty	March 2, 2020-June	Cohort study conducted by I	inking adminsi	trative database	s evaluating V	E against infe
	(September 26, 2022)		North Caroline	Delta Omicron	mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	3, 2022	hospitalization, and death.				

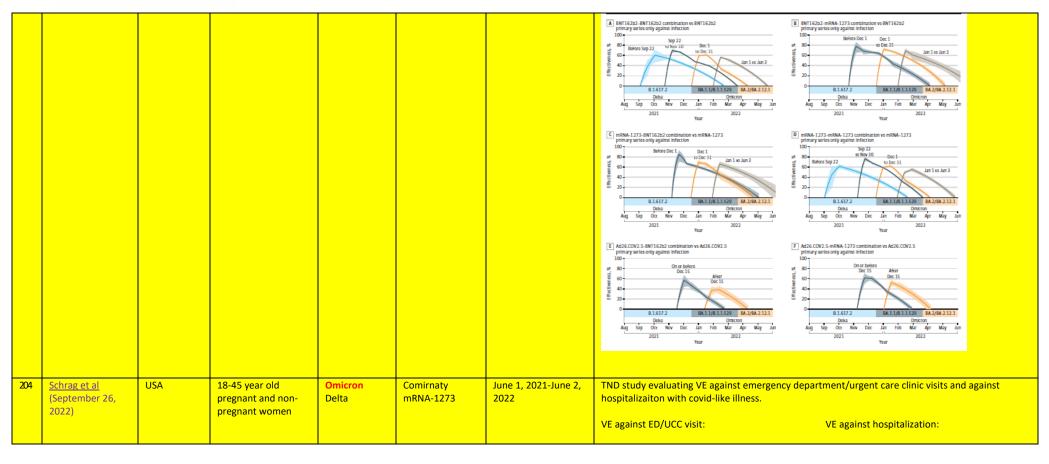
















							Vaccination status Vaccinations status Vaccinations are generally control to the part of the control of the part of the control of the part of the control o	CLI events, No. (7 Casen San Casen C	Centrols 773 (62.6) 773 (62.6) 159 (12.9) 61 (4.9) 501 (2.4) 501 (2.4) 522 (4.2) 1189 (67.3) 344 (15.3) 117 (4.6) 77 (3.2) 75 (3.1) 22 (0.1) 22 (0.1) 23 (0.1) 24 (0.1) 25 (0.1) 26 (0.1) 27 (0.1) 27 (0.1) 28 (0.1) 29 (0.1) 21 (0.1)	Total (SARS-60V-2+3) 1098 (29-6) 222 (28.7) 144 (12.9) 77 (20.8) 333 (8) 177 (77.7) 337 (8) 337 (8) 337 (14.9) 337 (14.9) 337 (14.9) 31744 (29.1) 31744 (29.1) 31744 (29.1) 31744 (29.1) 31744 (29.1)	16 (-21 to 45) 31 (-46 to 17) 41 (-16 to 17) 42 (-16 to 17) 79 (25 to 18) 13 (68 to 19) 43 (68 to 19) 44 (69 to 19) 54 (69 to 19) 54 (69 to 19) 54 (19 to 19) 54 (19 to 19) 54 (19 to 19) 54 (19 to 19) 55 (10 to 19) 56 (19 to 19) 57 (19 to 19) 58 (19 to 19) 58 (19 to 19) 59 (19 to 19)	Vaccination status Vaccination during pregishincy Observior miles period Vaccination during pregishincy Observior miles period John property of the property of the property of the prior 1-1-0 of Prior	C11 reverts, No. Cases Gains G0 (78.9) 8 (10.5) 4 (5.3) 4 (5.3) 4 (5.3) 4 (5.3) 4 (5.3) 4 (5.3) 1 (0.5) 4 (5.3) 1 (0.5) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4) 1 (0.4	Controls 112 (50-5) 131 (50-5) 16 (5.3) 17 (7.7) 75 (54-1) 75 (54-1) 20 (9.1) 245 (52-1) 154 (16.6) 100 (21.8) 54 (1.2.8) 22 (5.2) 0 (9) 1379 (49.0) 1379 (49.0) 127 (6.1) 693 (24.0) 693 (24.0) 693 (24.0)	Total (SMS-69V2+%) 172 (34.9) 44 (195.5) 20 (20) 23 (36.6) 24 (6.7) 498 (26.8) 101 (3) 17 (3.3) 101 (3) 17 (3.3) 1916 (28) 1916 (28) 1916 (27) 1916 (28) 1916 (28) 1916 (28) 1916 (28) 1916 (28) 1916 (28) 1916 (28)	VE 3s, (95% CD) 77 (28 to 93) 86 (41 to 97) 86 (41 to 97) 86 (28 to 97) 76 (27 to 92) 96 (28 to 98) 99 (56 to 100) 99 (56 to 100) 97 (79 to 100) 97 (79 to 100) 97 (79 to 100) 93 (44 to 77) 90 (56 to 78) 53 (41 to 63) 64 (44 to 77) 90 (55 to 10)
203	Chung et al	Canada	16+ year olds	Ancestral	Comirnaty	January 11-	•			9374 (10.7) 4979 (12.6) 45588 (20.4) 45588 (20.4) 36803 (4.4) 17523 (3) 19280 (5.6) 2666 (2.9) 2608 (3) 58 (1.7)	69 (66 to 72) 16 (7 to 25) 83 (82 to 84) 88 (87 to 89) 77 (75 to 79) 91 (88 to 93) 90 (88 to 92) 96 (73 to 99)	7-119 d Palor 2120 d Palor 2120 d Palor Delta time period Deviccional del Palor 2-done mBMs vaccional 214 d Palor 1250 d Palor 3-done mBMs vaccional 22 d Palor 7-110 d Palor 2-100 d Pa	47 (6.0) 20 (2.6) 1966 (95.1) 99 (4.8) 36 (1.7) 63 (3.0) 2 (0.1) 2 (0.1) 0 (0)	372 (13.2) 196 (7.0) 2129 (58.6) 1376 (37.8) 711 (19.6) 665 (18.3) 131 (3.6) 128 (3.5) 3 (0.1)	216 (9.3) 4095 (48) 1475 (6.7) 747 (4.8) 728 (8.7) 133 (1.5) 130 (1.5) 3 (0)	73 (60 to 52) 47 (5 to 71) 93 (91 to 95) 95 (93 to 97) 90 (87 to 93) 99 (95 to 100) 99 (95 to 100)
	(September 7, 2022)			Alpha Delta	mRNA-1273 AZD1222	November 21, 2021	80 80 60 81 A 20	BNT162b2 mRNA-127 Mixed mRN BNT162b2 mR	only, Severa 3 only, Severa 3 only, Severa 3 only, Severa 0 only, Sympto 3 only, Sympton 3 only, Any infa 3 only, Any infa 1 only, Any infection 1 only, Any infection 1 only, Any infection 2 only, A	o outcomes re outcomes re outcomes utcomes ormatic infectio otomatic infectio natic infection ection fection fection 79 180-239 ond dose, d	n on =>240	80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 -	ChAdOx1/BI ChAdOx1/m ChAdOx1 or ChAdOx1/mI ChAdOx1 or ChAdOx1 or ChAdOx1 or ChAdOx1 or ChAdOx1 or ChAdOx1 or	NT162b2, Se RNA-1273, S Illy, Severe or NT162b2, Syl RNA-1273, S Illy, Symptom NT162b2, An RNA-1273, A Illy, Any infect	mptomatic infection must infect	es ection ection
202	Ridgway et al (September 23, 2022)	USA	Not-specified	Omicron Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	October 1, 2021- July 26, 2022	Case-control s	tudy calc	culating	relative V	'E against	hospitalization.				





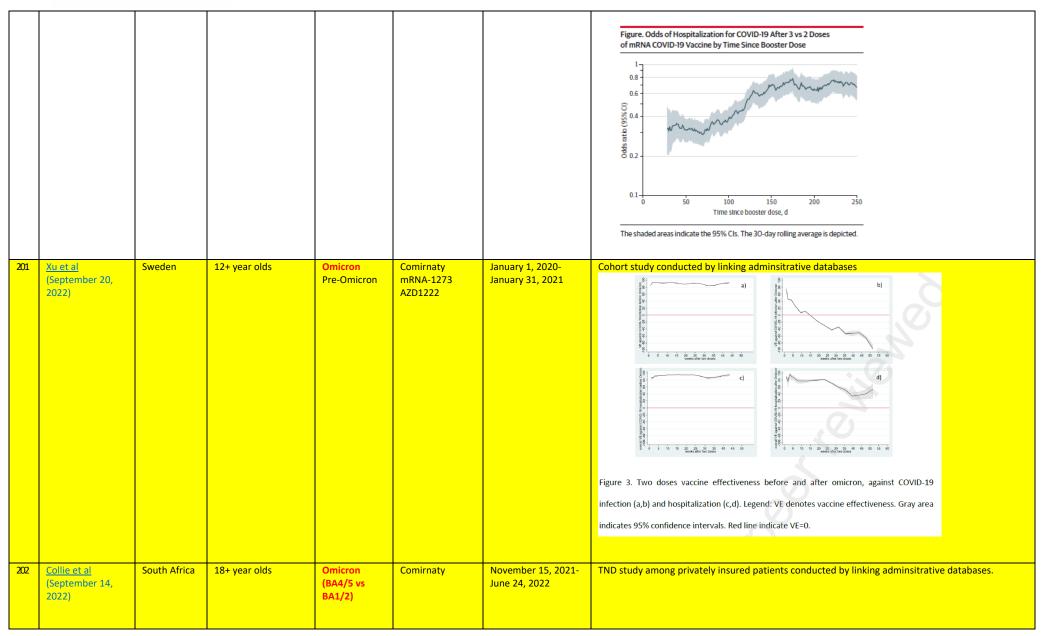


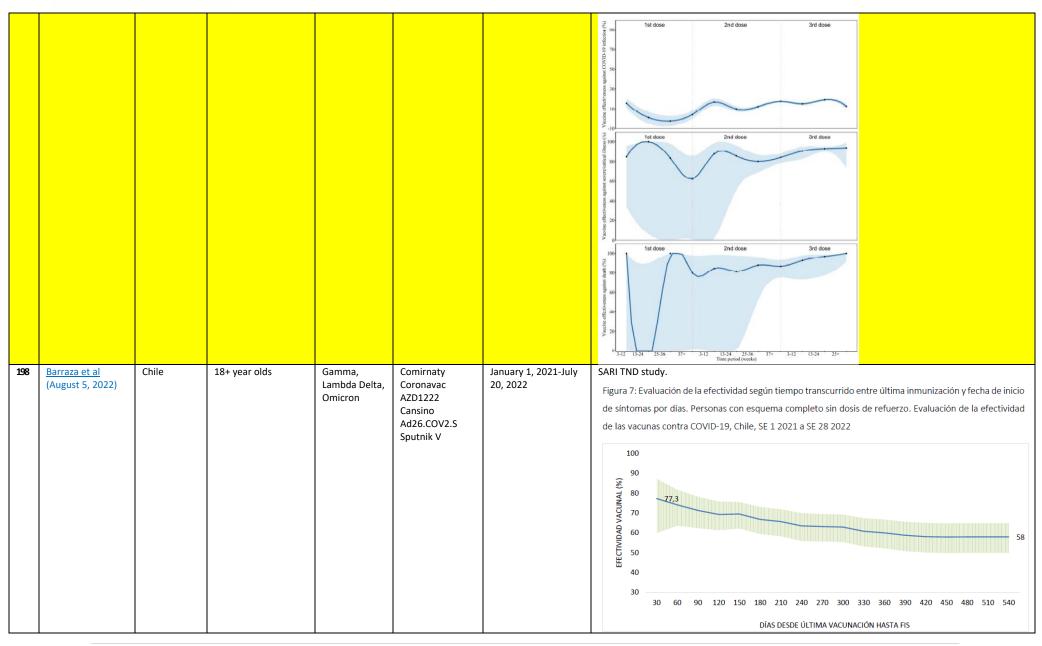




							Table 1. BNT162b2 Vaccine E Omicron Sublineage.* Time since Most Recent Vaccine Dose 0–13 days 14–27 days 1–2 mo 3–4 mo 5–6 mo 7–8 mo ≥9 mo		Dose 2 BA.4–BA.5 Omicron Wave		Dose 3 BA.4-BA.5 Omicron Wave 68.8 (59.5-76.0) 46.8 (35.3-56.2)
201	Tan et al (September 13, 2022)	Singapore	80+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	April 6-July 21, 2022		atic SARS-CoV-2 infec 9–related hospitalizati	tion on	ed to a 3 rd dose >	5 months ago.
200	Chatzilena et al (September 12, 2022)	UK	18+ year olds	Delta Omicron	Comirnaty	June 1, 2021-July 20, 2022	TND study. VE of the 1st b ≤3 months: 31% (-15-3-59 (results for 2 dose duration manuscript)	9·1); >3 months 3	3·9 (8·4-52·4).		
199	Huang et al (September 9, 2022)	China	3+ year olds	Omicron	Coronavac BBIBP-CorV	December 2, 2021- May 13, 2022	TND study conducted in S severe disease, and death		dministrative da	tabases to evalua	ate VE against infection,

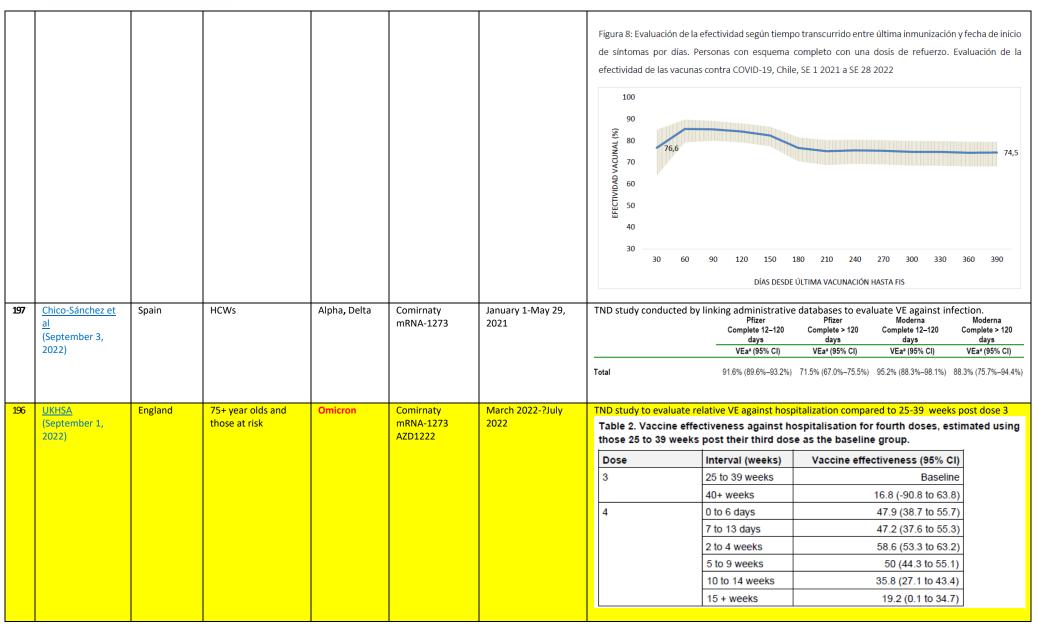






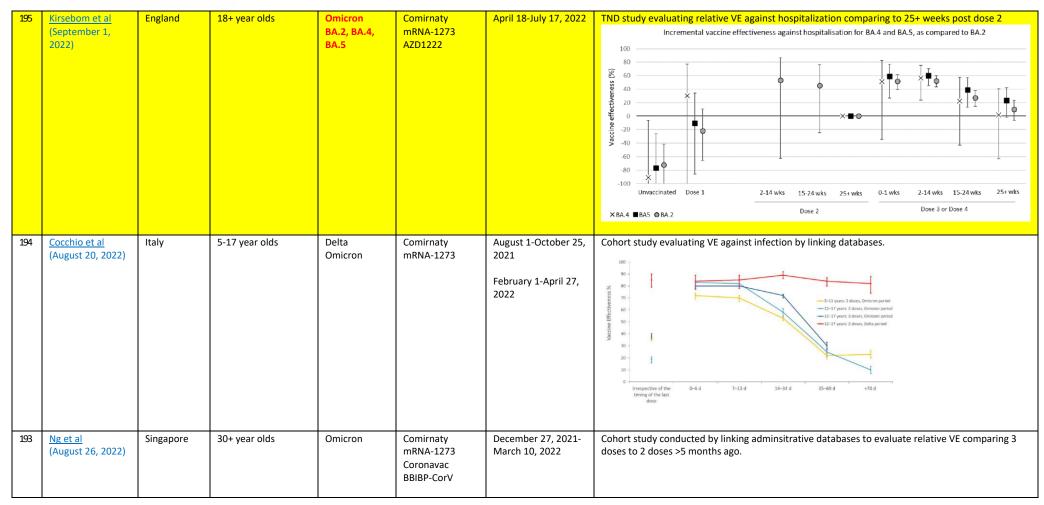






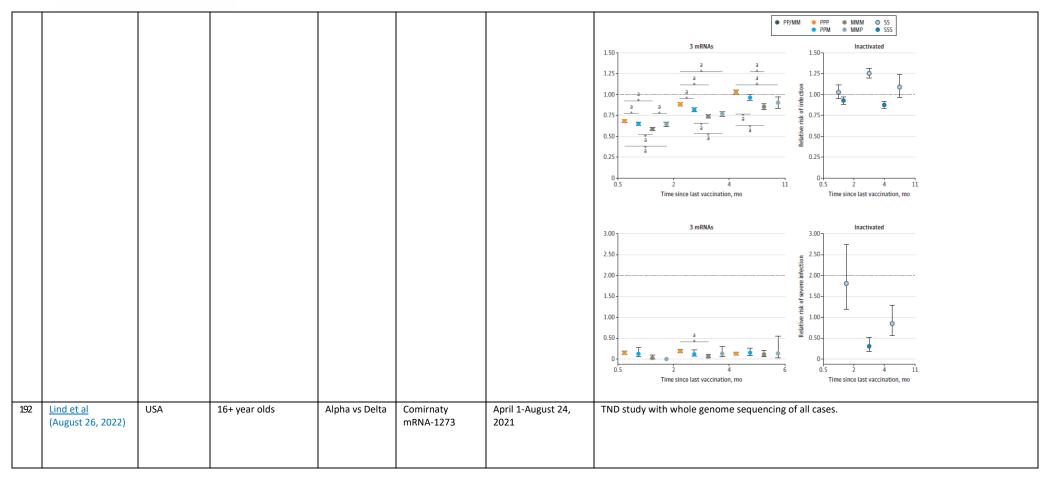






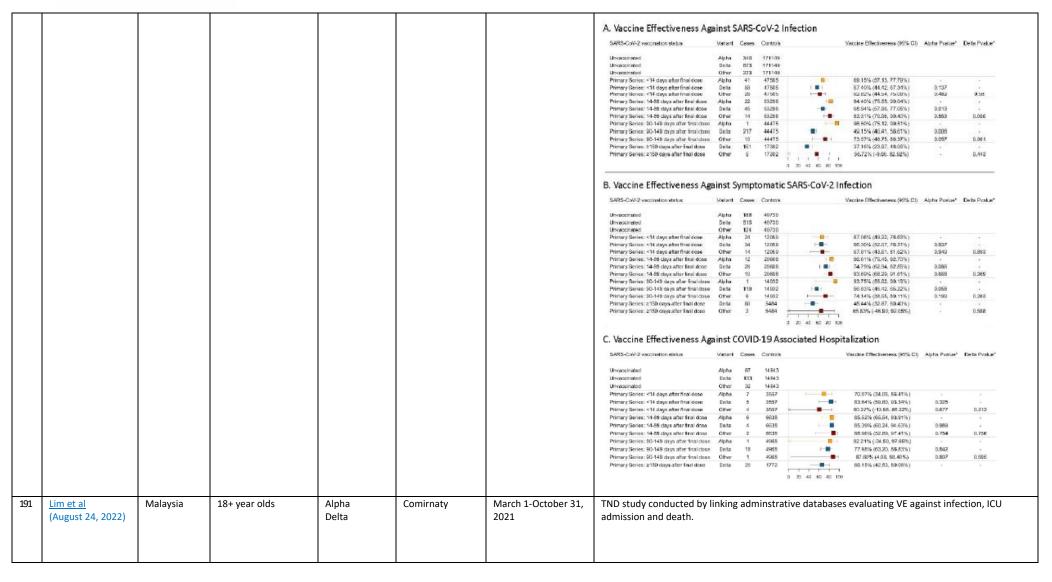






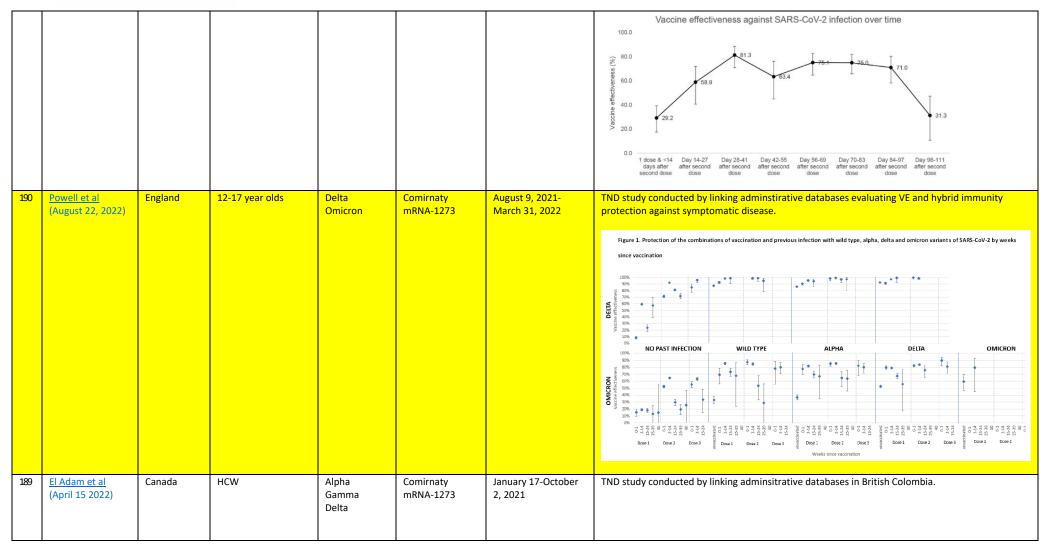






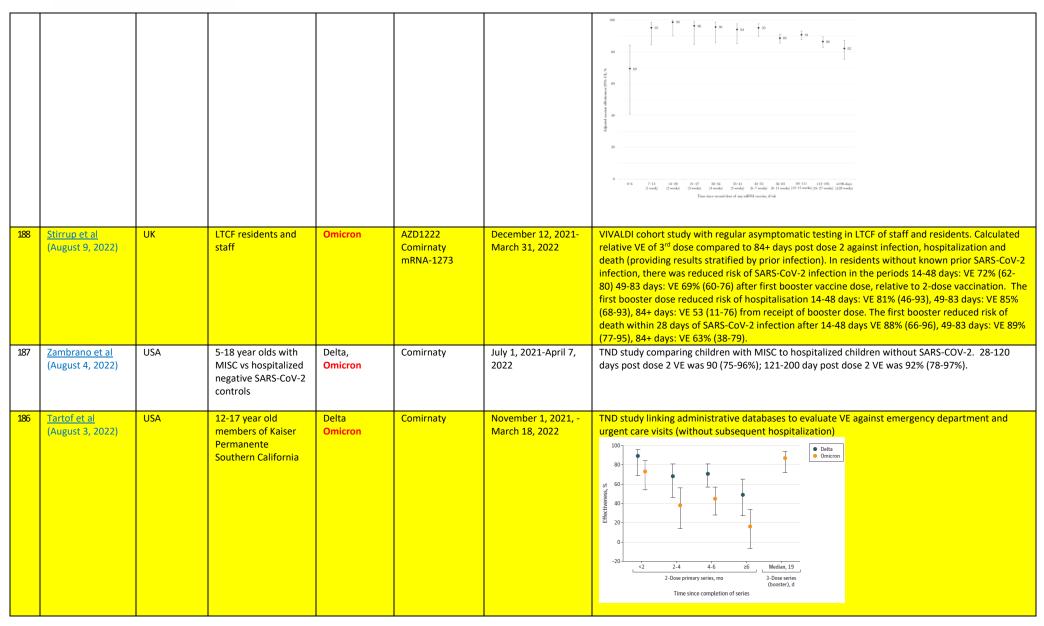






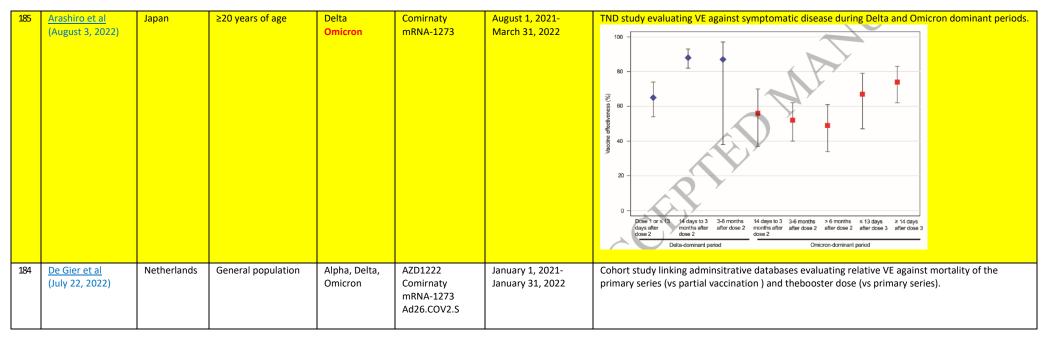






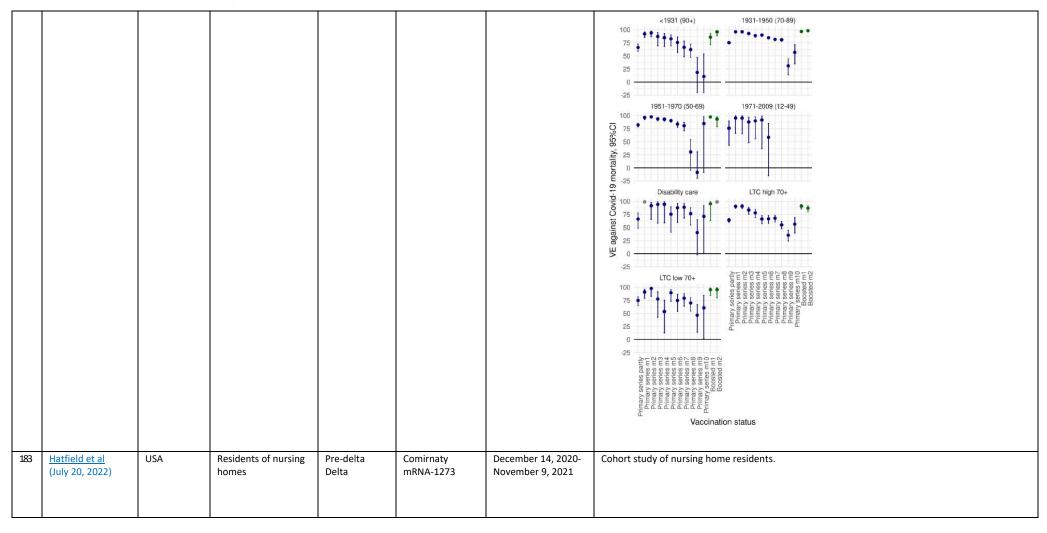
















								Number		Median days	Number of	Vaccine Effectiveness
							Vaccination Status a	of	Resident-	contributed per	SARS-	
							vaccination status	residents	Days	resident (IQR)	CoV-2 infections	% (95% CI)
							Model	1. Pro Delto v	ariant predo	minance (Dec 14, 202		D)
							Unvaccinated	871	57,871	51 (21, 122)	109	REF
							Completed Pfizer-BioNTech,		ŕ			
							within past 150 days	1,196	103,668	95 (87, 104)	22	67% (40%, 82%)
							Completed Moderna, within past	466	35,290	86 (73, 89)	6	75% (32%, 91%)
							150 days		,			
							Unvaccinated	lel 2: Delta var 245	25,707	nance (Jun 21, 2021 141 (60, 141)	- Nov 9, 2021) 36	REF
							Completed Pfizer-BioNTech,		ĺ			
							within past 150 days	687	8,970	11 (5, 14)	2	Not Estimated ^b
							Completed Pfizer-BioNTech,	858	90.195	126 (84, 135)	108	33% (-2%, 56%)
							over 150 days ago		90,193	120 (64, 133)	108	3370 (-270, 3070)
							Completed Moderna, within past	409	12,845	21 (14, 32)	5	Not Estimated ^b
							150 days Completed Moderna, over 150			1 7 7		
							days ago	357	31,093	109 (30, 122)	9	77% (48%, 91%)
							13.00					
182	Cerqueria-Silva et	Brazil	≥18 year olds	Omicron	Coronavac	January 1-April 17,	TND study evaluating VE ag	zainst symn	tomatic dis	ease hospitaliza	tion and de	ath
102		DIGEN	=10 year olds	Gillier Gil	followed by	2022	10 400				cion, ana ac	
	<u>al</u>					2022	100 Overall		18-59 years	60-79 years		≥ 80 years
	(July 18, 2022)				Comirnaty		§ 80 m	• •		0 0 0	0 0	1 0
					booster		%) 80 (I)			Φ 0		T T TO TO TO
							60 ©				1	Ψ Φ
							o tive				4	Φ
							₫ 40 · · ·	0	•	φ σ		
							96				O O	Ψ Φ
							- S 20		•			
							> 0			Φ		
							-10			*		
							0-13 14-30 31-60 61-90 91-120	>120 0-13 14-30			91-120 >120 0-13	14-30 31-60 61-90 91-120 >120
									Days since	BNT162b2 Booster		
								Outco	me: Severe Cl	OVID-19 Symptomatic COV	D-19	
							Fig. 3 Vaccine Effectiveness against sy	mntomatic and S	were COVID-19	According to days after bo	oster dose during	the Omicron dominance period
							stratified by age group. Point estimates					
							Wald's C.I. Blue represents adjusted VE a					
							unvaccinated.					
							Supplementary Table 5: Vaccine ef	fectiveness [%-(95% CI)] agains	t death associated with	COVID-19 during	the Omicron dominance
							period, stratified by age group					
							<u> </u>					
							Vaccination Status First dose	Overall	18-59	years	50-79 years	≥ 80 years
							≥ 14	51.8 (46.5 — 56.5) 52	.8 (42.1 —61.5)	53.2 (45.2 -60.1	42.7 (31.3 —52.2)
							Second dose					
							14-180	67.8 (64.0 —71.3		.5 (70.3 —78.1)	54.8 (43.6 -63.8	
							> 180 Booster with BNT162b2	63.1 (60.9 —65.1) 78	.3 (73.9 —81.9)	64.2 (61.1 -67.0	49.2 (44.1 —53.8)
								84.4 (79.9 — 87.9) 88.	2 (79.1 — 93.4)	84.9 (78.3 — 89.5	75.8 (61.2 — 84.9)
								90.2 (87.6 — 92.3		2 (92.4 — 98.9)	88.3 (84.4 — 91.3	
							31-60	90.5 (89.3 — 91.6) 96.	1 (92.9 — 97.9)	90.8 (89.2 — 92.1	85.3 (81.5 — 88.4)
								90.6 (89.8 — 91.3		0 (94.7 — 98.3)	91.9 (91.0 — 92.7	
								89.7 (88.9 — 90.3		1 (93.0 — 96.6)	91.4 (90.5 — 92.2	
							>120	87.0 (85.9 — 88.0) 93.	8 (88.8 — 96.6)	89.9 (88.4 — 91.2	80.2 (78.0 — 82.3)

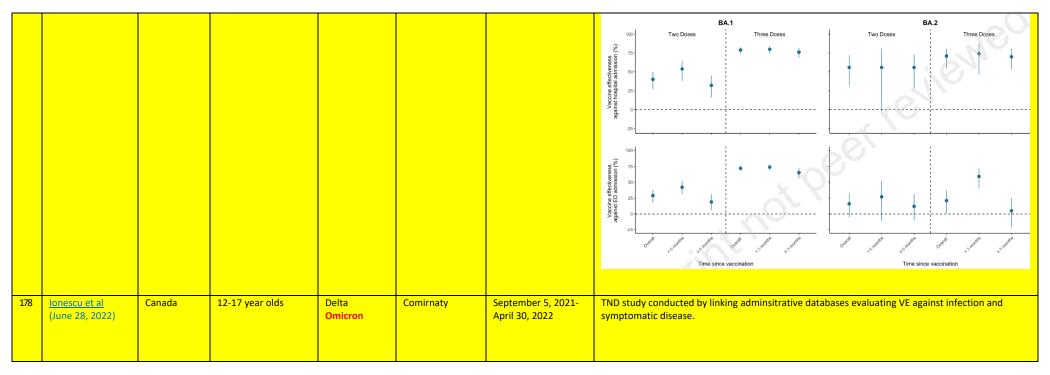




181	Link-Gelles et al	USA	≥18 year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty	December 18, 2021-	TND study in the VISION	N netwo	ork evalı	uating	VE agai	inst ED	<mark>/urgent</mark>	care visit	and hospita	lizaiton.
	(July 15, 2022)			(BA1, BA2 /	mRNA-1273	June 10, 2022	<u> </u>		Omicron BA.1-	predomin	ant period¶			Omicron BA.2/BA	2.12.1-predominant	period**
	(/ /			BA2.12.1)		, , ,	_	No.	(%) of positive	since	n interval last dose,	VE		No. (%) of pos	Median interv tive since last dos	e, VE
									est results†	day	ys (IQR)	%* (95% (CI) Total	test results	days (IQR)	%* (95% CI)
							ED or UC, age group (days since last dose) All ages, yrs									
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 51	,359	23,175 (45.1)		_	-	27,907	3,501 (12.6		
									2,377 (32.6) 11,365 (34.7)		(76–129) 232–306)	47 (44-50 39 (37-41) 1,774 1) 20,883			
									3,667 (12.5)	6	6 (41-89)	84 (83-85	9,142	441 (4.8	94 (72-108) 56 (51-61)
							3 doses (≥120) 3	,315	217 (6.5)	132 (125–142)	73 (68–77	7) 26,654	3,186 (11.9	166 (145–190) 26 (21–30)
							18–49 yrs Unvaccinated (Ref) 33	,003	14,236 (43.1)				- 18,429	2,269 (12.3		
								,909	1,621 (33.0)	106	(76–129)	40 (36-44) 47 (31–60)
								,313	5,918 (36.3)		220-288)	24 (21-28				
								3,755 426	1,259 (14.4) 39 (9.2)		5 (33–79) 124–141)	76 (75-78 29 (-1-50	3) 4,132 3) 7,613			
							≥50 yrs				,			, ,		
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 18	3,356	8,939 (48.7)		_	-	9,478			
								,377 ,427	756 (31.8) 5,447 (33.2)		(77–129) 248–316)	59 (54-63 52 (50-54				
							3 doses (7–119) 20	,578	2,408 (11.7)	7	1 (46-93)	87 (86-88	3) 5,010	234 (4.7	96 (73-109) 58 (51–64)
								N/A	178 (6.2)	133 (125-143)	81 (77–84				
							4 doses (≥7) ^{††}	N/A					- 4.094	333 (8./	28 (17–42) 66 (60–71)
							Hospitalization, age group (days since last	(dasa)								
							All ages, yrs	dosej								
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 14		6,829 (46.3)		_	_	6,682	494 (7.4)		
								,236 ,850	297 (24.0) 2,542 (28.7)		(73–129) 252–322)	68 (63-73 61 (58-63		12 (3.5) 393 (7.7)	102 (71-128) 371 (308-413)	57 (19–77) 24 (12–35)
							3 doses (7–119) 9	,146	786 (8.6)	72	2 (47-93)	92 (91-93	2,350	72 (3.1)	94 (74-108)	69 (58-76)
								,425	80 (5.6)	132 (1	125-142)	85 (81-89	7,686	519 (6.8)	168 (146-191)	52 (44–59)
							18–49 yrs ^{§§} Unvaccinated (Ref) 4	,057	1,515 (37.3)		_		_	_	_	_
							2 doses (14–149)	392	83 (21.2)		(67-127)	64 (52-73		_	_	-
								,304 812	329 (25.2) 53 (6.5)		226-294) 7 (36-81)	52 (43-59 91 (87-94) –	_	_	
							3 doses (≥120)	56	1 (1.8)		126-142)	94 (62-99		=	_	
							≥50 yrs ⁵⁵	1002					10000	(GODYONA)		
								,685 844	5,314 (49.7) 214 (25.4)	108	(76-129)	71 (65-75	4,595	393 (8.6)		
							2 doses (≥150) 7		2,213 (29.3)	294 (2	259-325)	63 (60-66	4,139			
							3 doses (7–119) 8 3 doses (≥120) 1	,334	733 (8.8) 79 (5.8)		3 (49–94) 125–142)	92 (91-93 86 (82-89		57 (2.9) 480 (6.8)	95 (74-108) 169 (147-191)	73 (63–81) 55 (46–62)
							4 doses (≥7)††	N/A	_	11.500		_	1,204	74 (6.2)	27 (17-41)	80 (71–85)
180	Tonnaro et al	San Marino	≥18 year old	Alpha, Delta	Sputnik V	February 21-October	Cohort study of entire of	ountry			Any vaccir	10			Gam-COVID-Va	
	(July 4, 2022)					1, 2021		Period	. *	С	rude		usted ^a	C	Crude	Adjusted ^a
									Cases*	VE	95% CI	VE	95% CI	Cases* VE	95% CI	VE 95% CI
							SARS-CoV-2 infections	<60 day	s 25	96.6	94.9-97.8	88.7	82.8-92.6	16 97.1	95.3-98.2	1.8 86.3-95.1
								60-119			81.0-87.7		40.3-60.7	117 81.1		7.0 34.3-57.2
								120+	70		81.1-88.9		36.7-63.8	53 85.8		7.8 42.2-69.2
								Total	217	89.3	87.2-91.0	67.6	61.8-72.5	186 89.9	87.7-91.6	8.5 62.5-73.6
							COVID-19 related Hospitalizations						.CO2			
								<60 day			84.9-98.0		74.9-96.5	2 97.5		5.2 79.1-98.9
								60-119			88.4-98.7		73.4-96.6	4 95.5		37.8 66.0-95.6
								120+ Total	6 15		71.5-95.9 88.1-97.0		35.1-91.2 77.4-93.5	2 96.2 8 96.4		9.7 52.7-97.7 1.6 81.5-96.2
179	Tartof et al	USA	≥18 year old	Omicron (BA1	Comirnaty	December 27, 2021-	TND study evaluating V			_						
173	(June 30, 2022)	- J.J.	members of Kaiser	and BA2)	Commuty	June 4, 2022	THE Study Cvaradting V	L again	30 1103p1	tanzat	unu	Cilici	Beriey ut	-partificiti	(LD) duillis.	21011.
	(Julie 30, 2022)			and DAZ		Julie 4, 2022										
			Permanente													
			southern California													

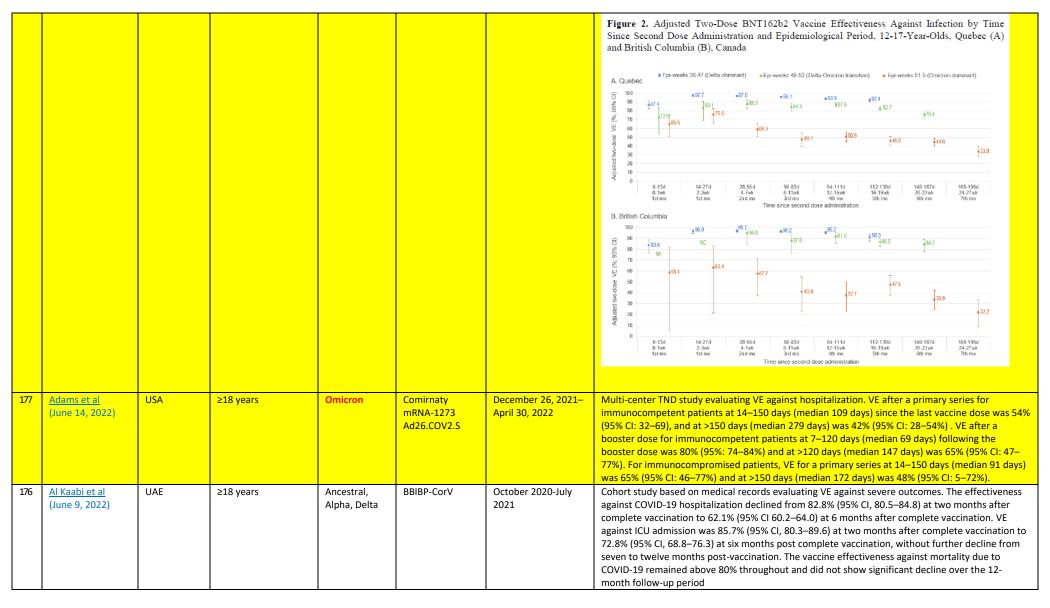






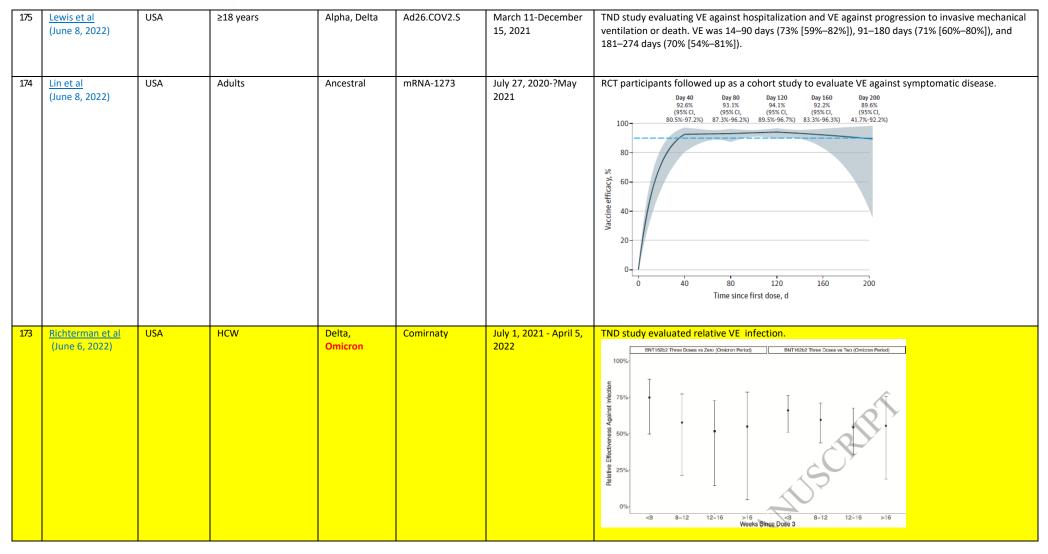






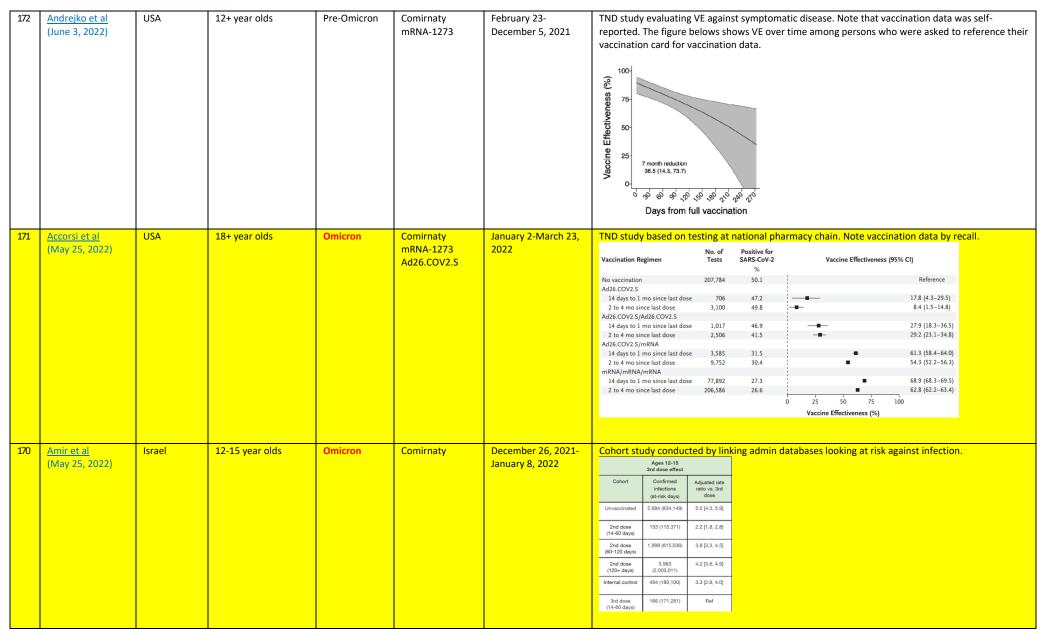
















169	Located	UK	Persons with cancer	Alpha, Delta	ChAdOx1	December 8, 2020-	Two TND studies conducted in different populations with comparison of VE against infection,
109	<u>Lee et al</u> (May 23, 2022)	UK	and general	Aipha, Deita	Comirnaty	October 15, 2021	hospitazliation, and death among the two groups.
	(IVIAY 23, 2022)		population		Committaty	October 13, 2021	
			population				100-90-80-80-80-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90
							Post-second dose (overall) 3-6 months post-second dose Vaccine Vaccine
							Exposed (PCR-positive) Not exposed (PCR-negative) Effectivenes Outcome Post-2 nd
							measure dose (n) d (N) dose (n) d (N) dose (n) d (N) Breakthrough 65.5% 47.0%
							Infections 18292 31649 780054 465982 (65.1-65.9) 12513 31649 347414 465982 (46.3-47.6) Coronavirus 84.5% 74.6%
							Hospitalisation 837 3227 780054 465982 (83.6-85.4) 611 3227 347414 465982 (72.8-76.3)
							Coronavirus 93.5% 90.3%
168	Paranthaman et al (May 5, 2022)	England	≥65 years living in LTCF	Alpha, Delta	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty	December 8, 2020- September 30, 2021	Coronavirus 560 5139 780054 465982 93.5% 373 5139 347414 465982 (89.3-91.2) Cohort study conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against infection and death. Table 2. Adjusted HRs for infection by vaccination status for LTCF residents, England
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus 560 5139 780054 465982 93.5% 93.3% 373 5139 347414 465982 (89.3-91.2) Cohort study conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against infection and death. Table 2. Adjusted HRs for infection by vaccination status for LTCF residents, England Vaccination Time states Any CDAOs-1 BNT162b2
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus Death 560 5139 780054 465982 (93.0-94.0) 373 5139 347414 465982 (83.3-91.2) Cohort study conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against infection and death. Table 2. Adjusted HRs for infection by vaccination status for LTCF residents, England Vaccination Time since Substitute Vaccination Time since Any Death Person-time in days Death Adjusted HRb Person-time in days Death Person-time in days Death Person-time in days Death Adjusted HRb Person-time in days Death Person-time in days Death Person-time in days Death Adjusted HRb Person-time in days Death Adjusted HRb Person-time in days Death De
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus Death 560 5139 780054 465982 (93.0-94.0) 373 5139 347414 465982 (89.3-91.2) Cohort study conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against infection and death. Table 2. Adjusted HRs for infection by vaccination status for LTCF residents, England Vaccination Time states Tim
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus Seco Si39 780054 465982 (93.0-94.0) 373 Si39 347414 465982 (83.3-91.2)
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus 560 5139 780054 465982 93.094.0 373 5139 347414 465982 (83.9-91.2)
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus Death Se0 S139 780054 465982 (93.0-94.0) 373 S139 347414 465982 (83.3-91.2)
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus September Se
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus Septembro Se
168		England		Alpha, Delta			Coronavirus Section

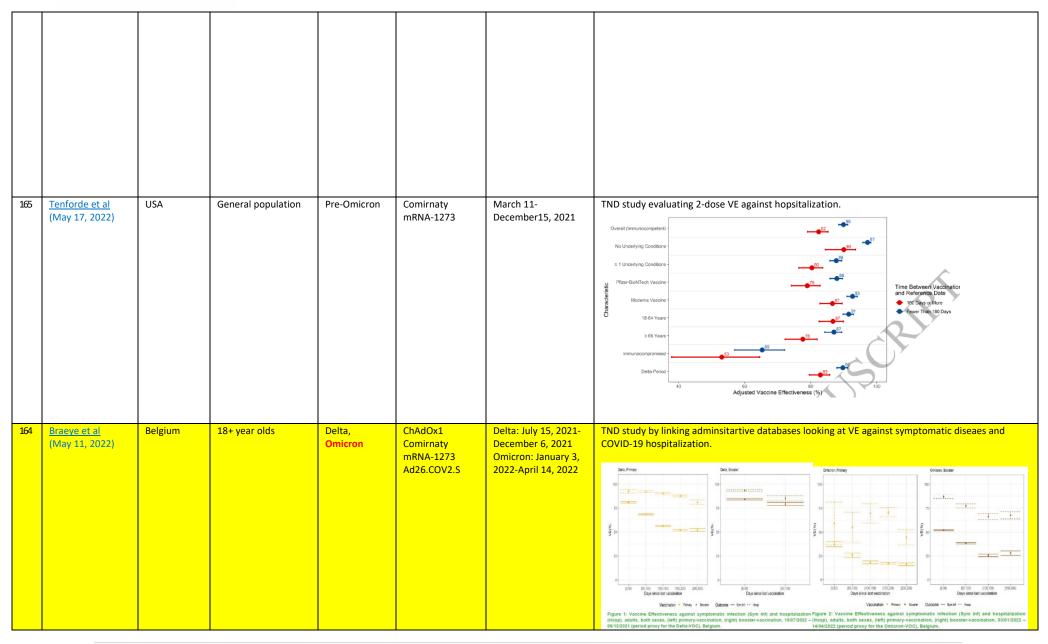




							Table 3	. Adjust	ed HRs for CO	VID-rel	ated death by	vaccination st	atus amo	ng LTCF re	sidents, Englar	nd	
							Vaccination	Time since	Алу			ChAdOx-1			BNT162b2		
							status		Person-time in days (unique individuals) ²	Events	Adjusted HRb	Person-time in days (unique individuals) ^a	Events	,	Person-time in days (unique individuals) ^a	Events	Adjusted HRb
							Unvaccinated First dose Second dose "Number o	1-2 wks 3-4 wks 5-8 wks 9+ wks 1-4 wks 5-10 wks 11-15 wks 16-20 wks 21+ wks		7,425 2,125 812 347 71 18 15 43 193 280 ny duration	0.59 (0.52–0.66) 0.41 (0.35–0.48) 0.33 (0.26–0.41) 0.44 (0.3–0.63) 0.15 (0.07–0.3) 0.19 (0.09–0.41) 0.21 (0.13–0.34) 0.35 (0.24–0.52) 0.37 (0.25–0.53) 10 of time within o	6,931,978 (190,109) 1,426,998 (195,578) 1,355,906 (99,344) 2,575,162 (95,636) 1,844,561 (86,556) 240,1617 (86,843) 3,521,162 (85,610) 2,810,271 (81,971) 2,598,423 (77,717) 1,916,225 (64,662) each time period. ⁵ At	7,425 1,364 485 178 36 9 10 39 155 196	0.58 (0.5-0.66) 0.49 (0.4-0.61) 0.37 (0.27-0.5) 0.43 (0.26-0.71) 0.17 (0.06-0.42) 0.18 (0.07-0.47) 0.22 (0.13-0.38) 0.39 (0.26-0.58) 0.44 (0.3-0.67) gender, age grou	6,931,978 (190,109) 643,230 (47,801) 599,459 (44,556) 1,122,466 (41,783) 824,107 (57,967) 1,030,631 (37,325) 1,516,513 (36,784) 1,224,835 (35,428) 1,157,582 (34,087) 1,230,371 (30,054) p, case rate in local	7,425 761 327 169 35 9 5 4 38 84 authority :	0.6 (0.51-0.7) 0.35 (0.29-0.43) 0.34 (0.26-0.45) 0.5 (0.32-0.78) 0.14 (0.06-0.33) 0.19 (0.05-0.7) 0.09 (0.03-0.25) 0.27 (0.16-0.46) 0.31 (0.2-0.49)
167	Martellucci et al (April 22, 2022)	Italy	General population	Alpha, Delta, Omicron	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 2, 2021- December 18, 2021		-	onducted by , and death.		C	OVID-19		valuating	COVID-	19-Re	
												italization	A			eath	
									luration ^B		Ol	R (95% CI)			OR (9	95% C	.1)
								nths of nvacci	f follow-up nated			(Ref. cat.)			1 (Re	ef. cat	.)
								2 dos				(0.02-0.03)			0.01 (0.0		
							>6 ma	3 dos	ses follow-up		0.18	(0.15–0.23)	*		0.15 (0.	10-0.2	24) *
								nvacci	nated			(Ref. cat.)			1 (Re		
								2 dos	ses		0.31	(0.26–0.37)	*		0.25 (0.	17–0.3	35) *
166	Fano et al (May 18, 2022)	Italy	12+ year olds	Alpha, Delta, Omicron	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 1, 2021- January 10, 2022	Figure 2 - Adj times after the unvaccinated 100 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80 - 80	usted vaccine administratio	onducted by effectiveness (VE) against on of the second dose.	at SARS-CoV	2 infection at difference ster dose. Reference ster dose.	nt ::					on.











163	Butt et al (May 3, 2022)	USA	Veterans	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	January 1-February 20, 2022	their booster v [35-44%] for B negligible for b	BNT-162b2; RVE=30% both vaccines for pati	s of the sta [23-36%] fo ents with 4	rt of the period or mRNA-1273 For more mont	d of omicron pr), and protectic ths since receiv	edominance (RVE=40% on against infection was
162	Amir et al (May 5, 2022)	Israel	60+ year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty	January 16, 2022, to March 12, 2022	Cohort study k	oy linking adminsitrat	ive databas	ses evaluating i	relative VE agai	nst severe disease.
	(May 3, 2022)					10101112, 2022			VE	LCI	UCI	
							2nd dose	4+ months		ref		
								0-1 month	57%	38%	71%	
								1-2 months	66%	44%	79%	
							3rd dose	2-3 months	68%	55%	78%	
							p p	3-4 months	67%	58%	73%	
							Ē	4-5 months 5-6 months	64% 64%	60% 60%	70% 69%	
								6-7 months	68%	58%	76%	
							4th dose	0-2 months	89%	87%	91%	





161	Gray et al	South Africa	HCW	Omicron	Comirnaty	November 15, 2021-	TND study cor	aducted as r	part of Siconk	o study Not	o that thou o	valuated VE	of 2 doses of	
101	(May 4, 2022)	30util Allica	TICVV	Officion	Ad26.COV2.S	January 14, 2022	Comirnaty and				e that they e	valuateu VL	01 2 00363 01	
	(710201001210	54.144. Y 1 1) 2022	i i	3 Days	14–27 Days		–2 Mo	3–4 Mo	>	5 Mo
							1007 _		т					
							Aaccine Effectiveness (%) 20- 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 25	81	74 88 69	J ⁷² I	70 70	₹ ⁷¹	[73 <u>[</u> 67	Ĭ ⁷¹
							Par Contraint	e COVI ^S Intilabi	DAY'S 1841 1841 18 CON'S	thy streethy streethy	Ité COMP STEIDE	Tego, Bullego,	BMIEDD	Bhilippi
							br br	PC	h.	k. k.				
								gh Care Hosp or ICU Admi				Hospital High (dmission or K		
160	Castillo et al	France	18+ year olds	Delta,	Comirnaty	December 13, 2021 –	TND study link	king adminsi	itrative datah	ases to asses	ss VF against	symptomat	r disease wit	th a
100	(April 21, 2022)	Trance	101 year olus	Omicron	mRNA-1273	January 31, 2021	cohort study					Symptomat	c discuse, wi	
	(April 21, 2022)			Officion	11111177 1273	Junuary 51, 2021	conort study t	done among	Omicron ²	anzea cases.		Delta²		
								Diek rodu	ictions against	Protection	Diek rodus	tion ^e against	Protection	
							Immune status: time	RISK FEGU		1-OR×HR	RISK Teduc		1 – OR× HR	
							since named vaccine dose ^b	Symptomatic Infection	Hospital admission among symptomatic		Symptomatic Infection	Hospital admission among symptomatic		
									cases	Protection(95%CI)		cases	Protection (95%CI)	
							Vaccinated (ref.: unva	ORd (95%CI)	HR*(95%CI)		OR4(95%CI)	HR* (95%CI)		
							D1: 0 day = 28 days	0.88 (0.86 to 0.91)		0.12 (-0.09 to 0.34)	0.62 (0.59 to 0.66)	0.66 (0.50 to 0.81)	0.59 (0.49 to 0.69)	
							D2: o days=30 days	0.57 (0.55 to 0.59)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.59 (0.46 to 0.72)	0.22 (0.20t0 0.23)	0.40 (0.23 to 0.57)	0.91 (0.87to 0.95)	
							D2: 1 month = 2 months D2: 2 months = 3 months	0.68 (0.66 to 0.70) 0.73 (0.71 to 0.74)	4- (433)	0.73 (0.64 to 0.82) 0.59 (0.49 to 0.70)	0.30 (0.28t0 0.31) 0.32 (0.31t0 0.33)	0.41 (0.25 to 0.57) 0.36 (0.25 to 0.47)	0.88 (0.83 to 0.93) 0.88 (0.85 to 0.92)	
							D2: 3 months-4 months	0.74 (0.73 to 0.76)		0.57 (0.49 to 0.65)	0.32 (0.31t00.33)	0.38 (0.25 to 0.47) 0.29 (0.23 to 0.35)	0.91 (0.89 to 0.92)	
							D2:4 months-5 months	0.84 (0.83 to 0.85)		0.64 (0.59 to 0.70)	0.35 (0.34 to 0.36)	0.21 (0.17 to 0.24)	0.93 (0.91t00.94)	
							D2:5 months-6 months	0.97 (0.96 to 0.98)		0.71 (0.66 to 0.76)	0.40 (0.39 to 0.41)	0.14 (0.12 to 0.16)	0.94 (0.94 to 0.95)	
							D2:>6 months DB:1day -7 days	0.89 (0.87 to 0.90) 0.65 (0.64 to 0.66)	2 1 12 2 1	0.56 (0.51t0 0.62) 0.77 (0.72t0 0.83)	0.37 (0.36 to 0.38) 0.29 (0.28 to 0.30)	0.26 (0.23t0 0.29) 0.14 (0.10t0 0.17)	0.90 (0.89 to 0.91) 0.96 (0.95 to 0.97)	
							DB: 8 days=14 days	0.36 (0.36 to 0.37)		0.90 (0.87 to 0.92)	0.09 (0.09 to 0.10)	0.14 (0.10 to 0.17) 0.16 (0.12 to 0.21)	0.98 (0.98to 0.99)	
							DB: 15 days-30 days	0.33 (0.32 to 0.33)		0.94 (0.93 to 0.95)	0.04 (0.04 to 0.05)	0.16 (0.11t0 0.21)	0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
							DB: 1 month-2 months DB: 2 months -3 months	0.41 (0.40t00.41)		0.94 (0.93 to 0.95)	0.05 (0.05 to 0.06)	0.14 (0.10 to 0.17)	0.99 (0.99 to 0.99)	
							DB: 2 months = 3 months DB: 3 months	0.42 (0.41t0 0.43) 0.50 (0.49t0 0.52)		0.92 (0.91t0 0.94) 0.93 (0.92t0 0.94)	0.06 (0.05t00.07) 0.06 (0.05t00.07)	0.10 (0.06 to 0.14) 0.10 (0.06 to 0.15)	0.99 (0.99 to 1.00) 0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
							Naturally-acquired an						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
							Unvaccinated: NA	0.49 (0.48t00.50)		0.78 (0.70 to 0.85)	0.11 (0.11 to 0.12)	0.43(0.22t00.64)	0.95(0.93t00.98)	
							D1 or D2: NA DB: NA	0.33 (0.32 to 0.34)	0.51 (0.36 to 0.66) 0.29 (0.22 to 0.36)	0.83 (0.78t0 0.88) 0.94 (0.93t0 0.96)	0.08 (0.08 to 0.09) 0.02 (0.02 to 0.02)	0.56 (0.34 to 0.77)	0.95 (0.94 to 0.97) 0.99 (0.99 to 1.00)	
							<u> </u>							
							Cl: confidence interval NA: not applicable; ^a Delta (respective Om Omicron) variant [14 ^b Duration since receiv	OR: odds ratio; ref. licron): laboratory-c i].	: reference; RT-PCR: r onfirmed (RT-PCR) SA	everse-transcription ARS-CoV-2 Infection v	PCR; SARS-CoV-2: s with mutation screen	evere acute respirat Ing Indicative of De	ory coronavirus 2.	
							CRISK reductions are re Odds ratios of sympt prior infection. Hazard ratios of hosp	elative to symptoms tomatic infections, a	s attributable respect according to the time	ively to the Delta or elapsed since each (the Omicron variant. COVID-19 vaccine do	e reception or acco		
							according to eviden Naturally-acquired in	ce of prior infection						





									Omicron ^a			Delta	
							Immune status: time since named	Hospital admission	ICU admission	Death	Hospital admission	ICU admission	Death
							vaccine doseb	HR°(95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)	HR° (95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)	HR ^c (95%CI)
							Vaccinated (ref.: unv	accinated without pr	rior infection evidend	e)			
							D1: 0-28 days	0.99 (0.75 to 1.23)	1.09 (0.49 to 1.69)	1.09 (0.53 to 1.65)	0.66 (0.50 to 0.81)	0.43 (0.21t0 0.65)	0.93 (0.48t01.37)
							D2: 0-30 days	0.72 (0.50t0 0.95)	0.54 (0.06 to 1.02)	0.71 (0.14 to 1.29)	0.40 (0.23t00.57)	0.32 (0.04 to 0.60)	0.44 (0.01t0 0.87)
							D2: 1-2 months	0.40 (0.27 to 0.53)	0.32 (0.06 to 0.59)	0.38 (0.10 to 0.67)	0.41 (0.25 to 0.57)	0.52 (0.21t0 0.84)	0.14 (-0.13 to 0.42)
							D2: 2-3 months	0.56 (0.41t0 0.71)	0.22 (0.00 to 0.43)	0.12 (-0.05 to 0.29)	0.36 (0.25 to 0.47)	0.35 (0.16 to 0.54)	0.11 (-0.04 to 0.26)
							D2: 3-4 months	0.58 (0.48t00.68)				0.18 (0.10t0 0.26)	0.31 (0.12t0 0.49)
							D2: 4-5 months	0.43 (0.36 to 0.49)	0.15 (0.07 to 0.24)	0.30 (0.14 to 0.45)	0.21 (0.17 to 0.24)	0.17 (0.12t00.23)	0.37 (0.20t0 0.53)
							D2:5-6 months	0.30 (0.24 to 0.35)		0.32 (0.15 to 0.48)		0.10 (0.07 to 0.13)	
							D2:>6 months	0.50 (0.43t00.56)		0.51 (0.36 to 0.65)			0.35 (0.25 to 0.44)
							DB: 1–7 days	0.35 (0.27 to 0.43)					0.29 (0.15 to 0.43)
							DB: 8-14 days	0.28 (0.21t00.36)		0.14 (0.00t00.28)			0.24 (0.09 to 0.39)
							DB: 15-30 days	0.18 (0.14 to 0.22)		0.18 (0.08 to 0.28)		0.15 (0.07 to 0.23)	
							DB: 1-2 months	0.16 (0.13 to 0.18)	0.06 (0.03 to 0.08)		0.14 (0.10t0 0.17)		0.16 (0.06t00.25)
							DB: 2-3 months	0.18 (0.15 to 0.21)	0.08 (0.04 to 0.13)	0.14 (0.08 to 0.20)	0.10 (0.06 to 0.14)		0.09 (0.01t00.16)
							DB>3 months	0.14 (0.11t0 0.16)	0.05 (0.01t0 0.09)			0.03 (-0.03t00.09)	0.10 (0.01t0 0.19)
							Naturally-acquired o	r hybrid immunity ^a (r	ref.: unvaccinated wit		evidence)	I	
							Unvaccinated: NA	0.45 (0.30 to 0.60)	0.14 (-0.05 to 0.33)	(0.09100.50)	0.43 (0.22t00.64)	0.54 (0.10t00.97)	1.06 (0.02 to 2.10)
							D1 or D2: NA	0.51 (0.36 to 0.66)	0.42 (0.12 to 0.72)	0.34 (0.07 to 0.61)	0.56 (0.34 to 0.77)	0.39 (0.08 to 0.71)	0.90 (0.17 to 1.62)
							DB: NA	0.29 (0.22 to 0.36)	0.16 (0.05t0 0.28)	0.19 (0.06 to 0.32)	0.29 (0.13 to 0.44)	0.13 (-0.05t0 0.30)	0.11 (-0.11 to 0.33)
159	Kirsebom et al (April 28, 2022)	England	General population	Omicron Delta	ChAdOx1 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 followed by ChAdOx1 booster	September 13, 2021- February 17, 2022	TND study linki	ng adminsitra	tive databases	to assess VE a	against sympto	matic disease	





							Age		Booster	Interval			- 1		
							(years)		Manufacture	r (days)	Controls C		OR*	VE (95% CI)	
								Unvaccinated	d .	-	27,361 5		eline 1 2 (0.9-	Baseline	
								Dose 2**	n/a	175+	85175 8	9230 0.94	1)	8 (6 to 9.9)	
								Booster	Any***	0-1	11,879	7715 0.83	(0.77-	20.3 (17.2 to 23.3)	
									1902 00000	2-6		0.74	(0.72-	25.8 (23.7 to	
									Any***		27430 2	0.42	2 (0.41-	27.8) 58.2 (57.0 to	
							20080		BNT162b2	7-13	28,809 1	7658 0.43	3)	59.4) 63.8 (63.0 to	
							0-64		BNT162b2	14-34	86719 6	6406 0.37	7)	64.5)	
							4		BNT162b2	35-69	87592 9	0.43	(0.42-	57.3 (56.4 to 58.2)	
									- Secretario			0.54	(0.52-	46.4 (45.0 to	
									BNT162b2	70-104	22504 2			47.8) 30.6 (26.8 to	
									BNT162b2	105+	2758	1278 0.73	3)	34.3)	
									ChAdOx1-S	7-13	70	40 0.59	0.25-	61.2 (40.9 to 74.6)	
												0.48	(0.38-	51.7 (38.9 to	
									ChAdOx1-S	14-34	193	159 0.61		61.8) 53.0 (42.6 to	
									ChAdOx1-S	35-69	216	215 0.57	7)	61.6)	
									ChAdOx1-S	70-104	69	97 0.8	1)	40.8 (18.6 to 56.9)	
									ChAdOx1-S	105+	10	14 1.44	3 (0.27-	37.2 (-44.1 to 72.6)	
							_	Unvaccinated		105+		2361 Bas			
										175.		0.8	1 (0.73-	19.5 (11.7 to	
								Dose 2** Booster	n/a	175+	4466	3053 0.88		26.6) 34.6 (14.8 to	
								(70/2000mm))	Any***	0-1	428	110 0.85	5)	49.8)	
									Any***	2-6	1140	370 0.84	4)	28.6 (16.0 to 39.3)	
									BNT162b2	7-13	1,883	433 0.48		58.1 (51.6 to 63.8)	
							92+		BIN1 10202			0.3	1 (0.29-	68.5 (65.7 to	
									BNT162b2	14-34	14311			71.2) 54.1 (50.5 to	
									BNT162b2	35-69	36300 2	5240 0.49	9)	57.5)	
									BNT162b2	70-104	14210 1	0.6	(0.55-	40.1 (35.2 to 44.5)	
												0.77	7 (0.7-	23.1 (15.1 to	
									BNT162b2	105+	1970	2789 0.85		30.5) 66.1 (16.6 to	
									ChAdOx1-S	7-13	23	8 0.83	3)	86.3)	
									ChAdOx1-S	14-34	53	32 0.7		51.6 (20.8 to 70.4)	
												0.5	56 (0.4-	44.5 (22.4 to	
									ChAdOx1-S	35-69	88	81 0.7	27 (0.7-	60.2) -27.2 (-131.6 to	
									ChAdOx1-S	70-104	16	40 2.3	32)	30.1)	
									ChAdOx1-S	105+	3	5 4.2	98 (0.23- 28)	N too low	
158	Sheikh et al	Scotland	General population	Omicron	ChAdOx1	November 1-	TND	study li	nking ad	lminsi	trative	datak	oases	to assess VI	against symptomatic di
	(April 22, 2022)				Comirnaty	December 19, 2021									
	, , , , , , , ,				mRNA-1273	-, -									

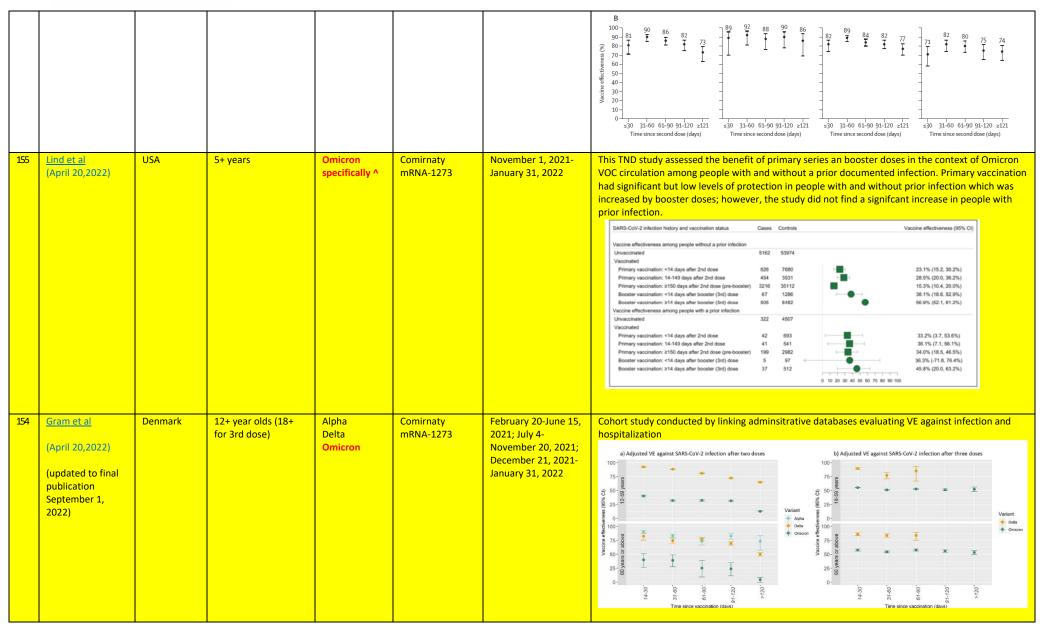




							5-gene-negative infections 5-gene-positive infections
							Tested n Positive, n Relative vaccine Tested n Positive, n Relative vaccine
							effectiveness, % effectiveness, %
							(95% CI) (95% CI)
							16-49 years
							Unvaccinated 10 302 1003 22% (14 to 29) 14 583 5284 -98% (-109 to -87) First dose
							0-27 days 550 36 47% (24 to 63) 676 162 -24% (-50 to -3)
							2.28 days 6570 581 30% (21 to 38) 8339 2350 -39% (-49 to -30)
							Second dose
							0-13 days 732 46 58% (42 to 70) 805 119 31% (16 to 44)
							14-69 days 4248 256 53% (46 to 60) 4258 266 73% (69 to 76) 70-104 days 12581 814 33% (26 to 40) 13559 1792 50% (46 to 53)
							70-104 days 12581 814 33% (26 to 40) 13559 1792 50% (46 to 53) 105-139 days 29209 3503 15% (9 to 21) 31 963 6257 32% (29 to 36)
							140-174 days 14966 1824 3%(-(5to11) 17991 4829 9%(4to13)
							≥175 days 13 183 1435 Reference 15 462 37 14 Reference
							Third dose
							0-6 days 3773 515 26% (16 to 34) 4003 745 33% (27 to 39)
							7-13 days 2185 143 62% (54to 68) 2155 113 84% (80 to 87) 214 days 12887 783 56% (51 to 60) 12798 694 83% (81 to 84)
							250years 1100/ 765 30/8/31/000/ 12/30 054 63/8/(31/004)
							Unvacinated 716 48 33% (7 to 52) 1158 490 -45% (-65 to -28)
							First dose
							0-27 days 27 4 0 (-230 to 70) 36 13 -16% (-134 to 42)
							28 days 256 13 48% (7 to 72) 343 100 10% (-15 to 30)
							Second dose 0-13 days 23 1 62% (-207 to 95) 23 1 90% (27 to 99)
							14-69 days 120 9 5% (-98 to 54) 131 20 62% (38 to 77)
							70-104 days 128 12 8% (-76 to 52) 149 33 40% (10 to 60)
							105-139 days 463 17 35% (-10 to 62) 634 188 20% (4 to 33)
							140-174 days 5513 265 4% (-13 to 19) 8205 2957 4% (-3 to 10)
							2175 days 8007 799 Reference 10 856 3648 Reference
							Third dose 0-6 days 3522 420 0 (-15 to 13) 4352 1250 20% (13 to 26)
							7-13 days 3006 180 54% (46 to 62) 3146 320 77% (74 to 80)
							≥14 days 17 572 1045 57% (52 to 62) 17 504 977 88% (86 to 89)
457	Communication of the con-	Dec 11	10	0	Charle 4	1	TND at all the transfer and a transfer and a state to the
157	<u>Cerqueria-Silva et</u>	Brazil,	18+ year olds	Omicron	ChAdOx1	January 1-March 7,	TND study linking administrative databases.
	<u>al</u>	Scotland			Comirnaty	2022	Symptomatic SARS-CoV-2 Infection Severe COVID-19
	(April 14, 2022)				mRNA-1273		100
	() · · · /						
							3 80
							(%)
							Effectivenes
							i te
							<u></u> 40 <u></u> 40 <u> </u>
							5 m
							20
							0
							0-1 2-4 5-8 9-12 ≥13 0-1 2-4 5-8 9-12 ≥13
							Weeks since booster dose
	The second secon						
							Country Brazil Scotland
156	Widdifield et al	Canada	Patients with	Alpha Delta	Comirnaty	March 1-November	TND study among nations with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VF against infection
156	Widdifield et al	Canada	Patients with	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty	March 1-November	TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection
156	Widdifield et al (April 14, 2022)	Canada	rheumatoid arthritis,	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-November 21, 2021	TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection
156		Canada	rheumatoid arthritis,	Alpha, Delta			TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection
156		Canada	rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing	Alpha, Delta			TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection
156		Canada	rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis,	Alpha, Delta			TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection
156		Canada	rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing	Alpha, Delta			TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection
156		Canada	rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis,	Alpha, Delta			TND study among patients with inflammatory diseases to evaluate VE against infection

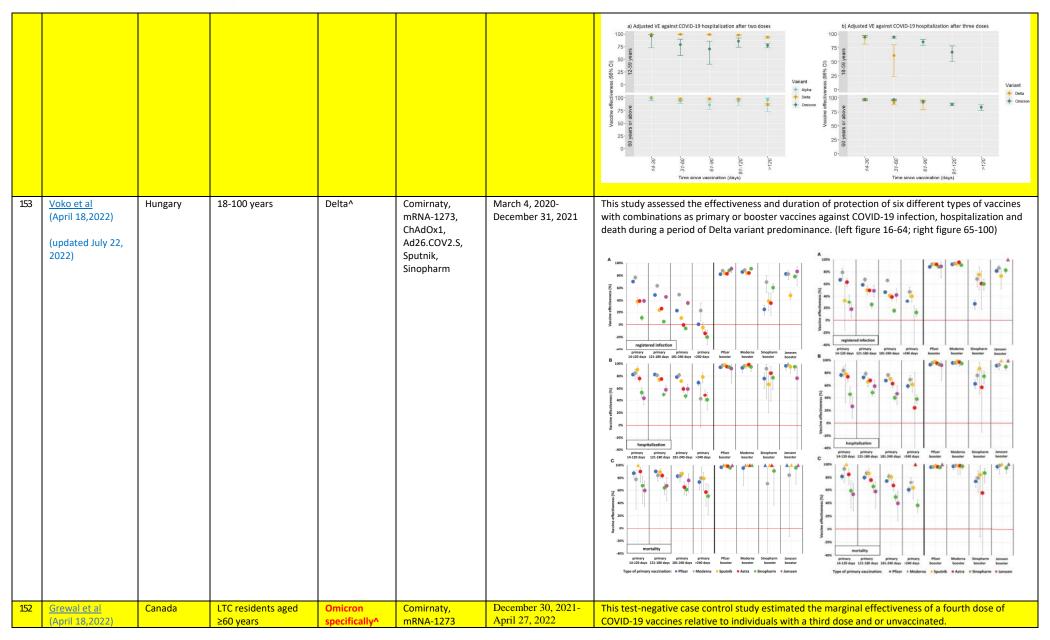












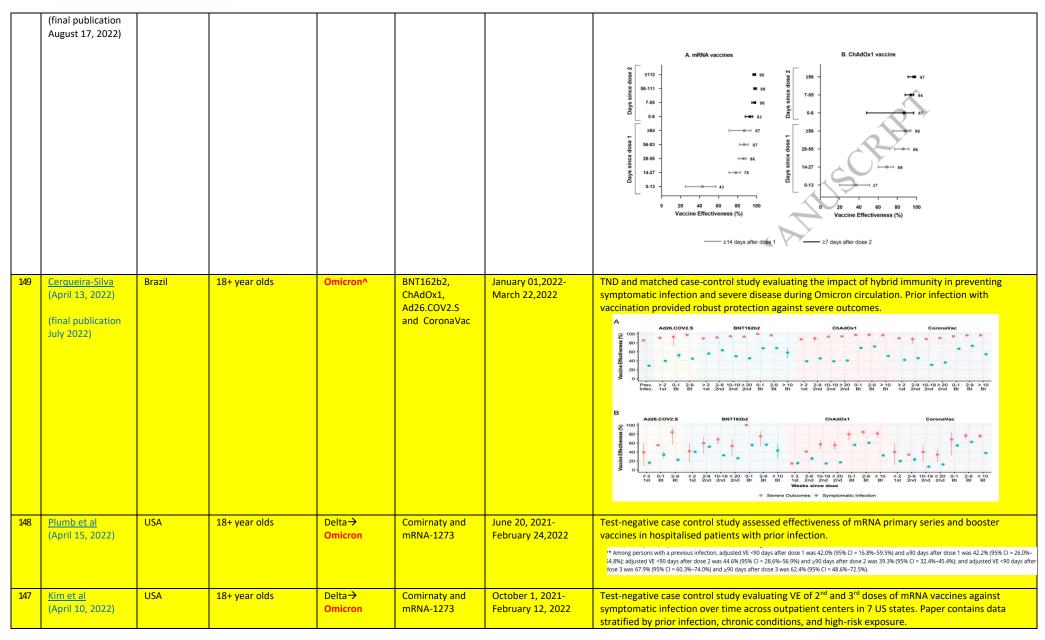




	(updated June 1, 2022) (final publication July 6, 2022)						Symptomatic infection Symptomatic infection Symptomatic infection Symptomatic infection Symptomatic infection Server outcomes Server outcomes An
151	Richardson et al (April 17,2022) (updated June 20, 2022)	Mexico	Childcare workers aged ≥18 years	Non-VOC, Alpha, Gamma and Delta^	CanSino	March 30, 2021- December 31, 2021	Prospective cohort study evaluating the VE of Cansino against laboratory-confirmed illness, hospitalisation and death associated with COVID-19. Vaccination with Cansino provided moderate protection against infection, and robust protection against hospitalization and death up to 4 months, with declines in VE seen after 120 days. Vaccination status Contributing Person-days Conformed Covid-19 Conformed Covid-19 Covid-19
150	Nasreen et al (April 13,2022)	Canada	18+ year olds	Non-VOC, Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta^	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	December 14, 2020- September 30, 2021	Test-negative case control study conducted across 4 canadian provinces to evaluate the effectiveness of heterologous and homologous regimen of COVID-19 vaccines in preventing hospitalization or death.







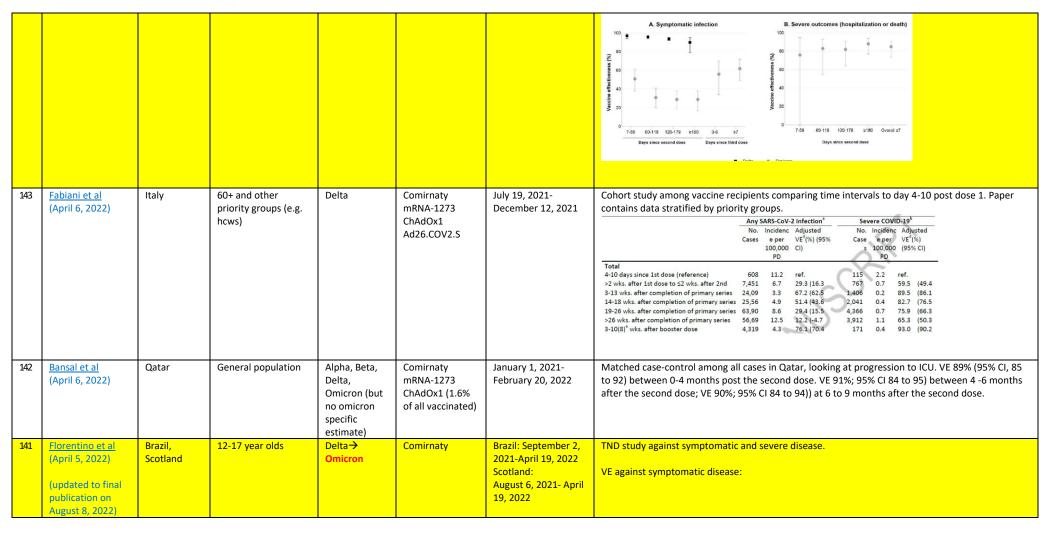




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14	Menni et al* (April 08,2022)	UK	General population	Delta^	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	May 23, 2021- November 23, 2021	Prospective cohort study analysed sel-reported lateral flow or PCR test positivity data from an app in the UK among adults, 5-8 months after receiving primary dose and an mRNA booster. VE showed a gradual decline after the second dose. Primary vaccination Booster dose Primary vaccination Booster dose Vaccine effectiveness (95% t) BNT16/blz
14	Freedman et al (March 31, 2022)	Israel	16+ year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	September 6, 2021- January 1, 2022	Cohort study by linking administrative databases evaluate VE of 3 rd dose versus 0 doses against infection over time. A=16-59 year olds; B=60+ year olds. A 1000 A 1000 B
14	Buchan et al (April 7, 2022)	Canada	12-17 year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	November 22, 2021- March 6, 2022	TND conducted by linking adminsitrative databases evaluating VE against symptomatic infection and severe disease.

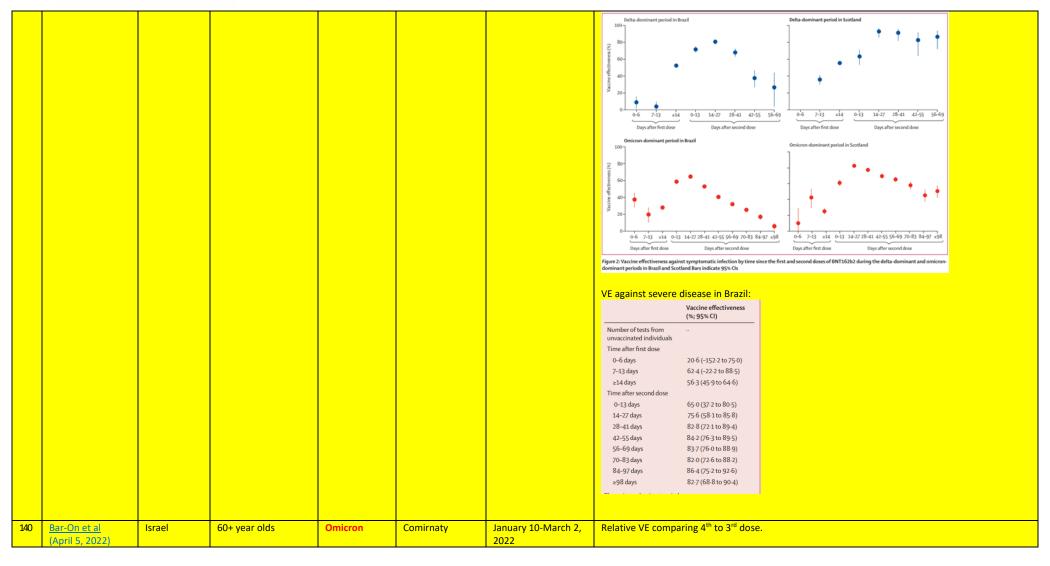












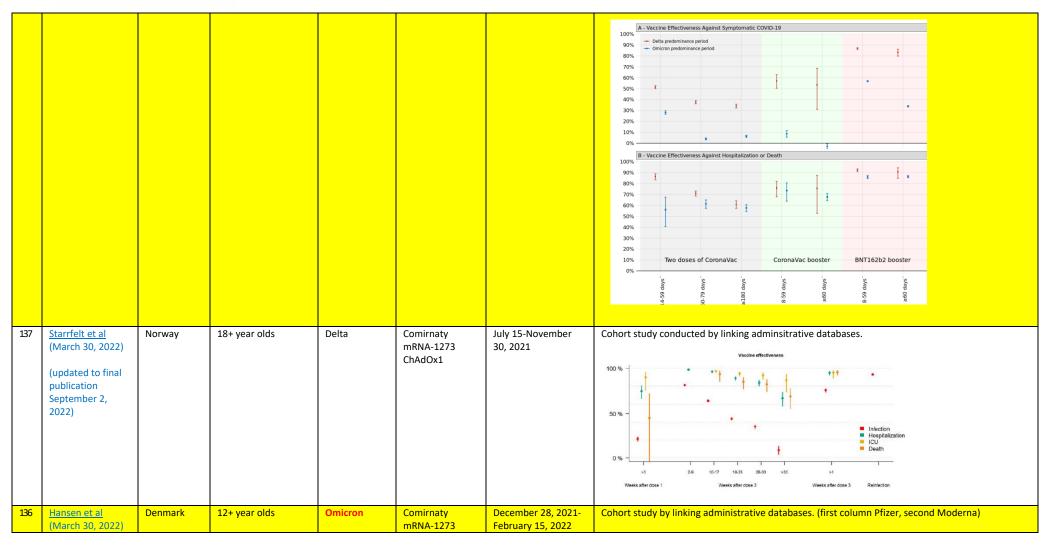




							7.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 6.5 6.0 98 9 5.0 98 9 3.0 98 9 3.5 2.5 2.0 1nternal control (days 8-14) (days 15-21) (days 22-28) (days 29-35) (days 36-42) (days 43-49) (days 50-56) Time Since Dose 4
139	Perumal et al (April 1, 2022)	Germany	12+ year olds	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	November 8, 2021- February 13, 2022	Analysis of surveillance data with comparison to aggregate vaccination data to calculate the VE against symptomatic disease, hospitalization, and severe disease. (Note unable to adjust for many confounders). Table 3: Effectiveness of booster vaccination against symptomatic SARS-CoV-2 infection and COVID-19-associated hospitalizations and severe illness during dominant circulation of the Omicron variant in Germany, CW52/2021-06/2022, by age group and time interval. 12-17 years
138	Ranzani et al (April 1, 2022) (updated August 16, 2022)	Brazil	18+ year olds	Delta, Omicron	Coronavac Comirnaty	September 6, 2021- April 22, 2022	TND study linking adminsitrative databases. Note booster dose VE is a relative VE (compared to primary series recipients) while primary series VE is compared to unvaccianted.











							Days since
							01/05 91/20 36-5 (14.8, 36.9) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5) 36-5 (17.7, 39.5)
135	Price et al (March 30, 2022)	USA	5-18 year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	July 1, 2021-February 17, 2022	TND study at 31 hospitals. Subgroup Patients Patients Patients no. of postients/stotal no. (%) Adolescents 12-18 yr of age Age group 12-15 yr 13-15 yr 16-18 yr 16-18 yr 16-18 yr 18-17 to 88) 16-18 yr 18-18 yr (39)73 (16) 22-12 wk since vaccination 25/676 (4) 27-17 (9) 17-19 (8) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 23-44 wk since vaccination 25/197 (26) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 18-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-10 (9) 25-
134	Veneti et al (March 25, 2022)	Norway	12-17 year olds	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty	August 24, 2021- January 16, 2022	Cohort study of 12-17 year olds evaluating VE against infection based on linking administrative databases. Age 12-15 years 16-17 years b) Delta infections, 25 August 2021 to 16 January 2022 c) Omicron infections, 26 November 2021 to 16 January 2022 Days after dose 1 Days after dose 2 Days after dose 2 Days after dose 2
133	Wang et al (March 25, 2022)	USA	General population	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	October 1, 2021- January 31, 2022	TND study at Cleveland Clinic evaluating risk against infection (top table, note this can be converted to VE by subtracting the OR from 1) and death (bottom table, not this is among cases only and thus is VE against progression of infection to death).

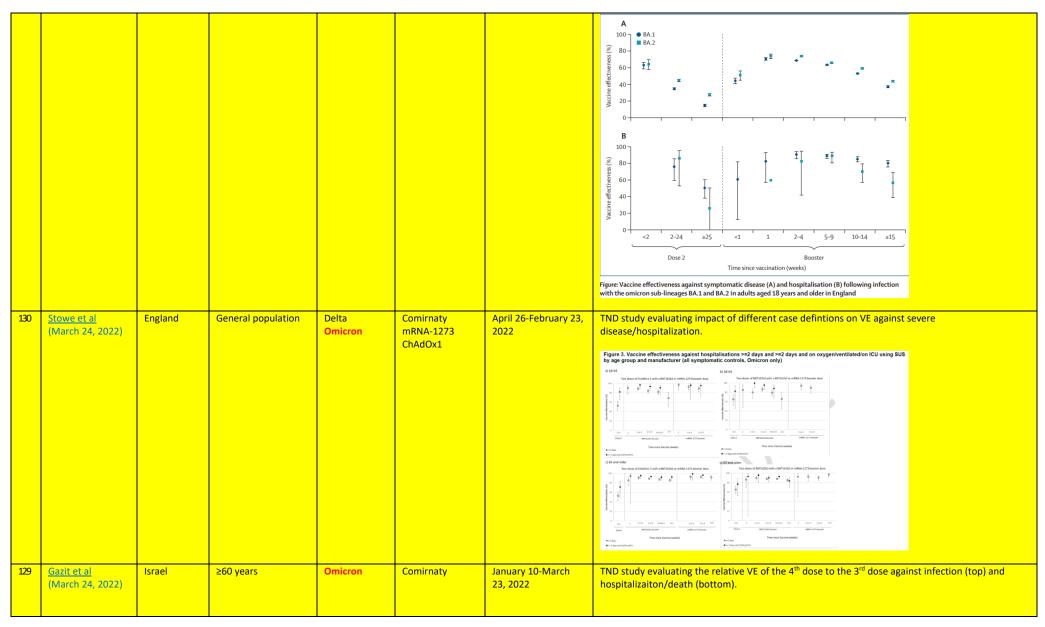




							Patients
132	Ng et al (March 24, 2022)	Singapore	Contacts of cases	Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 1-August 31, 2021	Cohort study looking at transmission in households of cases. 1.2
131	Kirsebom et al (March 24, 2022) (updated to final publication May 24, 2022)	England	General population	Omicron (BA.1 vs BA.2)	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	January 17-February 17, 2022	TND study comparing VE against symptomatic disease with BA.1 vs BA.2

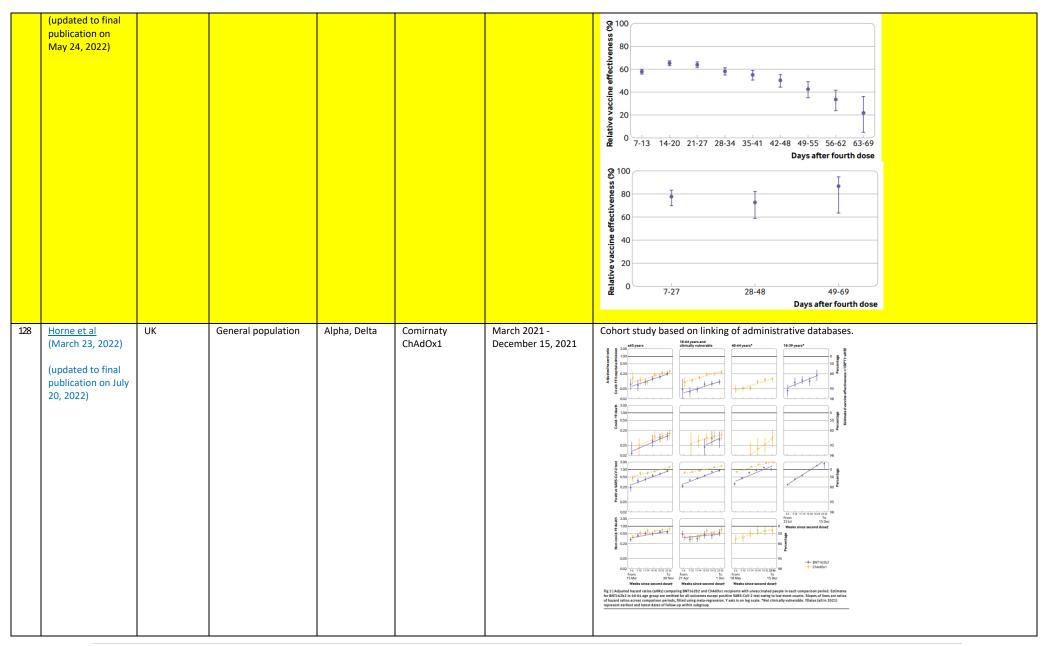






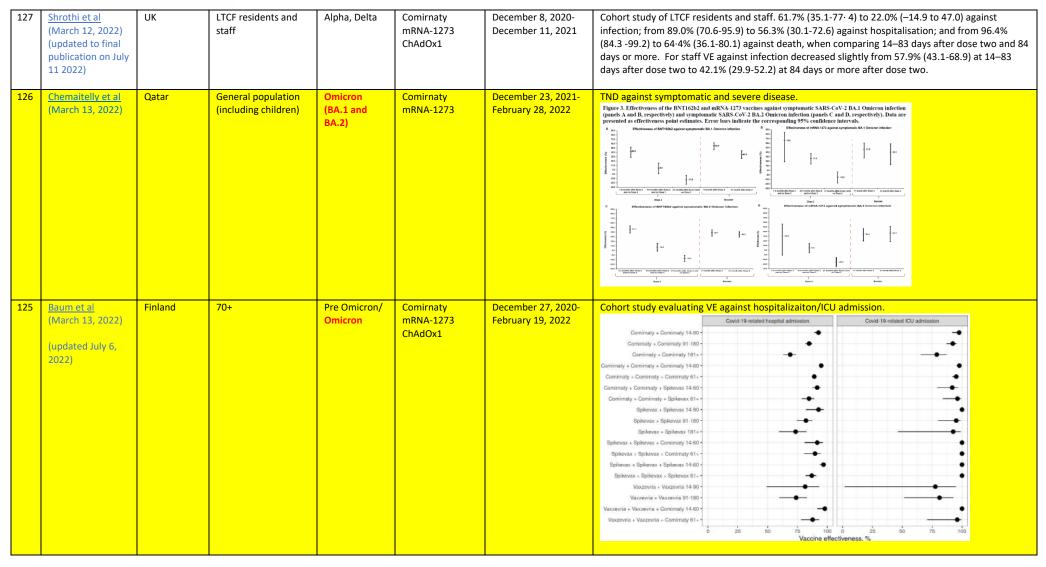












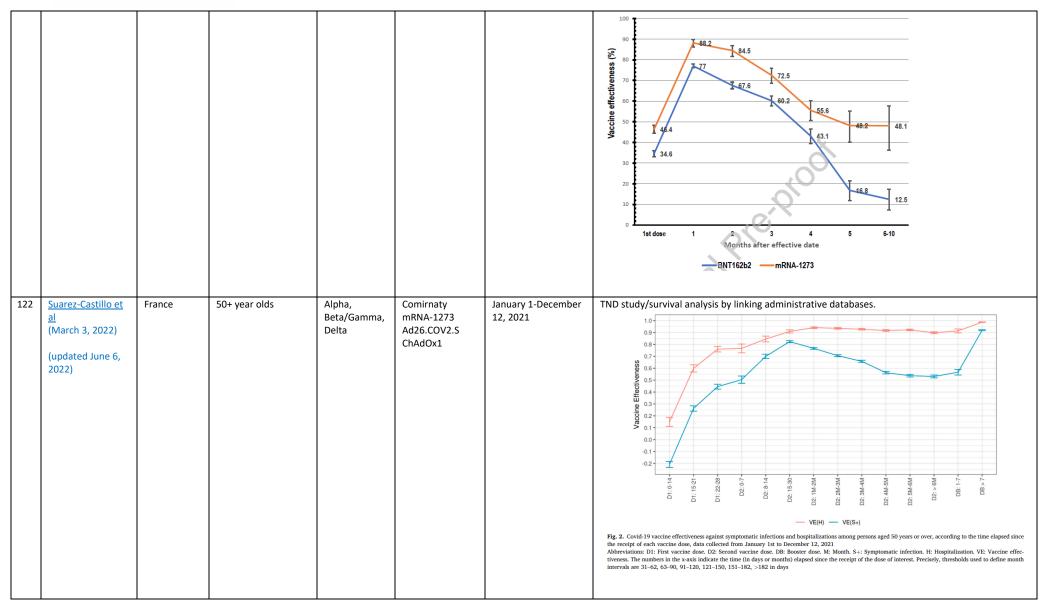




							Supplementary Table 11: VE against Covid-19-related hospital admission in 2022 QI, i.e., between January 01 and Pebruary 19. Vacedne effectiveness (in %) quantified as 1 minus the hazard ratio adjusted for age, new, regular of residence, relations of the production of the product
124	Fowlkes et al (March 11, 2022)	USA	5-15 year olds	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty	July 25, 2021– February 12, 2022	Cohort study finding the adjusted VE at 14–149 days after receipt of dose 2 was 87% (95% CI = 49%–97%) against Delta infection and 59% (95% CI = 22%–79%) against Omicron infection. Adjusted VE ≥150 days after dose 2 was 60% against Delta infection and 62% against Omicron, with wide CIs that included zero.
123	Syed et al (March 2, 2022)	Qatar	12+	Alpha, Beta/Gamma, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	December 16, 2020- October 31, 2021	Cohort study linking adminsitrative databases. VEs are unadjusted











121	Klein et al	USA	5-17 year olds	Omicron	Comirnaty	April 2021-January	TND study evaluating VE against emergency department/urgent care visits and hospitalizations
121	(March 1, 2022)		Jan year olds	Delta	Committeey	2022	SARS-CoV-2
							test-positive, VE %* Encounter type/Vaccination status Total no. (%) (95% CI)
							ED or UC encounters during Delta or Omicron predominance, by age group
							5-11 yrs Univaccinated (Ref) 8,599 2,652 (30.8) —
							2 doses (14-67 days earlier) 582 124 (21.3) 46 (24-61) 12-15 yrs
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 12,064 3,238 (26.8) — 2 doses (14–149 days earlier) 4,547 254 (5.6) 83 (80–85)
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 1,517 378 (24.9) 38 (28-48) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier) 10 3 (30) NC
							16–17 yrs
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 7,421 2,068 (27.9) — 2 doses (14–149 days earller) 2,692 193 (7.2) 76 (71–80)
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 1,721 329 (19.1) 46 (36-54) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier) 64 13 (20.3) 86 (73-93)
							ED or UC encounters, by age group and predominant variant
							5-11 yrs** Omicron predominant ^{††}
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 5,938 2,409 (40.6) — 2 doses (14–67 days earlier) 486 118 (24.3) 51 (30–65)
							12–15 yrs Delta predominant ^{††}
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 9,633 1,978 (20.5) —
							2 doses (14–149 days earller) 4,060 80 (2.0) 92 (89–94) 2 doses (≥150 days earller) 798 32 (4.0) 79 (68–86)
							Omicron predominant ^{††} Unvaccinated (Ref) 2,336 1,254 (53.7) —
							2 doses (14–149 days earlier) 472 174 (36.9) 45 (30–57) 2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 719 346 (48.1) −2 (−25–17)
							3 doses (≥7 days earlier) 10 3 (30.0) NC
							16–17 yrs Delta predominant ^{††}
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 5,302 1,191 (22.5) — 2 doses (14–149 days earller) 2,340 78 (3.3) 85 (81–89)
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 1,156 47 (4.1) 77 (67–84) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier) 2 0 (—) NC
							Omicron predominant ^{††} Unvaccinated (Ref) 1,363 771 (56.6) —
							2 doses (14–149 days earlier) 263 114 (43.4) 34 (8–53)
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 565 282 (49.9) -3 (-30-18) 3 doses (≥7 days earlier) 62 13 (21.0) 81 (59-91)
							Hospitalizations during Delta or Omicron predominance, by age group 5–11 yrs
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 262 59 (22.5) —
							12-15 yrs
							Unvaccinated (Ref) 496 149 (30) — 2 doses (14–149 days earlier) 182 7 (3.8) 92 (79–97)
							2 doses (≥150 days earlier) 63 13 (20.6) 73 (43–88)
							16–17 yrs Univaccinated (Ref) 437 136 (31.1) —
							2 doses (14–149 days earller) 150 7 (4.7) 94 (87–97) 2 doses (≥150 days earller) 82 14 (17.1) 88 (72–95)
							3 doses (≥7 days earlier) 4 1 (25.0) NC





120	Cartal at al	Carab	Cananal manufation	Ominum	Cambinatus	Danambar 7, 2021	Calculate de la constant la l'intigra administrativa detabassa (2 mantho and 2 mantho minute
120	Smid et al	Czech	General population	Omicron	Comirnaty	December 7, 2021-	Cohort study created by linking administrative databases. (<2 months and >=2 months prior to
	(February 25,	Republic	of country	Delta	mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	February 13, 2022	onset)
	2022)				ChAdOx1		Protection against Delta and Omicron infection
	fundated April 20				ChAdOx1		10-
	(updated April 28, 2022)						0.9
	2022)						
							§ 0.8 § 0.7
							§ 0.7
							± 0.6-
							± 0.5·
							0.03 0.04
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							<u></u> <u> </u>
							0.1
							0.0 Inf6- Inf6+ Full2- Full2+ Booster2- Booster2+
							Fig. 2. Protection provided by vaccination or previous infection against infection by
							the Omicron and Delta variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Inf6-, previous infection <6
							months ago; Inf6+, previous infection >6 months ago; Full2-, complete vaccination <2
							months ago; Full2+, complete vaccination >2 months ago; Booster2-, booster dose <2 months ago; Booster2+, booster dose >2 months ago. Shown are point estimates
							of protection with 95% CI.
							Table 3. Vaccine effectiveness and protection provided by post-
							infection immunity against hospitalization, for the Omicron and Delta
							variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, 95% confidence intervals (CI) in
							parentheses.
							Effect ag. Hosp. Omicron Delta
							Effect ag. Hosp. Omicron Delta Full 2- 45% (29-57%) 75% (68-80%)
							Full 2+ 29% (21-37%) 79% (78-81%)
							Booster 2- 87% (84-88%) 98% (97-98%)
							Booster 2+ 79% (75-83%) 97% (95-98%)
							Table 6. Vaccine effectiveness and protection provided by post-
							infection immunity against hospitalization with a need for oxygen
							therapy, for the Omicron and Delta variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus,
							95% confidence intervals (CI) in parentheses.
							Effect ag. O_2 Omicron Delta
							Full 2- 57% (32-72%) 82% (76-87%)
							Full 2+ 32% (20-43%) 82% (80-83%)
							Booster 2- 90% (87-92%) 98% (98-98%)
							Booster 2+ 85% (80-88%) 97% (95-98%)





							Table 7. Vaccine effectiveness and protection provided by post- infection immunity against hospitalization with a need for intensive care, for the Omicron and Delta variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, 95% confidence intervals (CI) in parentheses. Effect ag. ICU Omicron Delta Full 2- 58% (3-82%) 84% (72-91%) Full 2+ 37% (12-55%) 86% (83-88%) Booster 2- 83% (75-89%) 98% (97-99%) Booster 2+ 60% (37-74%) 97% (92-99%)
119	Patalon et al (February 26, 2022) (updated June 9, 2022)	Israel	16+ Maccabi insured patients	Omicron	Comirnaty	January 1-January 21, 2022	Matched TND study to evaluate relative VE against infection and hospitalization/death. All persons had received the primary series by August 1, 2021. Marginal effectiveness against infection of a booster dose given a month before the outcome period was at its peak at 59.4% (95% CI, 54.9%-63.5%). Effectiveness declined gradually with time from inoculation, reaching 16% (95% CI, 12.3%-19.5%) in those vaccinated 5 months prior to the outcome period compared to those not receiving the booster dose. As for the marginal effectiveness against severe disease, it seems that waning exists though to a much lesser degree, as effectiveness declines from 72.2% (95% CI, 37.8%-87.6%) 3 months after inoculation to 54.5% (95% CI, 13.4-76.1) five months after vaccination. However, numbers are small as also reflected by the confidence intervals.
118	Wright et al (February 25, 2022)	USA	18+ hospitalized	Pre Delta; Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	April 1-October 26, 2021	Case-control study of patients hospitalized in one large US network of hospitals. 100 90 80 70 90 40 90 40 90 40 90 Moderna 10 Pfizer Janssen 0 100 150 200 250 300 Time since full vaccination (days) Figure 3: Vaccine effectiveness against severe COVID-19 by time since vaccination and vaccine type





117	Liu et al (February 18, 2022)	Australia	Persons exposed in two outbreaks (1 at a night club, 1 at a medical school graduation event)	Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	December 8, 2021- December 22, 2021	Unadjusted VE in two o Timing <1 month 1-2 months 2-3 months 3+ months	utbreaks by time since 2' Night club outbreak -33.3 (-141.4-26.3) -18.1 (-85.7-24.8) -5.9 (-67.5-33.1) -36.2 (-114.3-13.4)	nd dose (combined for al Graduation event outbreak No cases 87.5 (64-95.7) 60 (38-74.2) 32 (22-40.6)	l vaccines)
116	Wu et al (February 2022)	China	18+ year old contacts of cases	Delta	Coronavac BBIBP-CorV	July 31, 2021-? (prior to November 17, 2021)	COVID-19 was 52.32% (25.73-69.39) for ≤3-mon 0-19 pneumonia, VEs wer	th intervals and 49.95%	ation against symptomatic (1.2-74.64) for 4–6-month or ≤3-month and 67.08%
115	Britton et al (February 14, 2022)	USA	12+ year olds	Pre-Delta and Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	March 13, April 15, or June 15 (based on age-based vaccine- eligibility October 17, 2021	(note vaccination data is the paper, there is a str A BNT167b2 vaccination among those aged 220 y The Data of the Paper	based on recall and some atification by age group. In minute 1273 vaccination among the second of t	portion of 2 dose recip	ed for each product- and period-specific model, beyond daily OR estimates from days 14 to 60 (initial OR), and
114	Ferdinands et al (February 11, 2022)	USA	18+ years	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	August 26, 2021- January 22, 2022	TND study at 8 VISION r hospitalizations.	network sites evaluating '	VE against emergency ro	oom/urgent care visits nad

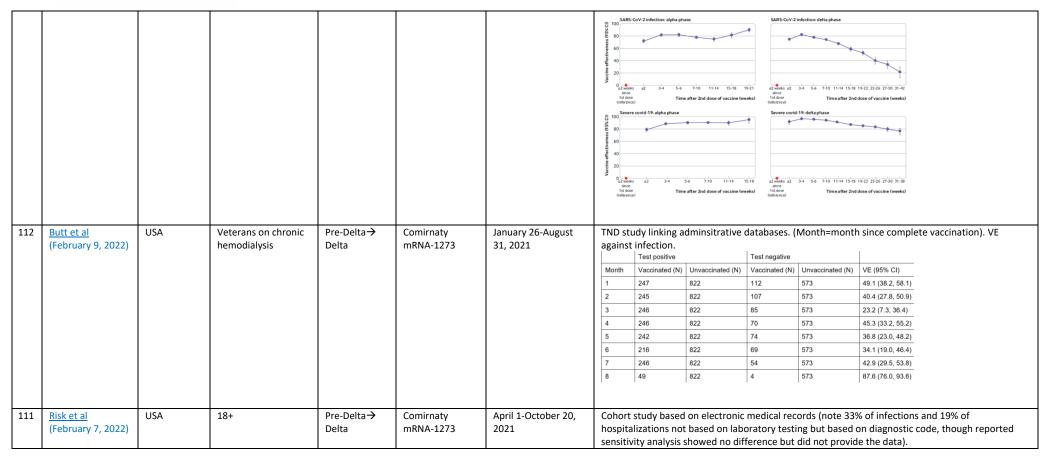




						TABLE 2. mRNA COVID-19 vaccine care encounters and hospitalization	effectiveness* against ns among adults aged	laboratory-confirmed COVID-19- ≥18 years, by number and timing o	ssociated [†] emergenc of vaccine doses [§] — V	cy department and urg /ISION Network, 10 state
						August 2021–January 2022**		SARS-CoV-2 positive test result	VE fully adjusted	
						Characteristic ED/UC encounters	Total	no. (%)	% (95% CI)*	Waning trend p value
						Overall				
						Unvaccinated (Ref)	110,873	43,054 (39)		_
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses <2 mos	105,193 4,808	16,487 (16) 301 (6)	72 (72–73) 88 (87–90)	<0.001
						2-3 mos	10,644	1,312 (12)	80 (78-81)	
						4 mos ≥5 mos	10,175 79,566	1,230 (12) 13 644 (17)	79 (77–80) 69 (68–70)	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	25,138	2,285 (9)	89 (89-90)	<0.001
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	15,614	920 (6) 1,120 (13)	92 (91–93) 86 (85–87)	
						4 mos	8,759 736	227 (31)	75 (70-79)	
4						≥5 mos	29	18 (62)	50 (-7-77)	
						Delta-predominant period Unvaccinated (Ref)	86,074	29,063 (34)	_	_
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	85,371	8,136 (10)	80 (79-81)	<0.001
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	4,253 8,662	144 (3) 527 (6)	92 (91-94) 88 (86-89)	
						4 mos	8,941	721 (8)	85 (83-86)	
						≥5 mos	63,515	6,744 (11)	77 (76-78)	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses <2 mos	14,207 10,621	347 (2) 210 (2)	96 (95-96) 97 (96-97)	<0.001
1						2–3 mos	3,542	134 (4)	93 (92-94)	
						≥4 mos Omicron-predominant period	44	3 (7)	89 (64–97)	
						Univaccinated (Ref)	24,799	13,991 (56)	_	_
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	19,822	8,351 (42)	41 (38-43)	<0.001
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	555 1,982	157 (28) 785 (40)	69 (62-75) 50 (45-55)	
						4 mos	1,234	509 (41)	48 (41-54)	
						≥5 mos Anv mRNA vaccine. 3 doses	16,051 10,931	6,900 (43) 1,938 (18)	37 (34–40) 83 (82–84)	<0.001
						<2 mos	4,993	710 (14)	87 (85-88)	<0.001
						2–3 mos 4 mos	5,217 692	986 (19) 224 (32)	81 (79–82) 66 (59–71)	
						4 mos ≥5 mos	692 29	224 (32) 18 (62)	31 (-50-68)	
						Hospitalizations				
	1					Overall Unvaccinated (Ref)	40,125	16,335 (41)		
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	42,326	4,294 (10)	82 (81–83)	<0.001
						<2 mos	1,662	71 (4)	93 (91-94)	
						2–3 mos 4 mos	3,084 3,279	223 (7) 234 (7)	88 (86-90) 89 (87-90)	
						≥5 mos	34,301	3,766 (11)	80 (79-81)	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	10,957 7,332	471 (4) 221 (3)	93 (92-94) 95 (94-95)	< 0.001
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	3,413	221 (3) 211 (6)	91 (89-92)	
						≥4 mos	212	39 (18)	81 (72-87)	
						Delta-predominant period Unvaccinated (Ref)	36,214	14.445 (40)	_	_
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	38,707	3,315 (9)	85 (84-85)	< 0.001
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	1,574 2,790	49 (3) 154 (6)	94 (92-96) 91 (89-92)	
						4 mos	3,129	192 (6)	90 (89-92)	
						≥5 mos	31,214	2,920 (9)	82 (82-83)	
						Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses <2 mos	8,124 6,071	195 (2) 118 (2)	95 (95–96) 96 (95–97)	<0.001
						2-3 mos	2,030	74 (4)	93 (91–95) 76 (14–93)	
						≥4 mos Omicron-predominant period	23	3 (13)	/0 (14-93)	
						Unvaccinated (Ref)	3,911	1,890 (48)	_	_
						Any mRNA vaccine, 2 doses	3,619	979 (27)	55 (50-60)	0.01
						<2 mos 2–3 mos	88 294	22 (25) 69 (23)	71 (51–83) 65 (53–74)	
						4 mos	150	42 (28)	58 (38-71)	
						≥5 mos Any mRNA vaccine, 3 doses	3,087 2,833	846 (27) 276 (10)	54 (48-59) 88 (86-90)	<0.001
						<2 mos	1,261	103 (8)	91 (88-93)	\0.001
						2–3 mos ≥4 mos	1,383 189	137 (10) 36 (19)	88 (85–90) 78 (67–85)	
Italy 16+ years Alpha, Delta Comirnaty	16+ years Alpha, Delta Comirnaty	Alpha, Delta Comirnaty	Comirnaty	T	December 27, 2020-	Cohort study of pe	ople who re	eceived at least or	e dose of v	accine at
mRNA-1273					I .					
	'	'	'	IIINA-12/3	November 7, 2021	Used of day 0-<14		ose I as broxy for	unvaccinat	teu group.
				1	1	I and rick aroun in a	anor			
1111VA 1273	1	1				T and risk group in the				
						and risk group in p	aper.			











							Vaccine	Effectiveness			HR (95% CI) p-value
								oV-2 Infection b2 innorths onths a ionths onths conths a ionths onths 273	## ⊢#	⊢ •	HR (95% CI) p-value 0.13 (0.1-0.16) <0.001 0.28 (0.21-0.38) <0.001 0.36 (0.32-0.42) <0.001 0.78 (0.67-0.91) 0.002
							0-6 m		H = 4		0.09 (0.06-0.13) < 0.001
							6+ ma	onths	⊢		0.14 (0.08-0.24) <0.001
							post-delt				
							0-6 m		·•·	_	0.22 (0.17-0.33) <0.001 0.45 (0.33-0.61) <0.001
							0+ mc	ontris	0 05	-	
									0 0.5	1	1.5 2
110	Cerqueria-Silva et	Brazil	General population	Gamma, Delta	Coronavac	January 18-	TND ct	ساماد انمادنم	administra	****** dot	a has as
110	al (February 9, 2022)	DI dZII	General population	Gaillilla, Deita	followed by Comirnaty	November 11, 2021	Table 3 Effe SARS-CoV-2	ectiveness of Corona 2 infection, by length	aVac vaccine agains h of time (in days) si booster dose, stratif	st confirmed	Table 4 Effectiveness of CoronaVac vaccine against COVID-19 hospitalization or death, by length of time (in days) since two-dose vaccination or BNT162b2 booster dose, stratified by age group
					booster		Period after vaccine (days)		59 60-79	≥80	Period after Overall 18-59 60-79 ≥80 vaccine (days)
							Second dose 0-13	37.9% 43.5	5% 32.2%	28.3%	Second dose 0-13 65.5% 79.6% 64.5% 51.4%
							14-30	55.0% 56.5	.4-44.7) (30.1-34.2) 5% 55.1%	50.3%	(64.2-66.6) (77.6-81.4) (62.8-66.1) (47.3-55.1) 14-30 82.1% 91.4% 81.6% 68.7%
							31-60	(54.3-55.7) (55. 51.7% 52.9	.6-57.5) (53.7-56.5) 9% 51.1%	(46.8-53.6) 47.0%	(81.4-82.8) (90.3-92.4) (80.6-82.5) (65.9-71.2) 31-60 82.6% 89.9% 81.4% 66.5%
							61-90		.1-53.8) (49.7-52.4) 9% 45.3%	(43.7-50.1)	(82.1-83.2) (88.9-90.9) (80.6-82.2) (64.0-68.9) 61-90 80.5% 87.2% 77.6% 63.2%
							91-120	(46.8-48.3) (47.	:9-49.9) (43.6-46.9) 3% 39.8%	(37.3-44.4)	(79.8-81.0) (86.0-88.3) (76.6-78.6) (60.4-65.8) 91-120 78.9% 89.0% 75.5% 58.0%
							121-150	(45.3-46.9) (51.	3-53.2) (37.8-41.8) 6% 36.3%	(27.3-36.1)	(78.3-79.6) (87.8-90.0) (74.3-76.7) (54.7-61.1) 121-150 77.0% 86.7% 74.9% 52.1%
								(40.8-42.8) (49.	.3-51.9) (33.8-38.7)	(16.5-27.3)	76.1-78 (85.2-88.0) (73.5-76.3) (48.0-55.8) 151-180 75.0% 81.9% 74.7% 47.9%
							151-180	(36.7-39.3) (42.	0% 35.3% .3-45.6) (32.2-38.2)	(8.3-21.5)	(73.9-76.0) (79.8-83.8) (72.9-76.4) (42.9-52.4)
							>180		1% 34.5% .2-35.9) (29.9-38.7)		>180 72.6% 74.8% 72.6% 41.4% (71.0-74.2) (721-77.2) (69.5-75.3) (34.5-47.5)
							Booster (BNT)		3% 35.7%	11 504	Booster (BNT162b2) 0-6 80.6% 89.1% 79.6% 48.8%
								(33.8-44.8) (31.	6-47.8) (25.2-44.8)	(-12.4-30.3)	75.0-84.0) (76.6-94.9) (73.5-84.2) (31.3-61.9) 7-13 91.4% 95.8% 88.3% 78.0%
							7-13	(77.0-82.9) (80.	6% 75.9% 1.2-88.0) (69.6-80.8)	(44.9-70.4)	(88.5-93.5) (82.9-99.0) (83.1-91.8) (67.1-85.3)
							14-30		5% 93.4% 1.7-95.5) (90.3-95.5)		14-30 97.3% 97.9% 97.1% 89.5% (96.1-98.1) (85.0-99.7) (94.7-98.5) (83.9-93.1)
							>30		3% 81.2% (2-79.9) (67.6-89.1)		>30 96.8% 100% (*) 92.0% 89.3% (94.1-98.3) (79.6-96.9) (78.6-94.7)
									., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		*The CI could not be estimated owing to zero/few events in the group.
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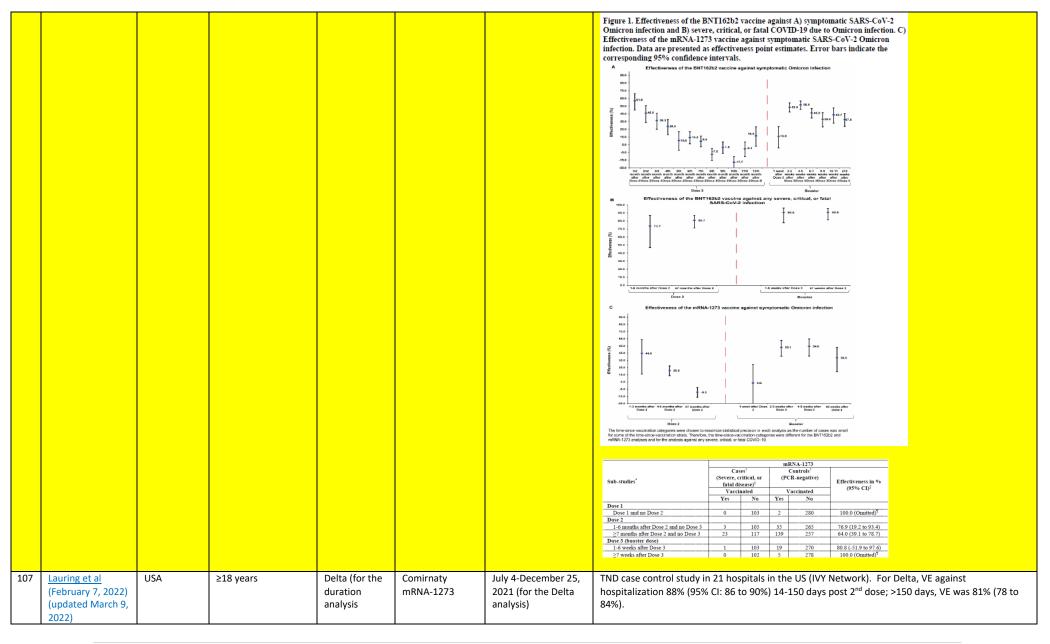


							Extended Data Table 4 Vaccine effectiveness against death due to COVID-19 using RT-PCR, by length of time (in days) since two- dose vaccination or BNT162b2 booster dose
							Period post vaccine (days) Overall 18-59 60-79 ≥80
							Second dose
							0-13 67.3% (65.6-68.9) 86.4% (82.5-89.4) 69.6% (67.6-71.6) 56.0% (51.6-60.0)
							14-30 82.7% (81.7-83.6) 91.4% (88.7-93.5) 84.5% (83.3-85.6) 72.7% (69.8-75.4)
							31-80 83.6% (82.8-84.3) 91.9% (89.7-93.6) 84.8% (83.8-85.7) 70.0% (67.2-72.5)
							61-90 81.4% (80.5-82.2) 92,2% (89.8-94.0) 82,5% (81.3-83.7) 67.2% (64.2-69,9)
							91-120 79.8% (78.7-80.8) 95.0% (93.1-96.4) 81.7% (80.3-83.0) 63.5% (59.9-66.7)
							121-150 78.3% (77.0-79.6) 93.7% (90.9-95.7) 82.0% (80.3-83.5) 58.7% (54.3-62.7)
							151-180 76,8% (75,1-78,4) 92,1% (88,2-94,7) 81,9% (79,7-83,8) 53,9% (48,3-58,9)
							>180 74.8% (72.2-77.2) 90.3% (85.5-93.5) 81.5% (77.6-84.7) 45.5% (37.1-52.8)
							Booster (BNT162b2)
							0-6 80,3% (73,1-85,6) 100% (*) 81,4% (71,3-87,9) 59,9% (39,3-73,5)
							7-13 92.2% (87.4-95.2) 100% (*) 92.3% (83.8-96.3) 80.7% (85.3-89.2)
							14-30 98,3% (96,3-99,2) 81,9% (-31,6-97,5) 99,1% (93,6-99,9) 95,4% (88,7-98,1)
							>30 97.1% (90.5-99.1) 100% (*) 94.3% (58.3-99.2) 93.5% (73.2-98.4)
109	Andeweg et al	Netherlands	General population	Omicron	Comirnaty	November 22, 2021-	TND study linking administrative databases evaluating VE/risk reduction from prior infection
	(February 8, 2022)			(BA.1 and	ChAdOx1	March 31, 2022	and/or vaccination.
				BA.2)	mRNA-1273	•	A. Delta-Omicron BA.1 cohort Varieti — osses bit : — Oss
	(updated to final			Delta	Ad26.COV2.S		Private industry, proceeding Booker (
	publication August			Denta	71020.00 72.5		
	12, 2022)						
	12, 2022)						20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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							B. Omicron BA.1–BA.2 cohort Vyidant → Omicro Bit.3
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							Time since last event (days)
							Fig. 2 Bubbles reduction in inference for different excellance and previous inferior states. Addition reduction in inference in inference previous inference previous inference previous inference previous reduction and previous contraction and accordance reduction and secondarce conceptual to the secondar contraction of the previous secondarce in the secondarce and the secondarce inference in Contraction (Contraction Contraction Contra
							(B, n = 240,653). Erox hars represent 95% confidence intervals.
100	Character III and the	0.11	Consider the	Outro	Carrierat	D	MALLIN ATNO ALLA LICENSE PARTICIPATO A LICEN
108	Chemaitelly et al	Qatar	General population	Omicron	Comirnaty	December 23, 2021-	Matched TND study based on linking adminsitrative databases.
	(February 8, 2022)				mRNA-1273	February 2, 2022	











106	Kislaya et al (January 31, 2022)	Portugal	≥12 years	Delta→ Omicron	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	December 6-21, 2021	Compared the odds of vaccination in Delta versus Omicron cases. (higher odds =lower VE of Omicron). Omicron: Delta gor Complete primary vaccination <113 days 2.3 (1.9 to 2.8) Complete primary vaccination 113-168 days 2.0 (1.7 to 2.4) Complete primary vaccination 169+ days 1.9 (1.6 to 2.3)
105	Corrao et al (January 27, 2022)	Italy	≥12 years	Alpha → Delta	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 17-October 20, 2021	Cohort study Figure 1 in Monarco of time dose completes outcomes on cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indication and several (CVV) 5-30 filment in cases of ASAS (AV). Indic





104	Roberts et al (January 31, 2022)	USA	Adults	Multiple	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 (for duration)	January 1-December 31, 2021	TND study evaluating VE against infection (top) and hospitaliation/death (bottom). Note that this is a combination of primary and booster dose VE in quarter 4. **Vecinition** **Any **Any
							Necrossion
103	Belayachi et al (January 27, 2022)	Morocco	≥18 year olds	Unknown→ Delta	BBIBP-CorV	February 1-October 1, 20221	TND linking adminsitrative databases to evaluate VE against severe disease. As a function of time after vaccination of second dose vaccination, vaccine effectiveness among persons who had received the second dose 1–30 days earlier was 88% (95% CI, 84-91), 87% (95% CI: 83-90) among those who had received it 31–90 days earlier, 75% (95% CI: 67-80) among those who had received it 91–120 days earlier, 61% (95% CI: 54-67) among those who had received it 121–150 days earlier, 64% (95% CI: 59-69) among those who had received it ≥150 days earlier. Note they attempted to stratify by age (>/< 60 years) showing a trend towards a lower VE gainst severe/critical disease in those over 60 but confidence intervals were overlapping.
102	Lytras et al (January 29, 2022) (updated June 14, 2022)	Greece	≥15 year olds	Alpha→Delta	Comirnaty ChAdOx1 mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January-December 2021	Cohort study linking administrative databases evaluating VE against intubation and death. VE provided for 6 months





							Vaccine Effectiveness (comparative)
							Vaccine VE (%) VE (%)
							3-dose BNT162b2 (age 15-79) 98.2 (97.2-98.9) 98.3 (96.8-99.1)
							3-dose BNT162D2 (age 80+) 97.5 (93.5-98.6) 98.4 (97.4-99.0)
							2-dose BNTis2b2 (before "delta", age 15-59) 90.2 (94.2-97.5) 90.2 (94.2-97.5)
							2-dose BNTis2b2 (before "delta", age 60-79) 94.1 (92.4-95.4) 95.5 (915-94.8)
							2-dose BNTIs2D2 (before "delta", age so+) • 89.6 (86.6-91.8) • 90.1 (88.1-91.8)
							2-dose BNTIG202 (age 15-59) 96.1 (97.5-96.6) 96.5 (94.8-97.6)
							2-dose BNTIG2D2 (age 60-79)
							2-dose BNT162D2 (age 80+) 94.2 (92.0-95.7) 91.0 (88.4-93.0)
							2-dose BNT16202 (age 15-59, at 6 months) 95.5 (94.3-96.5) 93.6 (91.0-95.7)
							2-dose BNT162b2 (age 60-79, at 6 months) 92.0 (91.0-92.9) 89.4 (87.9-90.8)
							2-dose BNT162b2 (age 80-, at 6 months) 85.9 (83.5–88.0) 85.0 (82.2–85.6)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 15-59) 99.4 (98.2-99.8) 99.3 (94.7-99.9)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 60-79) 98.9 (97.3-99.5) 98.4 (95.5-99.5)
							2-dose mRNA-1275 (age 80+) — 97.9 (90.2-99.5) — 96.7 (87.9-99.1)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 15-59, at 6 months) 97.3 (93.1-98.9) — 98.3 (88.3-99.8)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 60-79, at 6 months) 95.1 (93.0-96.5) 96.2 (93.6-97.7)
							2-dose mRNA-1273 (age 80°, at 6 months) — 90.6 (67.0–97.3) — 92.0 (80.0–96.8)
							2-dose ChádOx1 nCoV-19 (age 15-59) 97.8 (95.3-99.0) 97.5 (89.7-99.A)
							2-dose ChádOx1 nCoV-19 (age 60-79) 97.2 (95.3-96.3) 95.4 (912-97.6)
							2-dose ChAdOx1 nCOV-19 (age 80-) = 92.6 (84.2-96.5) 92.6 (84.2-96.5)
							2-dose ChAdOX1 nCoV-19 (age 15-59, at 6 months) — 92.4 (84.0-96.4) — 94.5 (77.2-98.7)
							2-dose ChAdOX1 nCoV-19 (age 60-79, at 6 months) 90.3 (87.4-92.5) 89.8 (85.2-93.6)
							2-dose ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 (age 80*, at e months) = 92.4 (72.7-97.9) = 83.4 (69.8-90.9)
							1-dose Ad26.CV2.S (age 15-59) — 85.0 (73.9-91.k) = 81.7 (57.5-92.1)
							1-dose Adze.COV.2.5 (age eo-79) — 79.6 (es.2-es.n.) es.3 (4.3.2-es.2)
							1-dose Ad2e.COV2.5 (age 80+) == 85.0 (82.3-94.0) = 51.9 (43.2-74.4)
							1-dose Adds. (CVI.25 (age 15-59, at 6 months) = 91.7 (844-95.6) = 90.7 (77.3-96.2)
							1-dose Ad76.CV2.5 (age 60-79, at 6 months) — 88.7 (787-794.0) — 84.3 (679-92.3)
							1-doss Ad26.COV2.5 (age so-, at s months) == 91.7 (75.5-97.2) = 80.6 (59.7-90.7)
							20 40 60 80 100 20 40 60 80 100
							VE (sk) against VE (sk) against Intubation death
101	Goldhaber-Fiebert	USA	Prison population	Delta	Comirnaty	June 1-November 5,	Matched TND among cases evaluating duration of protection against infection of early vs late fully
	et al		and staff		mRNA-1273	2021	(primary series) vaccinated persons. Among staff, odds of infection increased 25% (Odds Ratio
	(January 23, 2022)						[OR], 1.25; 95% Confidence Interval [CI], 1.13 – 1.40) in each 28-day period post-vaccination;
	(January 25, 2022)						
							among residents, the odds increased by 21% (OR, 1.21; 95%CI 1.08 – 1.36) (Figure 1). Compared
							with individuals within 60 days of being fully vaccinated, odds of infection were over fourfold
							greater ≥181 days since full vaccination for staff (OR, 4.36; 95%CI 1.92 – 9.89) and nearly threefold
							greater for residents (OR, 2.89; 95%CI 1.40 – 5.98)
100	Bedston et al	Wales	Healthcare Workers	Alpha→Delta	Comirnaty	December 7, 2020-	Cohort study. 2 weeks after dose 2, VE against infection was 67% (aHR 0.33, 95 %CI 0.24–0.44).
	(January 20, 2022)				,	September 30, 2021	This increased in weeks 2–5 to 86% (aHR 0.14, 95 %CI 0.09–0.21), and decreased to 77% over
	(Juliual y 20, 2022)					3cptelliber 30, 2021	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
							weeks 6–13. After this, vaccine effectiveness decreased from 60% to 53% between weeks 14–25,
							and from week 26 vaccine effective was 45% (aHR 0.55, 95 %CI 0.49–0.61).
99	Accorsi et al	USA	≥18 year olds	Delta→	Comirnaty	December 10-	TND study in ICATT (free testing sites throughout US) against symptomatic disease. Note OR can be
33		3371			mRNA-1273		
	(January 21, 2022)			Omicron	IIIKNA-12/3	January 1, 2022	converted to VE by the formulate VE=1-OR





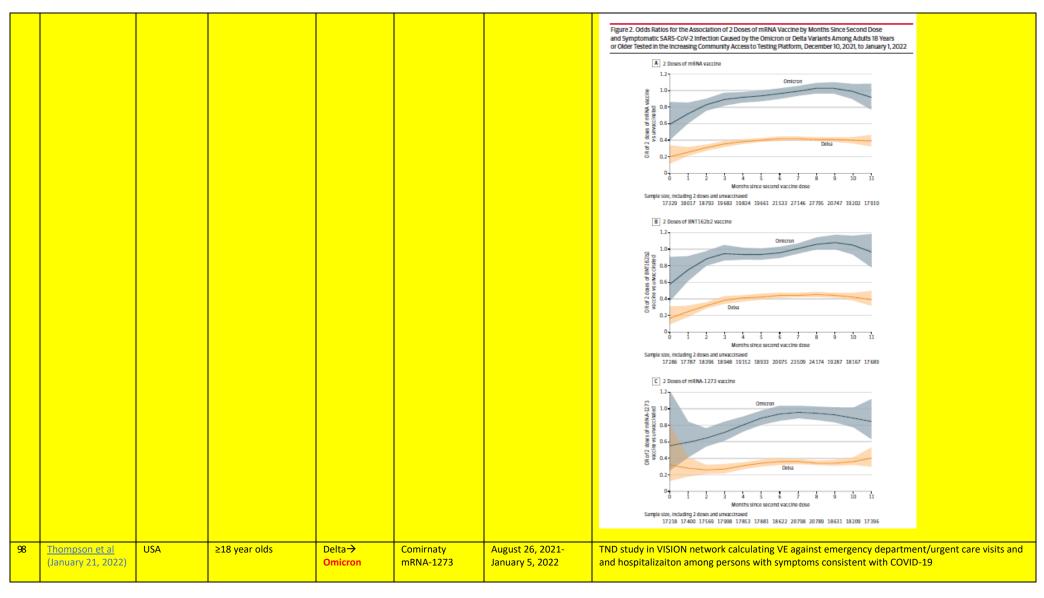






							TABLE 2. mRNA COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness* against laborat encounters and hospitalizations among adults aged ≥18 year VISION Network, 10 states, August 2021–January 2022*	tory-confirmed COVID	0-19–associated [†] emergency departn ning of vaccine doses ⁹ and vaccine	nent and urgent care product received —	
							Encounter/Predominant variant period/Vaccination status	Total	SARS-CoV-2 positive test result, no. (%)	VE, %* (95% CI)	
							ED or UC encounters Delta predominant Unvaccinated (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine	98,087	36,542 (37.2)	-	
							2 doses (14–179 days earlier) 2 doses (æ180 days earlier) 3 doses Omicron predominant	39,629 52,506 14,523	3,269 (8.2) 6,893 (13.1) 469 (3.2)	86 (85-87) 76 (75-77) 94 (93-94)	
							Unvaccinated (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine 2 doses (14–179 days earlier)	6,996 1,746	3,398 (48.6) 591 (33.9)	52 (46–58)	
							2 doses (≥180 days earlier) 3 doses Hospitalizations Delta predominant	5,409 3,876	2,037 (37.7) 520 (13.4)	38 (32-43) 82 (79-84)	
							Unvaccinated (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine	37,400	14,272 (38.2)	-	
							2 doses (14–179 days earlier) 2 doses (≥180 days earlier) 3 doses	14,645 26,190 8,092	895 (6.1) 2,563 (9.8) 209 (2.6)	90 (89–90) 81 (80–82) 94 (93–95)	
							Omicron predominant Unvaccinated (Ref) Any mRNA vaccine	460	174 (37.8)	_	
							2 doses (14–179 days earlier) 2 doses (≥180 days earlier) 3 doses	115 488 514	14 (12.2) 86 (17.6) 24 (4.7)	81 (65–90) 57 (39–70) 90 (80–94)	
97		USA	≥18 year olds	Delta	Comirnaty	December 1, 2021-	TND study of persons admitted	to the eme	ergency room or h	ospital with	symptoms consistent with
	(January 19, 2022)		enrolled in Kaiser insurance	Omicron		February 6, 2022	COVID-19.				
	(updated April 22,		mourance				Hospital admission due to delta (B.1.617.2) variant Second dose Third dose	Hospital admission due t Second	o omicron (8.1.1.529) variant close Third dose		
	2022)						2 75 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	ED admission due to omi	* Handle		
							100 The does	Second			
							o de de de la constitución de	Street 35 trades 65 trades	and the state of t		
96	Amodio et al (January 19, 2022)	Italy	≥18 year olds	Alpha → Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	January 1-September 30, 2021	Cohort study of 3.9 millions adu trends for vaccine effectiveness				
							significant for all the three evaluinfection; -2·27% per month, p= COVID-19 intubation/death, res	uated outc :0·029 agai	omes (-4·76% per	month, p<0	-001 against SARS-CoV-2

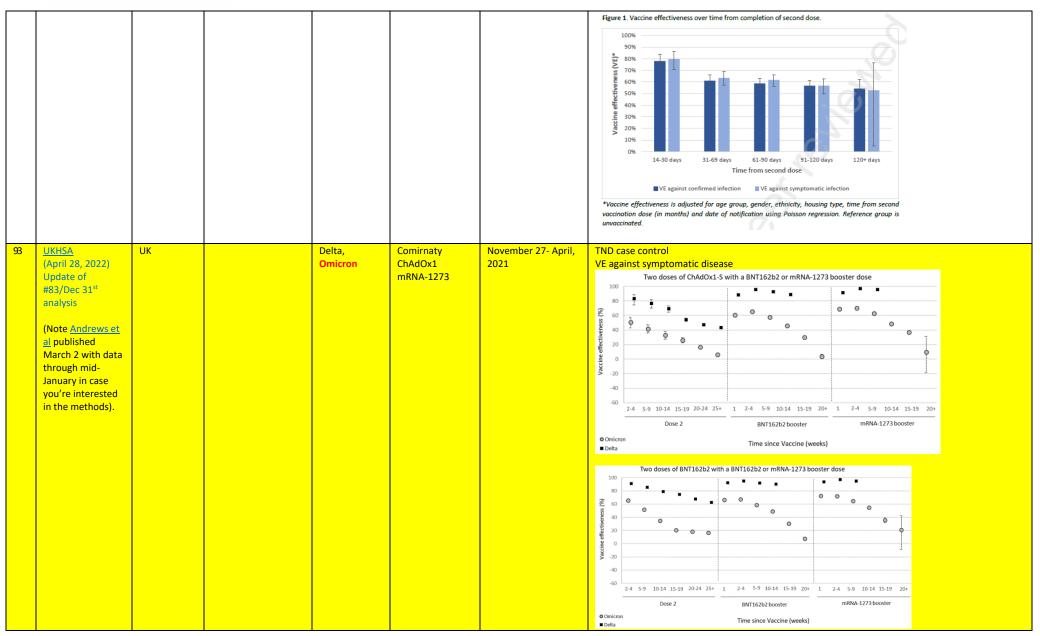




							Figure 4: Vaccine effectiveness estimates after adjustment for age and sex according to the different assessed outcomes and follow-up periods. A. Vaccine effectiveness against SARS-CoV-2 infection **Tothorus-period** Vaccine Vacc
95	Suah et al (January 16, 2022) (updated June 2022)	Malaysia	General population	Delta	Comirnaty CoronaVac	September 1-30, 2021	Compared early (April-June) vs late (July-August) vaccinated persons (comparing to unvaccinated based on census data). For BNT162b2, crude vaccine effectiveness against COVID-19 infections declined from 90.8% (95% CI 89.4, 92.0) in the late group to 79.1% (95% CI 75.8, 81.9) in the late group. Vaccine effectiveness for BNT162b2 against ICU admission and deaths were comparable between the two different periods. For CoronaVac, crude vaccine effectiveness waned against COVID-19 infections from 74.4% in the late group (95% CI 209 70.4, 77.8) to 30.0% (95% CI 18.4, 39.9) in the early group. It also declined significantly against ICU admission, dropping from 56.1% (95% CI 51.4, 60.2) to 29.9% (95% CI 13.9, 43.0) (adjusted). For deaths, however, CoronaVac's effectiveness did not wane after three to five months of full vaccination. Waning more prominent in 60+.
94	Chiew et al (January 8, 2022)	Singapore	12-18 year olds	Delta	Comirnaty	June 1-November 20, 2021	Cohort study evaluating VE against infection and disease.













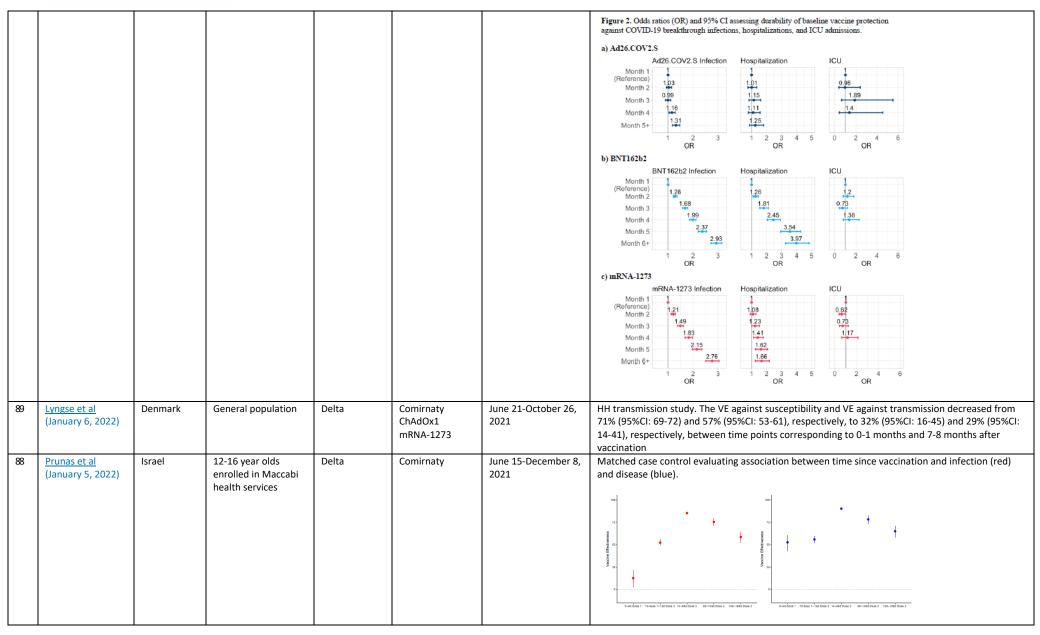




							Dose	Interval after dose	Odds Ratio	VE (9	15% CI)		
							2	25+ weeks	0.52 (0.34-0.81) 47.9 (1	19.3 to 66.4)		
							3	2-4 weeks	0.06 (0.03-0.12	93.6	(88 to 96.6)		
							3	5-9 weeks	0.11 (0.07-0.17	88.9 (8	33.4 to 92.6)		
							3	10+ weeks	0.12 (0.09-0.18	87.6 (8	31.9 to 91.5)		
92	Tseng et al*	USA	18+ year olds	Delta,	mRNA-1273	December 6-23, 2021	TND case	e control stud	dy done by linking a				
	(February 21, 2022)		enrolled in Kaiser	Omicron			VE agains	st Infection	Delta	VE (95% CI)	Omicron VE (95	5% CI)	
	2022)		insurance				2 dose		60.7 (5	66.5-64.5)	0 (0-3.1)		
	[update from						14-90			9.6-90.3)	30.4 (5-49)		
	January 21						91-180	,		51.8-72.5)	15.2 (0-30.7)		
	preprint]							'0 days		6.8-65.5)	0 (0-1.2)		
	ριεριπιτή						>270 dose	days		13.7-60.5) 3.4-96.4)	0 (0-1.7) 62.5 (56.2-67.9)		
								ose on or after 10		94.2-96.9)	63.6 (57.4-68.9)		
								ose prior to 10/2		81.4-95.3)	39.1 (3.8-61.5)		
							3 dose	(immunocomp	etent) 95.7 (9	4.2-96.8)	63.6 (57.4-68.9)		
								lose on or after 1	,	94.4-97.0)	64.1 (57.9-69.4)		
							3rd c	lose prior to 10/2	93.1 (8	3.9-97)	49.0 (12.6-70.2)		
91	Grgič Vitek et al (January 6, 2022)	Slovenia	18+ year olds	Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	October 2021	Note res Age group (Vaccinated s 18-49 50-64 ≥ 65 Vaccinated s 18-49 50-64 ≥ 65	ults are unad years) 9 13 months ago 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 8 6 months ago 2 8	Vaccine effectiveness	ases specif	ically evaluate	td VE against SARI hospitalizatio	n.
90	Zheutlin et al (January 6, 2022)	USA	18+ year olds who had been fully vaccinated	Alpha, Delta, nonVOC	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	January 1-September 7, 2021	odds of i	nfection, hos h after full va	spitalization, and IC	U admissio	on at 28 day int	cinated persons, comparing the tervals post dose 2 relative to t D-19 ICD10 codes or SARS-CoV-	he











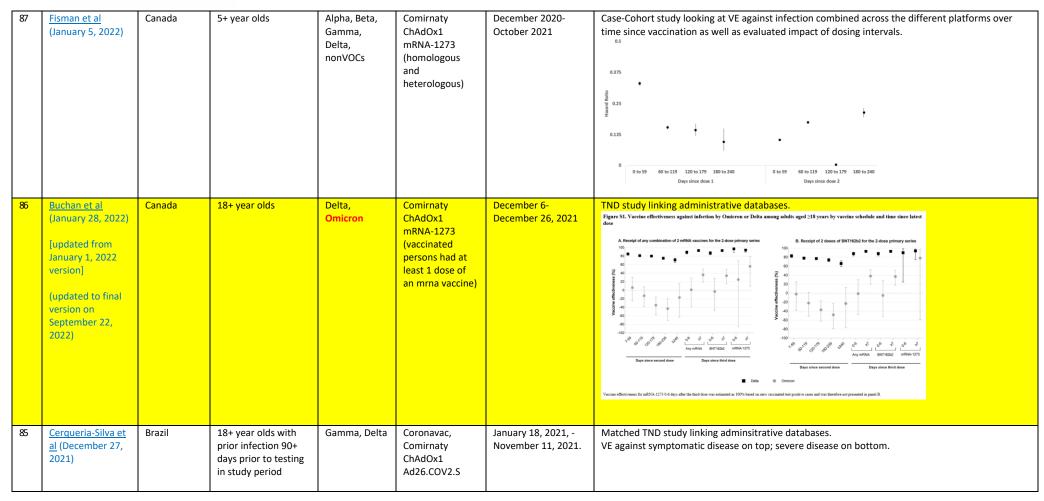


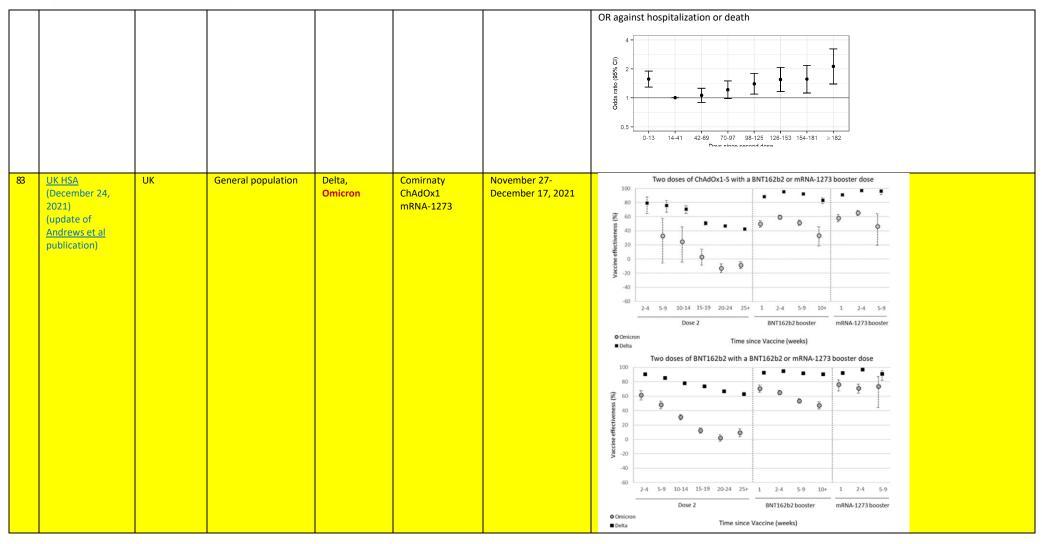




							Table A4. Vaccine effectiveness ≥14 days after series comp
84	Hitchings et al (December 24, 2021)	Brazil	18+ year olds living in Sao Paulo	Gamma, Delta	Coronavac	January 17- September 30, 2021	TND based on linking adminsitrative databases among persons with 2 doses of coronavac (ref period day 14-41 post dose 2). OR for symptomatic disease. Priority status Non-HCW HCW

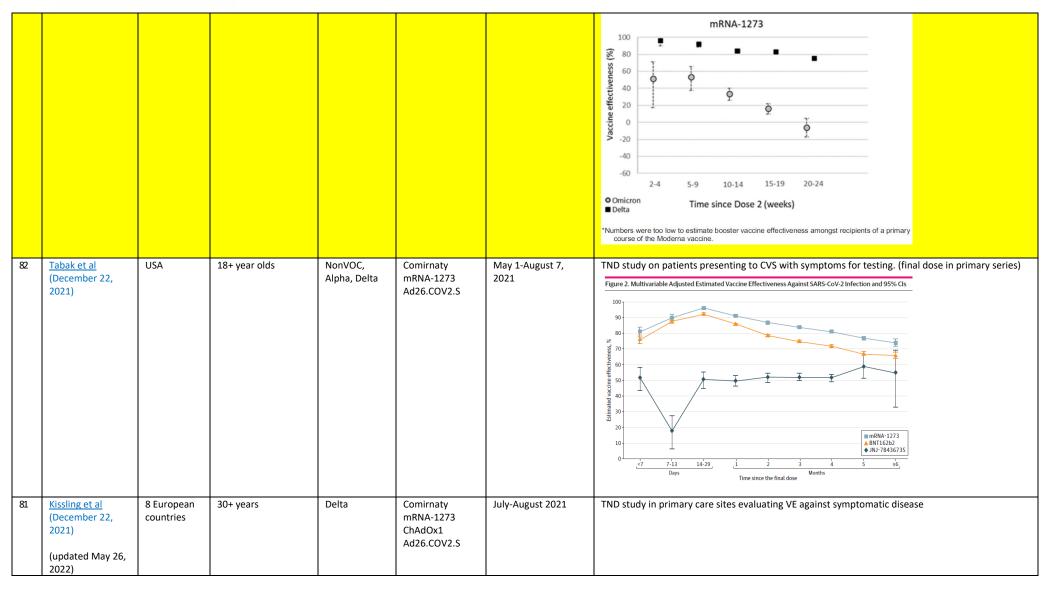






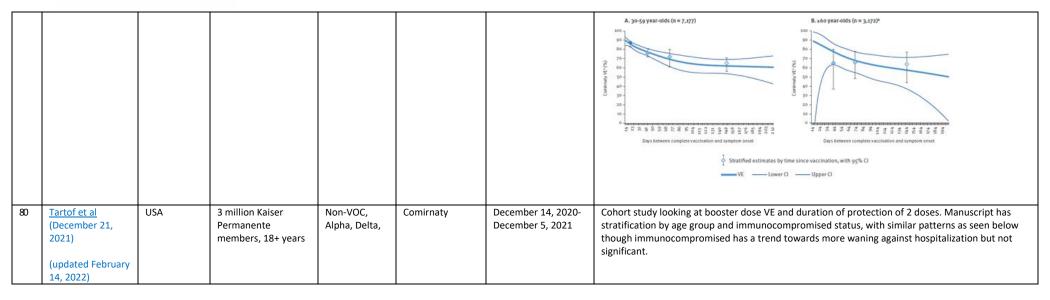






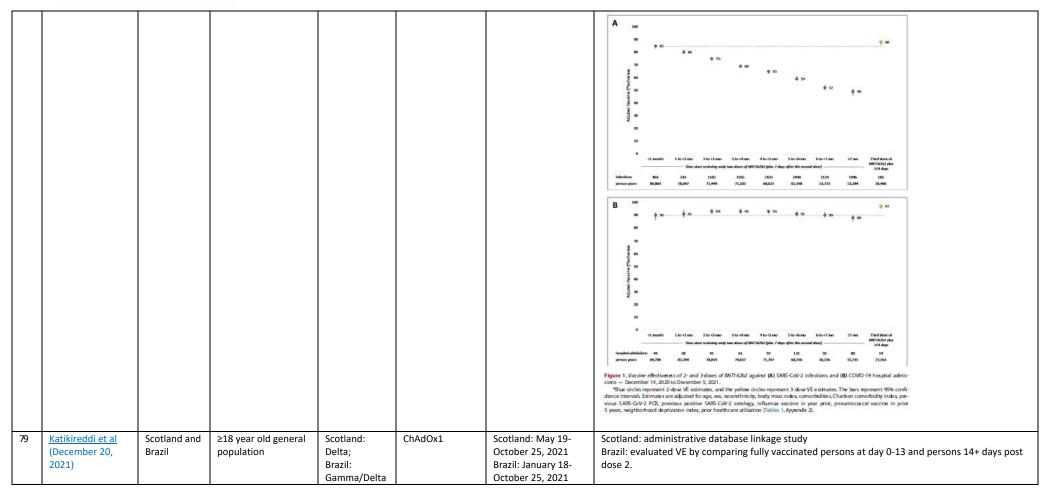












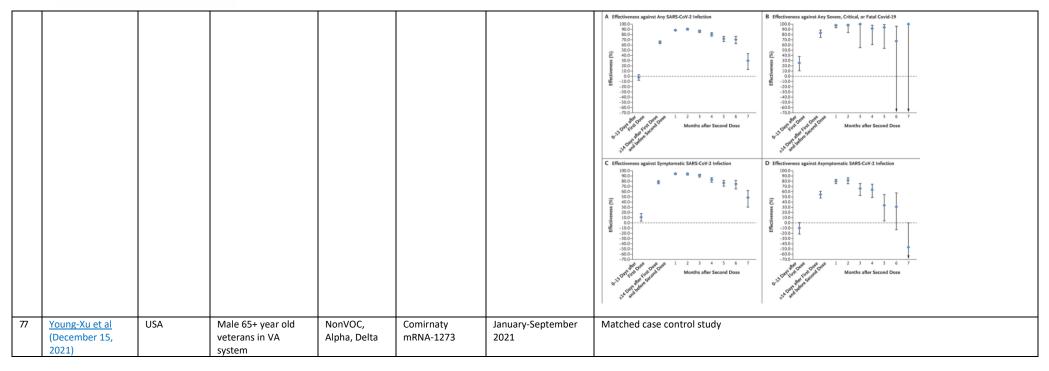




								Scotland			Brazil		
								Person-years	Number of events	Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)	Person-years	Number of events	Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)
							Unvaccinated	336 942	2245	0% (ref)			
							0–2 weeks after first dose	6860	39	-15·4% (-60·6 to 17·0)	1849099	21736	0% (ref)
							Partially vaccinated†	94761	420	49·3% (43·3 to 54·6)	11701310	37802	57-9% (56-9 to 58-9)
							0–1 week after second dose	47252	78	77-7% (71-9 to 82-3)	1601585	2688	73-2% (71-9 to 74-5)
							2-3 weeks after second dose	55318	85	83.7% (79.7 to 87.0)	1492259	1095	86-4% (85-4 to 87-3)
							4–5 weeks after second dose	65698	106	86-6% (83-6 to 89-0)	1338063	1019	83-5% (82-3 to 84-7)
							6–7 weeks after second dose	71120	134	86-8% (84-2 to 88-9)	1117 983	1019	77-9% (76-1 to 79-5)
							8–9 weeks after second dose	73540	245	79.0% (75.9 to 81.7)	862 976	863	75-6% (73-4 to 77-6)
							10–11 weeks after second dose	73212	280	79-6% (76-8 to 82-1)	651213	751	69-3% (66-3 to 72-1)
							12–13 weeks after second dose	71773	337	77·4% (74·6 to 80·0)	445 924	646	60-8% (56-6 to 64-6)
							14–15 weeks after second dose	68114	356	75·9% (72·9 to 78·6)	264128	472	59-7% (54-6 to 64-2)
							16–17 weeks after second dose	63 974	402	70-5% (67-0 to 73-7)	169692	397	50-5% (43-4 to 56-6)
							18–19 weeks after second dose	58608	508	63.7% (59.6 to 67.4)	132 459	275	42-2% (32-4 to 50-6)
							20–21 weeks after second dose	45716	598	53-6% (48-4 to 58-3)	-	-	-
							Scotland reference group: unvaccinat deprivation, comorbidities, number or from the analysis. In Brazil, vaccine ef and temporal trend. †Partially vaccin: Table 2: Vaccine effectiveness est vaccination in Scotland and Braz	of previous tests, in fectiveness was ad ated: ≥2 weeks afte imates for ChAd	nterval between do ljusted for age, sex, er the first dose and	ses, and temporal trend; individ deprivation, macroregion of re I before the second dose.	uals positive for SA sidence, primary re	RS-CoV-2 before ason for vaccinati	Dec 8, 2020, were excluded ion, interval between doses,
							vaccination in Scotland and Braz	Scotland			Brazil		
								Total samples	Positive sample	es Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)	Total samples	Positive sample	les Vaccine effectiveness* (95% CI)
							Unvaccinated	26130	13 698	0% (ref)	9852053	4920001	0% (ref)
							0-1 week after first dose	911	374	20-9% (8-2 to 31-9)	286 322	151328	-9-6% (-10-5 to -8-8)
							Partially vaccinated†	15714	7176	37-6% (34-6 to 40-5)	1143 423	398717	37-6% (37-3 to 37-9)
							0–1 week after second dose	5027	2025	50-2% (46-7 to 53-5)	112391	30550	51-3% (50-6 to 52-0)
							2-3 weeks after second dose	7141	2429	67-9% (65-9 to 69-8)	95671	7963	69-8% (69-3 to 70-4)
							4–5 weeks after second dose	8947	3387	67-3% (65-3 to 69-1)	79298	15 568	68-4% (67-8 to 68-9)
							6-7 weeks after second dose	10622	4346	63-8% (61-7 to 65-7)	60301	12 401	66-8% (66-1 to 67-5)
							8-9 weeks after second dose	11258	4633	63·3% (61·3 to 65·3)	44351	9424	65-4% (64-6 to 66-2)
							10–11 weeks after second dose	14 0 43	6319	59-3% (57-2 to 61-4)	32832	7103	63-2% (62-2 to 64-2)
							12-13 weeks after second dose	17300	7966	55-3% (53-0 to 57-5)	22 454	5177	58-8% (57-4 to 60-1)
							14–15 weeks after second dose	17 421	7670	52·9% (50·4 to 55·2)	15305	3435	59-8% (58-2 to 61-4)
							16–17 weeks after second dose	15 442	6554	48-7% (45-9 to 51-4)	10822	2529	58-7% (56-7 to 60-5)
							18–19 weeks after second dose	14403	6248	44-6% (41-5 to 47-6)	7458	1852	57-7% (55-4 to 60-0)
							20–21 weeks after second dose	10596	4718	39·1% (35·4 to 42·6)		-	-
							"In Scotland, vaccine effectiveness w board, interval between doses, and t immunosuppression, cardiac disease appendix 2 (pp 11–15). †Partially vac	emporal trend. In I , pregnancy, puerp	Brazil, vaccine effect teral period, chronic	tiveness was adjusted for age, se : kidney disease, and temporal t	x, deprivation, mac	roregion of reside	ence, diabetes, obesity,
							Table 3: Vaccine effectiveness est vaccination in Scotland and Brai				symptomatic in	fection by lengt	th of time since two-dose
78	Abu-Raddad et al (December 16, 2021	Qatar	General population	Alpha→Beta →Delta	mRNA-1273	January 1 and December 5, 2021	TND study linkin	g admir	nsitrativ	e databases.			
	Updated January 26,2022)												











									RNA Vaccine Effectiveness Again	st Laboratory-Confirmed SARS-CoV-2	
							Infections, Ja	nuary to September 2021	and the second form full and the second	- 0/ (OF0/ CI)3	
							Month	Adjusted vaccine effectiv Pre-Delta (January to Api	eness by month from full vaccinatio ril) Rising Delta (May to June)		
							1	94.5 (90.7-96.7)	92.1 (87.2-95.1)	62.0 (45.6-73.5)	
							2	88.5 (86.1-90.5)	90.6 (87.8-92.7)	60.9 (51.5-68.4)	
							3	87.9 (85.9-89.5)	87.3 (80.8-91.7)	57.8 (52.5-62.5)	
							4	NA	86.6 (83.0-89.5)	38.3 (33.5-42.7)	
							5	NA	67.3 (63.2-70.9)	18.9 (13.7-23.8)	
							6	NA	NA	18.4 (13.3-23.3)	
							7	NA	NA	23.4 (17.3-29.0)	
							8	NA	NA	24.8 (18.8-30.4)	
							SARS-CoV-2	nated Messenger RNA Vacc Infection by Delta Variant I eptember 2021		•	
									Pre-Delta High Delta Rising Delta T T L S S S ult vaccination		
	Machado et al (December 14, 2021) (updated to fin publication September 13, 2022)	Portugal	Non-institutionalized 65-<110 year olds	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	February 2 (80+) or March 30 (65-79) - August 2021	timing pos dose 2 14-41 days 42-69 days 70-9 days 98+ days 98-123 days 124+days timing pos dose 2 14-41 day 42-69	disease 65-79 years 80-<110 79 (76-83) 72 (61-7) 68 (64-71) 64 (53-7) 59 (53-64) 53 (43-6) 39 (29-48) 50 (40-5) 34 (29-4) AZ disease in 65-79 year olds	9) 95 (90-97) 83 (68-9 2) 97 (94-98) 81 (66-9 93 (86-96) 2) 74 (60-8 9) 74 (58-8	deaths year: 65-79 years 80-<110 years 1) 95 (88-98) 87 (71-93) 0) 97 (92-98) 88 (78-94) 93 (87-96) 4) 86 (78-91) 3) 80 (71-86)	
7	Florea et al (December 14, 2021) (updated April 2022)	USA	≥18 year olds Kaiser Permanente insured patients	NonVOC, Alpha, Delta	mRNA-1273	December 18, 2020- September 30, 2021	Cohort s	tudy			





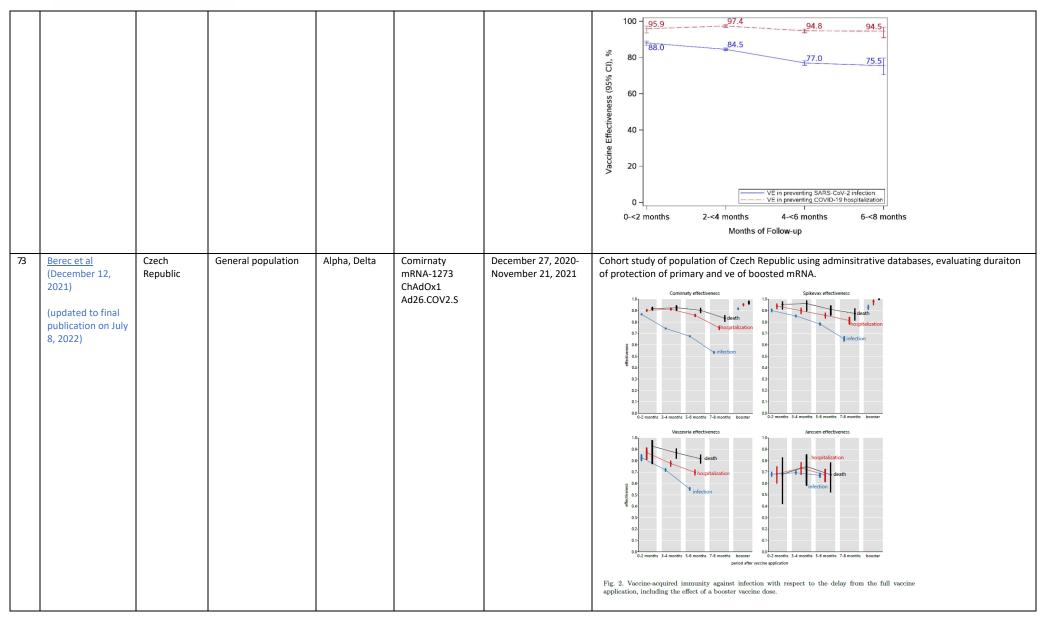


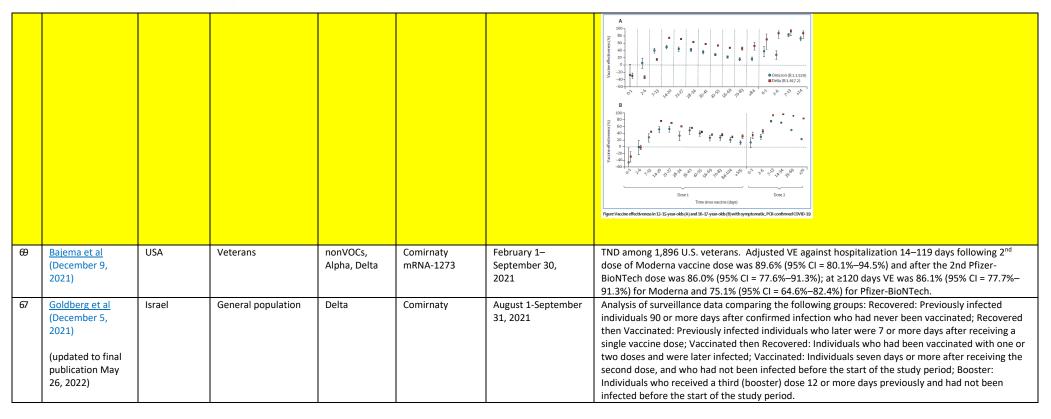




							Table 1. Estimated increase of breakthrough infection hazard ratios (HRs) in times of the SARS-CoV-2 delta variant dominance for age groups having started vaccination in the same month. Vaccine
72	Bjork et al (December 9, 2021) (Updated March 2, 2022)	Sweden	General population	Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 ChAdOx1	March 8-November 7, 2021	Case-control study based on surveillance data, matching on age/sex and no adjustment for other confounders. Infection Vaccine type, at least two doses Pfizer BioNTech Moderna AstraCeneca 1
71	Kshirsagar et al (December 9, 2021)	USA	Fully vaccinated persons	NonVOCs, Alpha, Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	March 10-October 14, 2021	Cohort study of fully vaccinated persons evaluating risk of reinfection by vaccination. There was an increase in the rate of hospitalization starting ~110-125 days after full vaccination for all three vaccines depending on age group, with a steeper increase for Janssen.
70	Powell et al (February 18, 2022) (updated May 2022)	UK	General population with a focus on adolescents	Delta, Omicron	Comirnaty	Week 32 (~Aug 15) (16-17 yo) and Week 37 (12-15 yo) - January 12, 2022	TND study among adolescents against symptomatic disease

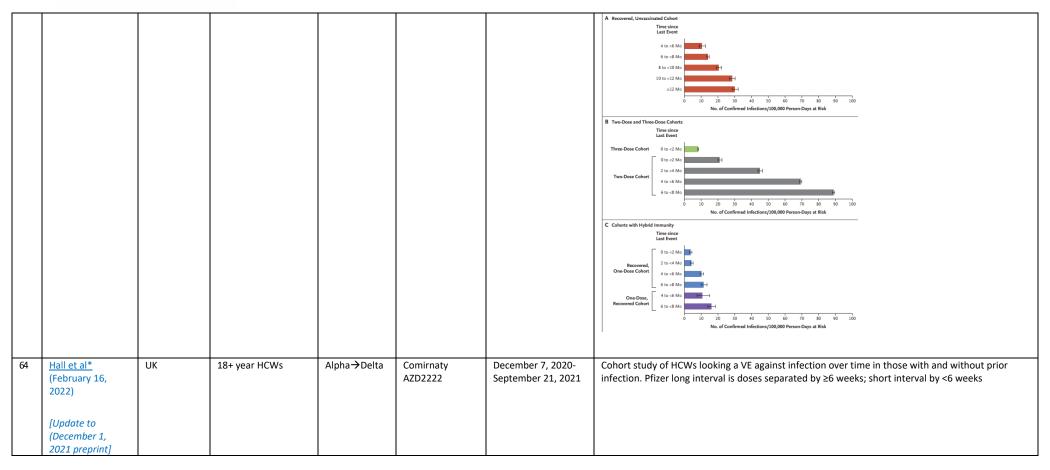






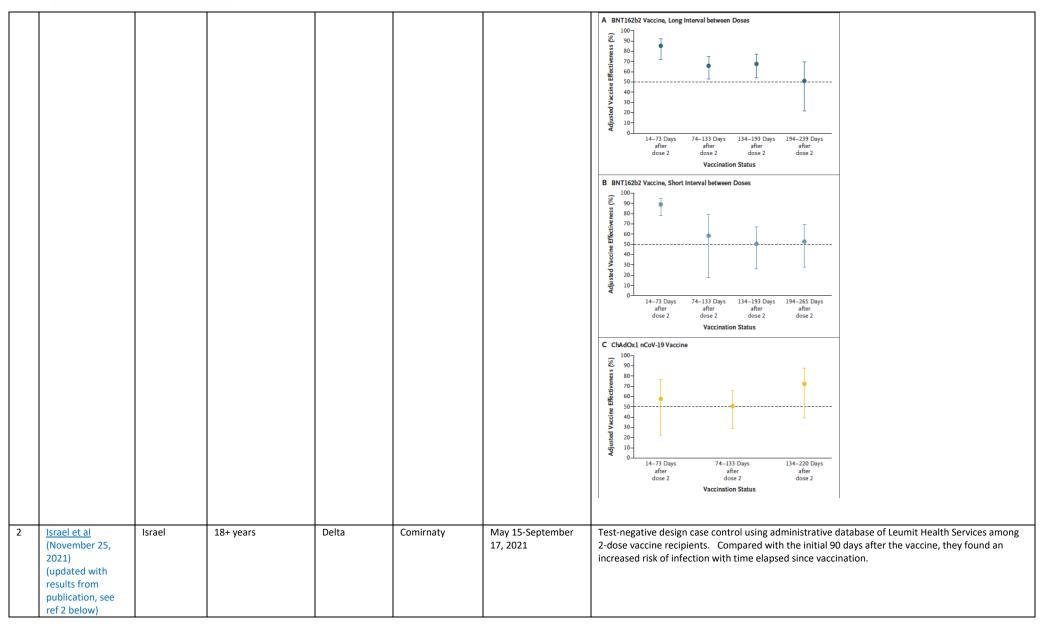












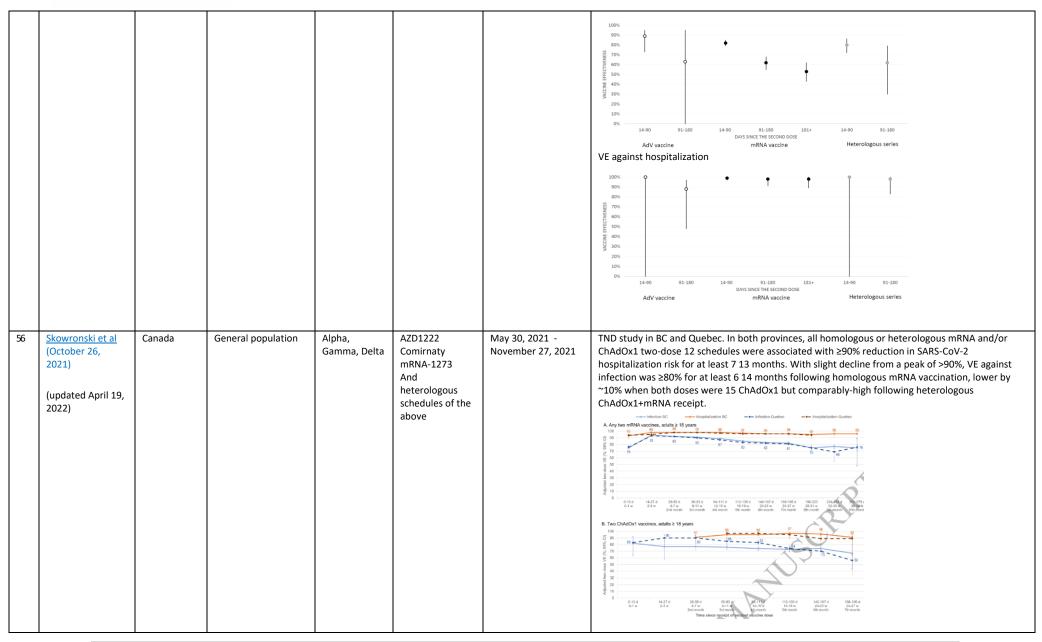




						1	
							Table 4 Adjusted odds ratios for risk of SARS-CoV-2 in matched cohort
							Adjusted odds ratio (95% CI) P value
							Time since second vaccine (days):
							21-89 Reference —
							90-119 2.37 (1.67 to 3.36) <0.001
							120-149 2.66 (1.94 to 3.66) <0.001 150-179 2.82 (2.07 to 3.84) <0.001
							≥180 2.82 (2.07 to 3.85) (0.001
							Age (continuous in years) 1.01 (1.00 to 1.01) 0.008
							Male sex 1.05 (0.99 to 1.11) 0.08
							Socioeconomic status (continuous 1-20) 0.97 (0.96 to 0.98) <0.001
							Based on a conditional regression model fitted in a cohort matched for week of testing, age category (<18-39, 40-59, ≥60 years), and demographic group.
							40 JJ, 200 yearsy, and demographic group.
63	Irizarry et al	USA (Puerto	12+ years	Predelta and	Comirnaty	December 15, 2020-	Analysis of surveillance data linked to immunization registry data. VE against B) Infection c)
	(November 19,	Rico)		delta	mRNA-1273	October 15, 2021	Hospitalizations D) death by time since 2 weeks post complete series completion. Shading
	2021)				Ad26.COV2.S		represents 99% Cl.
							B C D
							g 100%
							8 75%
							\$5.0%
							9
							52 25% -
							S 0%
							0 50 100 150 0 50 100 150 0 150 150 0 150 15
							Vaccine — mRNA-1273 — BNT162b2 — Ad28.COV2.S
61	Andrews et al	UK	50+	Delta	Comirnaty	September 13-	TND booster dose study that also calculated the VE of a 2 nd dose >140 days after receipt of the 2 nd
	(November 15,				AZD2222	November 1, 2021	dose. VE against symptomatic diseaes for two doses of ChAdOx1-S and BNT162b2 ≥20 weeks after
	2021)						being given were 44.1% (41.9 to 46.1) and 62.5% (61.0 to 63.9), respectively.
59	Tenforde et al	USA					
33			Hospitalized nationts	Mix alnha	Comirnaty	March 11-August 15	Case-control study among hospitalized natients. When the mRNA-1273 and RNT162h2 vaccines
		UJA	Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha,	Comirnaty	March 11-August 15,	Case-control study among hospitalized patients. When the mRNA-1273 and BNT162b2 vaccines
	(November 4,	USA	Hospitalized patients	Mix, alpha, and delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273	March 11-August 15, 2021	were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In
	2021)	USA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the
		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In
		USA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
		03A	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Vaccinated law Vac
		USA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Vaccinate Care Vac
		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Value of the manual Company of th
		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Vaccinated coal particular of the prevent of t
		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Value of the contrast of th
		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Vaccined factor Vaccine
		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations. Vaccined factor Vaccine
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		OSA	Hospitalized patients		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
58		Finland	Hospitalized patients 16-69 year old HCWs		•		were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
58	2021)			and delta	mRNA-1273	2021 December 27,2020-	were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
58	Poukka et al (November 4,			and delta	mRNA-1273 Comirnaty mRNA-1273	December 27,2020- August 26 (infection)	were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
58	2021) Poukka et al			and delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD2222	December 27,2020- August 26 (infection) October 26	were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.
58	Poukka et al (November 4,			and delta	mRNA-1273 Comirnaty mRNA-1273	December 27,2020- August 26 (infection)	were compared, estimated vaccine effectiveness was similar within 120 days of vaccination. In contrast, beyond 120 days, the results corresponded to an estimated effectiveness of 85% for the mRNA-1273 and 64% for the BNT162b2 vaccine to prevent COVID-19 hospitalizations.







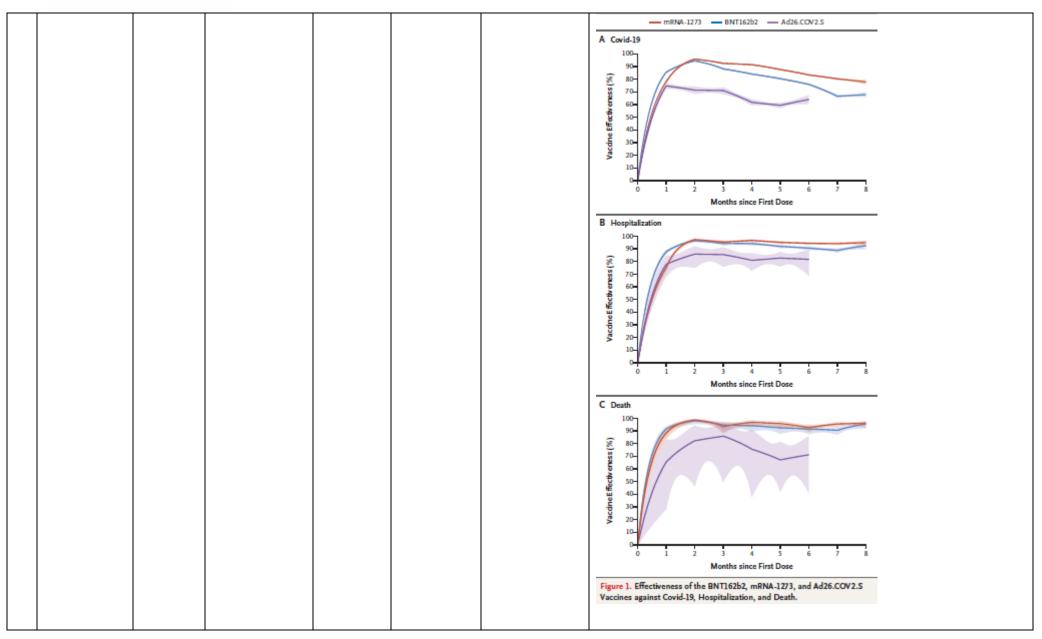




55	Lin et al	USA	General population	multiple	Comirnaty	December 13, 2020-	Administrative database cohort study in North Carolina. For Pfizer two-dose,VE peaks at 94.5%
	(October 26,				mRNA-1273	Sept 8, 2021	(95% CI, 94.1 to 94.9) at 2 months (post the first dose). VE starts to decline after 2 months and
	2021)				Ad26.COV2.S		drops to 66.6% (95% CI, 65.2 to 67.8) at 7 months. For Moderna two-dose, VE peaks at 95.9%
							(95% CI, 95.5 to 96.2) at 2 months. Effectiveness started to decline after 2 months and was
	[updated with						maintained at 80.3% (95% CI, 79.3 to 81.2) at 7 months. For the Janssen one-dose regimen,
	final publication						vaccine effectiveness ramps to a peak level of 74.8% (95% CI, 72.5 to 76.9) at 1 month.
	on January 12,						Effectiveness started to decline after 1 month and decreased to 59.4% (95% CI, 57.2 to 61.5) at 5
	2022}						months.











54	Nordstrom et al (October 25, 2021) [Updated February 4, 2022]	Sweden	General population	Alpha, Delta,	AZD1222 Comirnaty mRNA-1273 And AZD1222à mRNA-1273	January 12-October 4, 2021	National cohort study based on database linkage. Vaccine effectiveness of BNT162b2 against infection waned progressively from 92% (95% CI, 92-93, P<0-001) at day 15-30 to 47% (95% CI, 39-55, P<0-001) at day 121-180, and from day 211 and onwards no effectiveness could be detected (23%; 95% CI, -2-41, P=0-07). The effectiveness waned slightly slower for mRNA-1273, being estimated to 59% (95% CI, 18-79) from day 181 and onwards. In contrast, effectiveness of ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 was generally lower and waned faster, with no effectiveness detected from day 121 and onwards (-19%, 95% CI, -97-28), whereas effectiveness from heterologous ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 / mRNA was maintained from 121 days and onwards (66%; 95% CI, 41-80). Overall, vaccine effectiveness was lower and waned faster among men and older individuals. For the outcome severe Covid-19, effectiveness waned from 89% (95% CI, 82-93, P<0-001) at day 15-30 to 42% (95% CI, -35-75, P=0-21) from day 181 and onwards, with sensitivity analyses showing notable waning among men, older frail individuals, and individuals with comorbidities.
52	Hulme et al (October 18, 2021)	UK	HCW	Alpha, delta	Comirnaty AZD1222	January 4-June 13	Comparative VE Cohort study of HCWs based on linking databases who were vaccinated with AZD1222 or Comirnaty between January 4-February 28, 2021 who were followed for 20 weeks. Figure 2: Comparative effectiveness. For each outcome based on the fully adjusted model, the marginal cumulative incidence for ChAdOx1 and INTTG212, their difference, and the hazard ratio are shown. Models that assumed piecewise-constant bazards gave similar effect estimates (supplementary Figure S1) suggesting that recipients of each vaccine were similar after accounting for differences in vaccine allocation over space and time (as did all models).
51	Robles-Fontan et al (October 18, 2021)	USA (Puerto Rico)	General population	Multiple, with delta time frame analysis	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	December 15,2020- October 15, 2021	Cohort study of Puerto Rican population.

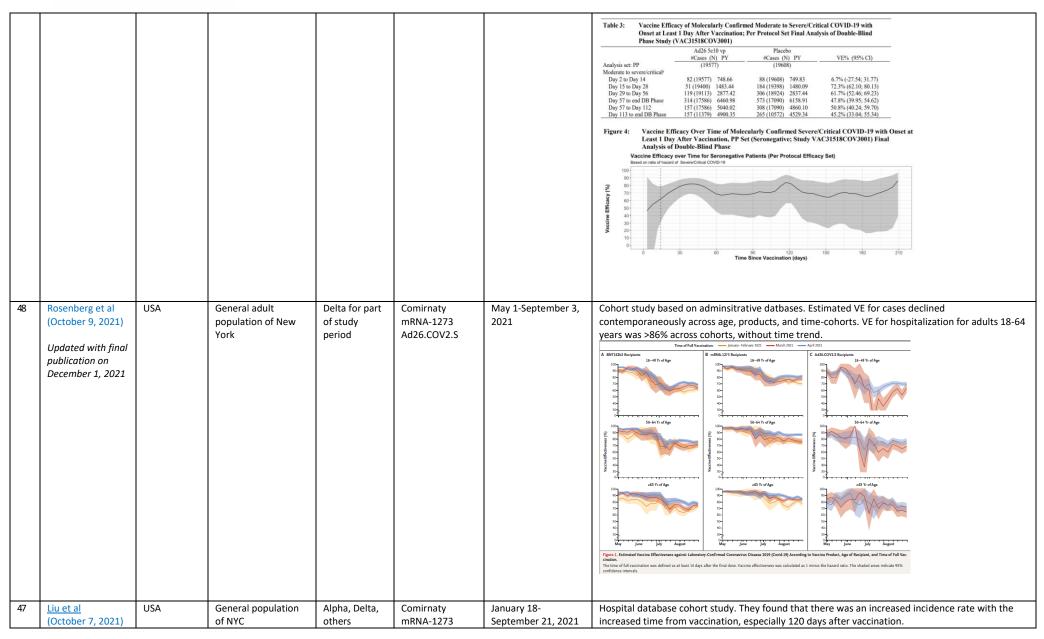




Effectiveness after 144 days (CI), 72% (69-75%) 54% (51-57%) 36% (31-42%) 91% (84-95%) 81% (74-86%) 67% (54-77%) 93% (81-97%) 86% (76-92%) 73% (49-86%) d their contacts to evaluate transmission. d if VE against transmission differed by time ull vaccination of the contact ndex case and contact and on of the index case. >= 60 10dex fully vaccinated 10dex fully vaccinated 20dex 380 - 3djusted VET (%)(95%)
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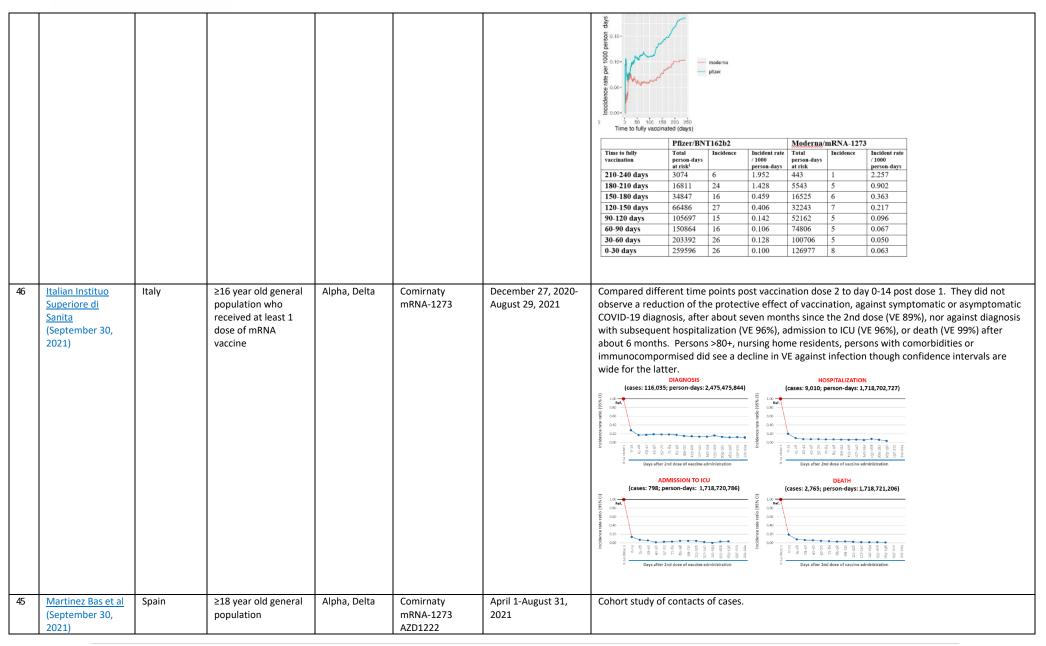












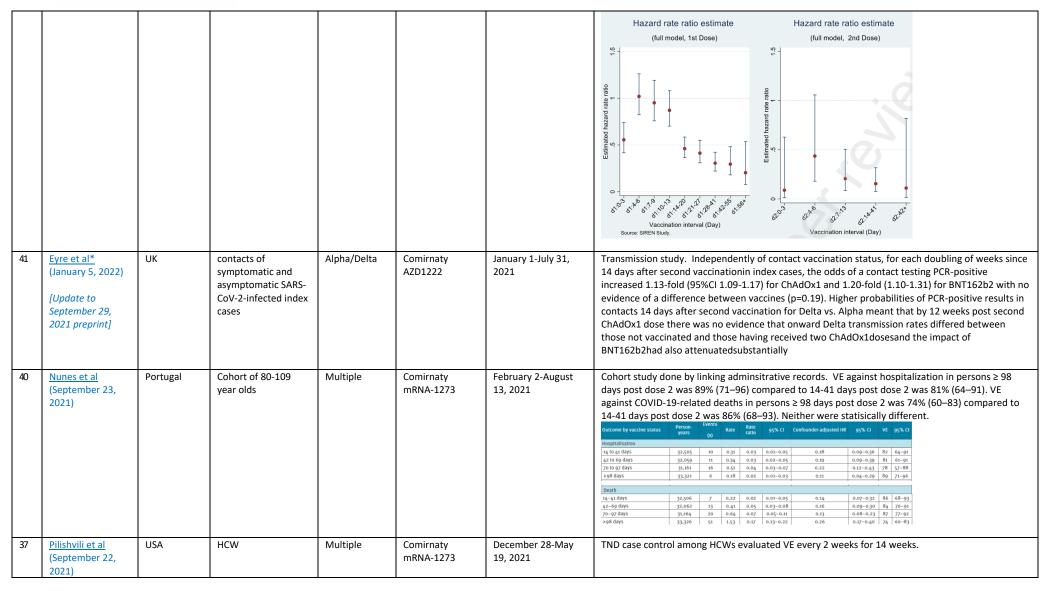




					Ad26.COV2.S			Adjust VE (9		
								90 days since last dose ≥		
							unvaccinated	REF	REF	
							1 dose of Janssen	52 (44-59)	28 (-8-53)	
							1 dose of Spikevax	65 (56-73)	NA	
							2 doses of Spikevax	85(80-88)	67 (50-78)	
							1 dose of Comirnaty	57 (51-61)	NA	
							2 doses of Comirnaty	70 (67-73)	63 (58-68)	
							1 dose of Vaxzervia	40 (31-47)	52 (37-64)	
							2 doses of Vaxzervia	54 (47-60)	NA	
							1 dose of Vaxzervia+1 dose of Comirnaty	85 (69-93)	NA	
44	Bruxvoort et al (October 1, 2021)	USA	General population	Delta, Alpha+others	mRNA-1273	March 1-July 27, 2021	TND study among persons insured 100- 8 75- (a) Variant Delta Non-Delta Unidentified 0-	by Kaiser Permante	Southern Californ	iia.
43	Payne et al (July 21, 2021)	UK	HCWs	Alpha	Comirnaty	December 7, 2020- March 12, 2021		91-120 days 121-150 day since vaccination	ys 151-180 days	











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36	El Sahly et al (September 22, 2021)	USA	RCT participants	Multiple	mRNA-1273	July 27, 2020-March 26, 2021	No. of Controls 541 213 156 137 99 139 88 Findings from the double blinded placebo controlled RCT. VE against disease was similar at 2 weeks-<2 months (91.8%), 2 months-<4 months (94%), and ≥4 months (92.4%) post dose 2
35	Baden et al (September 22, 2021)	USA	≥18-year-old RCT participants	Delta	mRNA-1273	July 1-August 27, 2021	RCT participants were followed after unblinding. Initial vaccine recipients (mRNA-1273e) were vaccinated between 7/27/20-12/16/20 while those vaccinated after unblinding (mRNA-1273p) were vaccianted between 12/29/20-4/30/21. Median follow-up times from the first dose were 13 months in the mRNA-1273e (including double-blind and open-label phases) and 7.9 months in the mRNA-1273p (only open-label phase) groups. While there was a significant difference in disease incidence rates between the groups, there was no difference in severe disease incidence rates
							though numbers are small. mRNA-1273e mRNA-1273p* mRNA-1273p vs
							N=14746 N=11431 mRNA-1273e
							Cases† n yr Person-yr n yr Person-yr incidence rate % (95% CI) All cases 162 2102 77.1 88 1796 49.0 36.4 (17.1-51.5)
							≥18-<65 136 1558 87.3 68 1289 52.8 39.6 (18.6-55.5)
							≥65 yr 26 544 47.8 20 507 39.5 17.4 (-53.9-56.3) Severe 13 2102 6.2 6 1796 3.3 46.0 (-52.4-83.2)
							≥1865 7 1558 4.5 4 1289 3.1 30.9 (471.7-85.2)
							yr
34	Hagan et al	USA	Incarcorated persons	Delta	Comirnaty	July 11-August 14,	Outbreak investigation in a prison found that the attack rate among fully vaccinated persons was
34	(September 21, 2021)	USA	Incarcerated persons	Deita	mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	2021	significantly higher in those vaccinated 4-6 months ago (89%) compared to those vaccinated 2 weeks-2 months ago (61%). This was combined for 3 vaccines used in the population.
33	Thomas et al	Multiple	≥12-year-old RCT	Multiple	Comirnaty	July 27, 2020-March	Findings from the double blinded placebo controlled RCT. VE against disease was 96.2% (93.3-98.1)
	(September 15,		participants			13, 2021	at 7 days-<2 months, 90.1% (86.6-92.9) at 2 months-<4 months, and 83.7% (74.7-89.9) at ≥4
	2021)						months post dose 2.

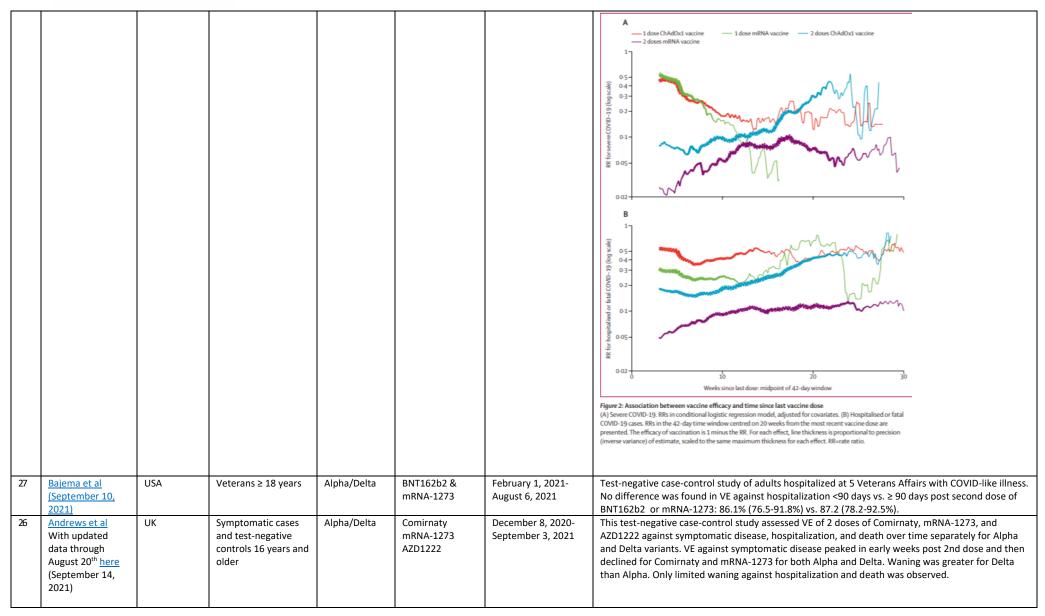




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							Efficacy End Point No. of Surveillance No. at Surveillance
32	Pfizer (September 17, 2021)	Multiple	≥16-year-old RCT participants	Delta	Comirnaty	July 1-August 31, 2021	RCT participants were evaluated for duration of protection against symptomatic disease, with the original placebo recipients receiving the vaccine after unblinding. The mean time from Dose 2 of Comirnaty to 01 July 2021 was approximately 5 months for the crossover group and 10 months for the original group. There was a 26.3% (7.4%- 41.4%) relative vaccine efficacy for the group vaccinated later (crossover group) compared to the group vaccinated earlier (original group), with a difference in incidence rates of -18.6 per 1000 person-years of follow-up.
31	de Gier et al (September 17, 2021)	Netherlands	Hospitalized patients	Delta (just for duration of protection)	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S AZD1222	July 4-August 29, 2021 (just for duration of protection)	Incidence rate ratios were calculated based on national coverage and vaccination status of hospitalized cases. All 4 vaccines were combined in calculating the VE by time since vacciantion, and VE was only calculated during the delta dominant period when 99% of sequenced isolates were delta. No drop in VE against hospitalization nor in VE against ICU admission was seen between those vaccinated up to 20 weeks since full vacciantion among 15-49, 50-69, ≥70 year olds.
30	Self et al (September 17, 2021)	USA	≥18 years who were hospitalized at 21 U.S. hospitals across 18 states	Alpha, Delta, Non-VOC	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 Ad26.COV2.S	March 11–August 15, 2021	This case-control study found that the for mRNA-1273 vaccine, there was no difference in VE against hospitalization among those were 14-120 days post full vaccination and those who were >120 days post full vaccination. For Comirnaty, VE against hopsitalization was 91% (88-93) for those 14-120 days post full vaccination while it was 77% (67-84) for those >120 das post full vaccination. Ad26.COV2.S did not have enough data to stratify by more than 28 days post full vaccination.
29	Polinski et al (September 12, 2021) (updated March 17, 2022)	USA	≥18 years of age	Alpha/Delta	Ad26.COV2.S	March 1, 2021- August 31, 2021	Retrospective cohort study used insurance claims data linked to health data sources to evaluate VE of Ad26.COV2.S against COVID-19 diagnosis and hospitalization among vaccinated individuals and matched unvaccinated individuals (matched on age, sex, comorbid-risk, calendar date, location, and other risk factors for COVID-19 severity). VE was stable over time up to 152 days after vaccination.
28	McKeigue et al (September 15, 2021) (updated February 25, 2022)	Scotland	Population of Scotland	Alpha/Delta	Comirnaty mRNA-1273 AZD1222	December 1, 2020- September 8, 2021	Matched case-control study (REACT-SCOT) assessed rate ratios over time comparing rate of severe COVID-19 and the rate of hospitalization or death among thoswe full vaccinated with Comirnaty, mRNA-1273, and AZD1222 to unvaccinated persons.

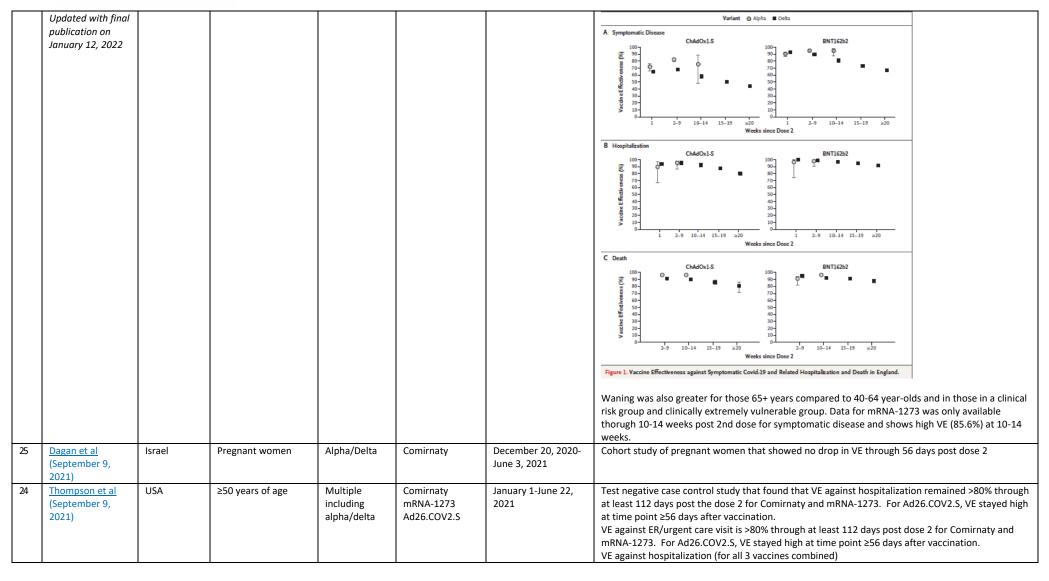












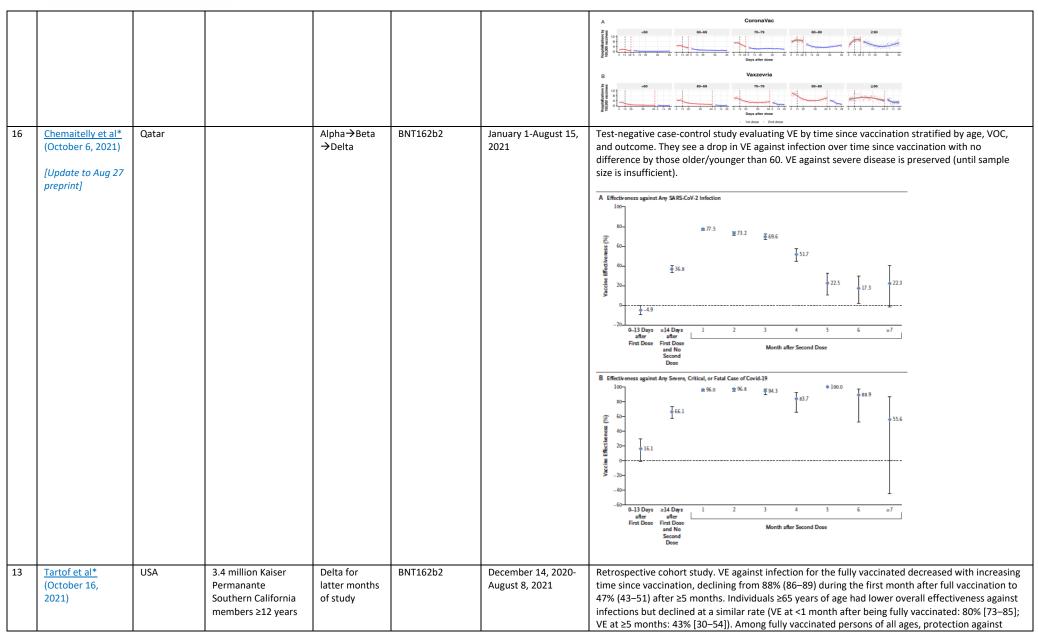




								r dose 2 2, rr dose 2 1, rr dose 3 1, rr dose 4 1, rr dose 6 1, rr dose 7 1, rr dose 7 1, rr dose 8 1, rr dose 9 1, rr dos	7,54 48 (1.7) 7,83 41 (1.5) 6,03 41 (1.6) 3,94 51 (2.1) 0,48 24 (1.5) 5,528 27 (1.8) 971 23 (2.4) 971 23 (2.4) 11 (1.9) m visits/urge 1918 23 (1.9) 1918 23 (1.9) 1919 24 28 (3.0) 6,67 24 (3.6) 487 13 (2.7) 331 17 (5.1) 331 17 (5.1)	→ 92 (88 to 94) → 90 (87 to 93) → 86 (82 to 90) → 93 (89 to 95) → 86 (79 to 91) → 82 (72 to 89)
23	Puranik et al (September 7, 2021)	USA	Persons ≥14 days post dose 2 ("full vaccination") who	Multiple including alpha/delta	Comirnaty	January 1-August 8, 2021	Test negati	ve case control	study to asso waning at d	
			received first dose after January 1				Time Relative	Day 0	+	eference)
			,				to Full vaccination	Day 30	2.19 (0.8	
								Day 60	<u> </u>	.78, 7.46)
								Day 90	5.58 (2.72	.72, 11.46)
								Day 120	7.25 (3.47	47, 15.18)
								Day 150	10.33 (5.0	5.03, 21.24)
22	Kertes et al (September 7, 2021)	Israel	Fully vaccinated population	Delta	Comirnaty	June 9-July 18, 2021	infection. F	ound that those	vaccinated	ere 7 days post dose 2 by June 9 and had no history of prior d in January-February had odds of infection of 1.61 (1.45- n March-May of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2.
19	Keehner et al (September 1, 2021)	USA	~19,000 employees of University of California San Diego Health	Delta	BNT162b2 mRNA-1273	July -August 26, 2021	January or attack rate during the	February had ar was 3.7 per 100	n attack rate 00 persons (9 rch through	mong symptomatic cases occurring in July, HCW vaccinated in e of 6.7 per 1000 persons (95% CI, 5.9 to 7.8), whereas the (95% CI, 2.5 to 5.7) among those who completed vaccination h May. Among unvaccinated persons, the July attack rate was o 22.9).
18	Nunes et al (August 29, 2021)	Portugal	1.5 million ≥65 year olds (duration of protection on only those 80+)	Alpha→Delta	BNT162b2 mRNA-1273	?February-August 13, 2021	at day 14-4 14-41 and 3 such as hos 6% of the 8	1 and 89% (71-974 (60-83) at data spitalization/mo 80+ cohort rema	96) at day 98 y 98+. Note rtality have ined unvacc	ses. For those 80+, VE against hospitalization was 82 (64-91) 98+. For COVID related mortality, it was 86% (68-93) at day ed limitations are that data delays could mean that outcomes e not been recorded for more recent cases. Additionally, only crinated during the study period, making these unvaccinated om the vaccinated.
17	Cerqueria-Silva et al (August 27, 2021)	Brazil	75.9 million vaccinated in Brazil	Gamma	CoronaVac AZD1222	January 18-July 24, 2021	This was a hospitalization	retrospective co tion incidence p up to 84 days in	hort study t er 100,000 v vaccinees up	that calculated VE, as well as evaluated the daily vaccinees. For CoronaVac, there was low hospitalization up to 79 years old. 80-89 and ≥90 age groups lowest increased but were still lower than 1 dose recipients

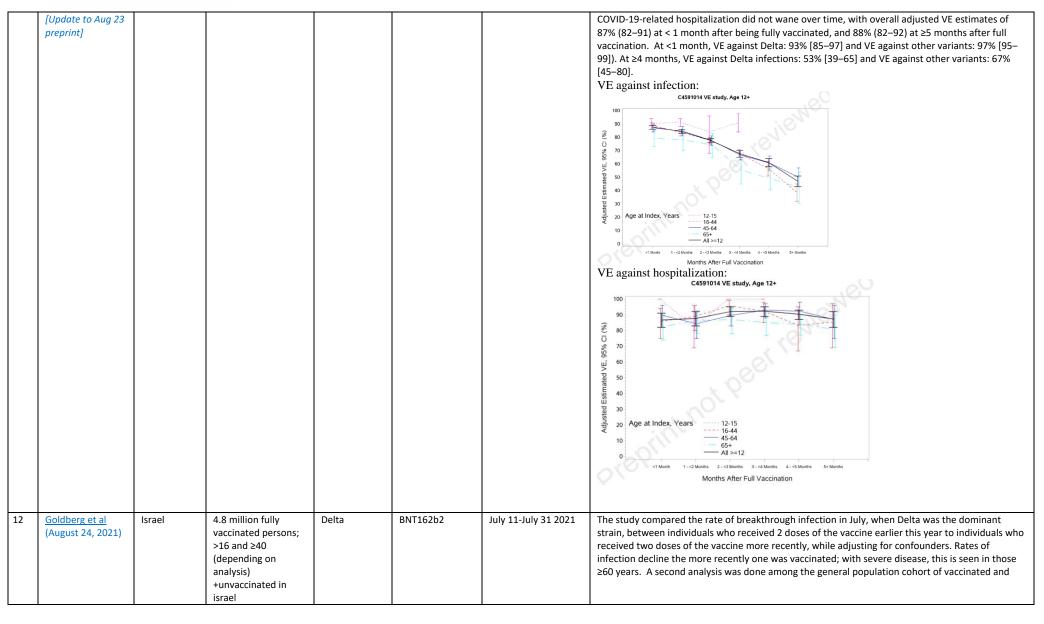












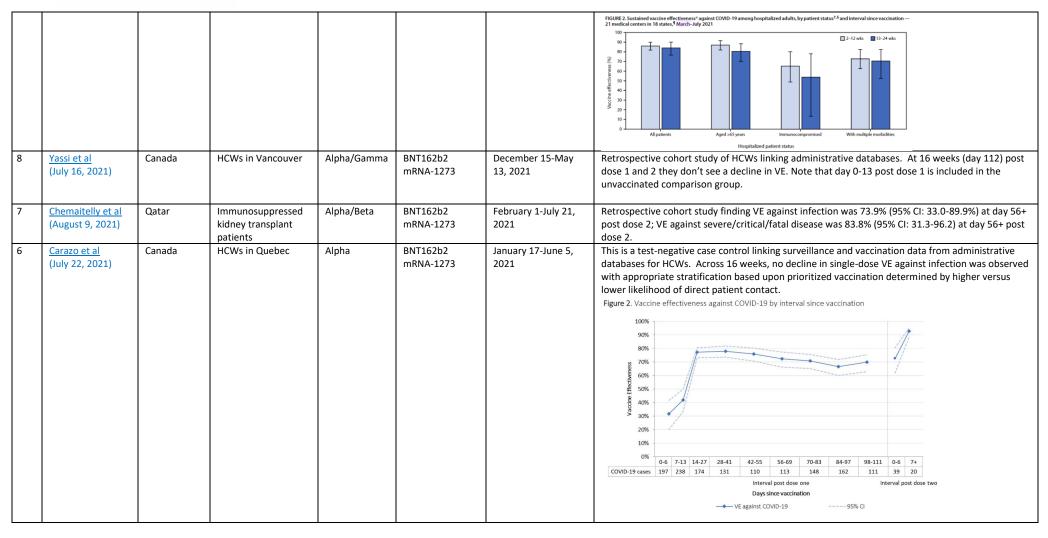




							unvaccinated to calculate VE by age group and month of vaccination.
							Age JanB FebA FebB MarA MarB Apr May
							16-39 50% [45, 55] 47% [42, 52] 58% [55, 62] 62% [59, 64] 68% [65, 70] 74% [71, 77] 73% [67, 78]
							40-59 58% [54, 62] 61% [58, 65] 63% [59, 66] 67% [63, 70] 74% [70, 77] 78% [73, 82] 80% [71, 86]
							60+ 57% [52, 62] 63% [57, 67] 65% [57, 71] 73% [66, 78] 72% [64, 77] 73% [63, 81] 75% [58, 85]
							OUTCOME = Severe COVID-19
							Age Jan Feb Mar
							40.59 94% [37, 97] 98% [95, 99] 98% [94, 99]
							60+ 86% [32, 90] 88% [84, 91] 91% [85, 95]
10	Pouwels et al* (October 14, 2021) [Update to Aug 18 preprint]	UK	General adult population	Alpha, Delta	BNT162b2 AZD1222	December 1, 2020- August 1, 2020	COVID-19 infection survey is a household longitudinal survey with testing. During the delta dominant period, in those 18 to 64 years, VE of BNT162b2 against new PCR-positives reduced by 22% (95% CI 6% to 41%) for every 30 days from second vaccination. Reductions were numerically smaller for ChAdOx1 (change -7% per 30 days, 95% CI -18% to +2%) but there was no formal evidence of heterogeneity (p=0.14). Overall BNT162b2 ChAdOx1 ChAdOx1
9	Tenforde et al (August 18, 2021)	USA	Hospitalized patients	Alpha→Delta	BNT162b2 mRNA-1273	March 11-July 14, 2021	Test-negative design case control study of hospitalized patients. VE against COVID-19– associated hospitalization was 86% (95% CI = 82%–90%) 2–12 weeks and 84% (95% CI = 77%–90%) 13–24 weeks from receipt of the 2^{nd} dose, with no significant change between these periods (p = 0.854). There was no difference in VE by timing since vaccine among those \ge /< 65 years, immunocompromised versus not and among those with \ge /< 3 chronic conditions.

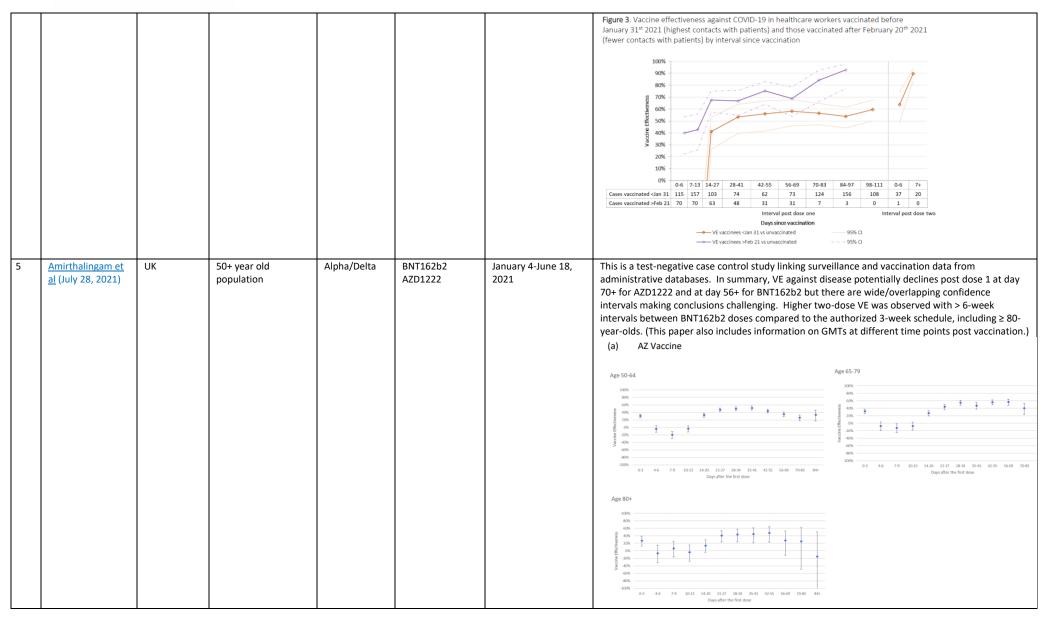






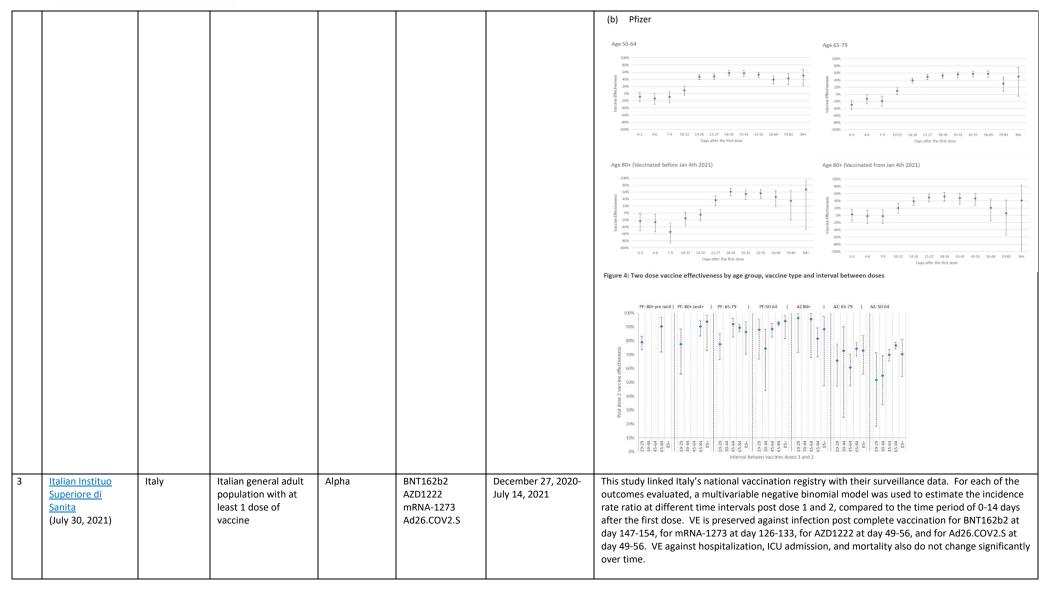








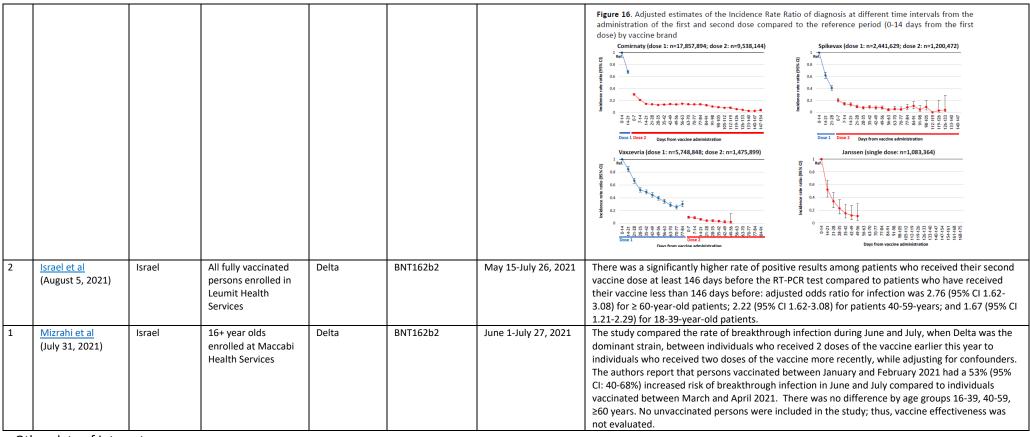












Other data of interest:

- https://www.gov.il/BlobFolder/reports/vpb-12082021/he/files_publications_corona_vpb-12082021-01.pdf
- Salo et al HH transmission study in Finland, showing VE 10 weeks after 1 dose of an mRNA vaccine but is a mix of 1 and 2 dose recipients.
- Pfizer's press announcement of 4 month efficacy in adolescents https://www.pfizer.com/news/press-release-detail/follow-data-phase-3-trial-pfizer-biontech-covid-19-vaccine

Note as of January 7, 2022 version, only true duration of protection analyses are included. Please look at the <u>update</u> from December 30, 2021 if you wish to see full list of previously included studies with other data such as Kaplan-Meier curves. Missing reference numbers in table above indicate studies that have been removed.